IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE."
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situate
15 HOMJI STREET,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 56,083.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY—MONDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing 5 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
Oth Oct.	PERSIA	8000	....	....
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
st Nov.	MALOJA	12500	....	....
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
th ,,	ARABIA	8000	....	....
nd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
th ,,	MANTUA	11000	....	....
th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MEDINA	12500
th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	....	....
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
th ,,	PERSIA	8000	....	....
1914				
rd Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
th ,,	DELTA	8000	....	....
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
th ,,	ARABIA	8000	....	....
st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
th Feb.	MANTUA	11000	....	....
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	....	....
th ,,	MALOJA	12500	....	....
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	....	....
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	....	....
28th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
4th Apl.	HIMALAYA	7000	....	....
11th ,,	ARABIA	8000	....	....
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
25th ,,	MANTUA	11000	....	....
2nd May	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
9th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	....	....
16th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
23rd ,,	PERSIA	8000	....	....

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE, "A" rate.	SINGLE, "B" rate.	RETURN. "A" rate.	RETURN. "B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES,	594 or 495		891 or 742-8	
,, LONDON	627 or 522		940-8 or 783	

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
Bombay,

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay
Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
India	5106	Wm. Kelso	16th Jan.
Australia	6388	G. Mitchell	31st Jan.
Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	25th Feb.
Ausilia	5091	J. Thomson	13th Mar.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	25th Mar.
Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	7th April.
India	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st April.
Australia	6388	G. Mitchell	1st May.
Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	23rd May

Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES:

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and Book from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route via.
Lhasa	3,164	Mon. 13th Oct.	11 a.m.	* P.D.&O.M
Dumra	1,695	Thurs. 16th Oct.	9 a.m.	† C.M.
Linga	3,185	Friday 17th Oct.	6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
† Cutch Maadvi.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 16th October, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Barjora," 3,164, tons on Tuesday the 14th October, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Pundua	3305	Thursday 16th Oct.
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 30th ,,
†Purnea	3306	,, 13th Nov.
*Pentakota	3413	,, 27th ,,

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
13th October, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on 1913
Dumbea	5685	P. de Boussac	22nd Oct.
Ville de la Ciotat	6385	Lafont	19th Nov.
Nera	5685	Lessince	17th Dec.
Sydney	4140	Leveque	14th Jan.

PASSAGE FARES (including table wine)

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. ,,	891	743	405
To London (single) .. ,,	660	538	270
Do. (return) .. ,,	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One Sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars, apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay

MARITTIMA ITALIANA (Italian Mail S. N. Co.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA.
Regularly every 4 weeks on WEDNESDAY.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Firenze	....	G. Merlo	14th Oct.
A Steamer	6000	.....	18thNov.
....	6000	.....	16th Dec. 1914.
....	6000	.....	13th Jan.
....	6000	.....	10th Feb.
....	6000	.....	10th Mar.
....	6000	.....	7th April
....	6000	.....	5th May
....	6000	.....	2nd June
....	6000	.....	30th ,,

RATES TO ITALY

INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Cl. Rs.	2nd Cl. Rs.	3rd Cl. Rs.
Single ticket. ..	450	350	165
Return tickets available 2 years.	675	525	247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st class, Rs. 690, 2nd Class Rs. 590. Special rates for missionaries.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

Subject to alterations. For further particulars, apply to G. FERRERO, Agent Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FROM NEW YORK BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER MORRISON & CO.,
Agents

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		,, Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Murree, and Srinagar (Kashmir)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co.
SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up	.. Gold	$ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	,, ,,	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits	,, ,,	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C.—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

THE SAFETY PIN

FOR GENTLEMEN'S COLLARS AND TIES.

AN EVOLUTION OF THE ORDINARY HOUSEHOLD PIN.

Bronze pins have been found in the lake-dwellings of Switzerland, whilst others have been discovered in Egypt with gold or amber heads. The pin head apparently always presented a difficulty and sometimes consisted of a loose ring passed through the eye. Specimens of Safety pins of a pre-historic period have also been found, proving that even this form of fastening is no novelty.

The importation of pins into England was strictly forbidden in 1483, but Queen Catherine (of Aragon) received her supplies from France. They were then expensive luxuries and with the ladies of this period "Pin money" (hence the term of the present day) was a consideration.

An Act of 1543 prohibited the sale of pins unless "double headed" or with "heads fast soldered to the shank." France held the trade until 1626, when Tilsby introduced the manufacture into Stroud in Gloucestershire. The trade spread to London, Bristol and Birmingham in 1636, but it was not until 1817 a machine was patented for making the head, shaft and point in one piece.

The weekly output of pins, principally made in Birmingham, is computed at 500,000,000 !

With the ordinary pin, we have but little to do, but we can show you

GOLD SAFETY PINS

in a variety of designs and values. We have dozens of London-made, Strong Safety Pins, of 15 carat and 18 carat gold from which to select. Round wire half round-topped; flat-topped; Platinum-topped; set with pearls or enamelled with jointed or spring hinges.

Prices from Rs. 4 and upwards.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	,,	18,550,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fangtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur,
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Lioyaang	Tilhling
London	Tienstin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 167,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 30,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA.

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 upto Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	400,000
RESERVE FUND	£	15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)
J. C. GEORGE BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martin's Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150o	in cases.
White Rose	150o	,, ,,
Chester	125o	,, ,,
Devoe's	125o	,, ,,
,,	125o	,, ,,

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

Retail Agents for Bombay.

Messrs. F. M. CHINOY & Co., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS } SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY { LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND KARACHI.

LARGE CONSIGNMENT
OF
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, PLANTS,
AND
FANCY CRACKERS
FOR
TABLE DECORATIONS
JUST UNPACKED
AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

SHELL TRANSPORT AND TRADING Co., LTD.

NEW ISSUE ORDINARY SHARES IN PROPORTION TO ONE SHARE IN TEN.

SHARE WARRANTS to bearer may be deposited with the NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD., on or before 14th October, for holders to participate. No Allotment to holders of less than 10 Shares. Payment in full of £3-6 per New Share may be made at once or first instalment of £1 per Share.

SHELL TRANSPORT AND TRADING CO., LD., LONDON.

THE shell Transport and Trading Co., Ld., London, hereby notify that NEW SHARES will be issued to existing Ordinary Shareholders pro rata, one Share for every ten Shares held, but no allotment can be made to holders of less than 10 Shares. Payments for New Shares can be made to the CHARTERED BANK of India, Australia and China, Bombay, in one sum of £3-6 per Share on or before 16th October or by instalments of £1 per share on or before 16th October, £1-5 on or before 17th November, £1-1 on or before 10th December, 1913.

Shere Warrants to BEARER must be deposited with the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, before 12th October.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

AN EXAMINATION will be held in Bombay this month for TWENTY-TWO APPOINTMENTS as probationers in the European and Anglo-Indian portion of the signalling Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, Bombay Circle. Candidates should be between the ages of 15 and 20 and must have passed the VII standard of a European School, or the VI of an English Teaching School, and will be examined in dictation only. The date and place of examination will be notified later to each applicant found to be eligible. Applications, accompained by Birth and School certificates IN ORIGINAL, must be made immediately to the Post Master General, Telegraph Traffic Branch, Bombay, who will furnish full particulars regarding the pay and prospects of Telegraphists in the Department. Probationers will receive an allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem while under training, extending over a period of 12 months and successful in the final examination will be appointed as Telegraphists.

A. C. BOARD,
For Postmaster General, Telegraph Traffic Branch, Bombay.
Bombay, 2nd Oct., 1913.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF SUMMER AND WINTER CLOTHING MATERIAL DURING THE YEAR 1914-1915.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for Summer and Winter Clothing Material" are invited and will be received by the Agent in his Office at Lahore (Post Office Naulakha), up to 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th November, 1913, at which date, time and place, they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who wish to be present. The Cloths will require to be delivered at Lahore Stores Yard but may be consigned from outstations in accordance with terms noted in the form of Tender.

The following are the items required:—

COTTON MATERIALS.	Yards.
Cloth Drill Blue 27" wide to standard pattern ...	1,50,000
" " Khaki 27" wide to standard pattern ...	20,000
" " White 27" wide to standard pattern ...	50,000
" " Red Superior 37" wide standard pattern.....	1,000
" Cotton Blue for menials pugrees 24" wide in lengths of 8½ yards to standard pattern	218,750
WOOLLEN MATERIALS.	**Yards**
Cloth grey Blanketting to standard pattern	30,000
" Blanketting dyed black standard pattern	6,000

2. All material must be of genuine country manufacture and tenderers must state on their tenders at what mills in India the material will be made or other source of supply.

3. Form of tender with full particulars can be obtained on application to the Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway, Lahore by whom a charge of Re. 5 will be made for each copy required.

4. Samples of various items tendered legibly marked with the name and address of Tenderers should be delivered free of all charges at the Office of the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, not later than 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY the 19th November, 1913.

5. Earnest money as prescribed in form of Tender must be remitted in Cash or Currency Notes to the Chief Cashier North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore with a covering letter stating that the amount has been remitted in connection with Tender for "Summer and Winter Clothing Material" and his receipt should be attached to the form of Tender. (Currency Notes valuing Rs. 500 of other than Lahore Circle will not be accepted.)

6. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

7. The Agent holds himself at liberty to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to other items in the same Tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any Tender.

8. The acceptance or rejection of the Tender will not be notified till about a month from date of opening of Tenders.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated, 3rd October, 1913.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

3¼ inch by 4½ inch...Re. 1 per hundred
3¼ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per "
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
6 13-16 inch by 3¼ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand.
If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

APOLLO RECLAMATION COTTON STORAGE GROUND.

FIRMS and individuals desiring to OCCUPY LAND at the Apollo Reclamation Cotton Green for the Season 1913-14, are requested to make payment of the Season Ground Rent due on the plots by the 20th October, 1913. The rents should be paid at the Port Trust Fee Receiving Office at the Apollo Reclamation.

After the 20th October, 1913, any Plots not paid for will be considered as vacant and rented out to applicants as they come forward.

A. PANTON,
Traffic Manager,
Port Trust Bunders.
Bombay, 3rd October, 1913.

TENDER FOR MEDICAL STORES.

THE Medical Storekeeper to Government, Bombay, is prepared to receive tenders up to 12 noon, on the 1st November, 1913, for the SUPPLY of Medicines, Empty Packing Cases, Tinware, Mutton Suet, Straw, Covering and Dammering of cases.

Written applications should be made for tender and Schedule forms which will be supplied on payment of Re. 1 per set.

Further particulars may be assertained from the undersigned.

F. E. SWINTON, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
Medical Storekeeper to Govt., Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, BELONGING TO THE GOVERNMENT CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

In accordance with Section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII, of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Town Custom House, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 14th October, 1913, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods:—

150 casks cement, lubricating oil and earthenware, 1 bale cotton and woollen piece-goods, 3 bales cotton piece-goods (longees silk bordered), chemical bleach-wood pulp, old newspaper and printing paper, perfumery, roofing cement, plate glasses, milk, hardware, window glass, glassware, tin plates, electric glass bulbs, 8 cases imitation new gold wire and silver lametta, 3 cases wines and spirits, wheat, castorseed, cowries, farina, country tobacco, dried ginger, Basil steel bars, galvanized tubes, country brooms, horse-boxes, empty gas cylinders, deck chairs and various other articles.

Also at 5 p.m., (S.T.), in Prince's and Victoria Dock.

10 bags China clay, 38 casks cement, 1 case old spindles, 1 case machinery, and 25 tons pig iron.

AUCTION SALE OF 46 BALES F. P. COTTON.

Under instructions from the B.B. and C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 18th October, 1913, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the, Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba next to the Tramway Company's Stables, at the risk of the owners the following F. P. bales of cotton somewhat damaged by fire and water:—

25 bales F. P. cotton forming part of the consignment of 118 bales booked under Nasirabad to Colaba, Inv. No. 16, R. R. No. 2141 of 10th January, 1913, consigned by Nemichand to Jawaharmal.

21 bales F. P. cotton forming part of 60 bales booked under Nasirabad to Colaba. Inv. No. 17, R. R. 2142 of 10th January, 1913, consigned by Kalyanmall to Gadmal G.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 13th October, 1913.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

Empress Pale
AND
Housewife's Friend
Fine Household Soaps.

Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of The "Bombay Gazette," Ltd.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

6-30: 8-30 (pictures only): 10.

A HIT AT ONCE.
IVANHOE
is the success of the season.
IVANHOE
pleases every taste.
IVANHOE
must be seen by young and old.
Have You SEEN IT?
THE EGAWAS
are still with us, and this week is the ir last
ROMANCE, LAUGHTER, THRILLS.
What more could be desired?

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombasa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half-yearly

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—Gresham Buildings.

PAID UP CAPITAL .....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 1,00,000

Banking business of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS.
Payable in 15 day's notice 2½ per cent. under Bank Rate.
Payable at 30 days' notice 2 per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 60 days' notice 1 per cent. under Bank Rate.

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital show the Bank's progress in 1912

31st January, 1912 ..Rs. 8,00,000
30th April, " ....Rs. 24,00,000
31st July " ....Rs. 52,00,000
30th December " ....Rs. 100,00,000

C. M. POCHKHANAWALA (C.A.I.B.),
London. Manager

WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

MONEY MADE EASILY.

Pay Re. 1-8 only and subscribe to
INDUSTRY.
A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities starting of small mechanical industries etc. Industrial queries replied free by experts.

Royal Edition Rs. 2-8; People's Edition Re. 1-8

Benefits of free automatic life insurance, extraordinary prizes, etc.

AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.

Apply for particulars and sample to the MANAGER Industry, Shambazar Calcutta.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 25 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

TO-NIGHT!

From 7 to 8, and 10 to 11, New Programme,

Dick Turpin AND THE **Gunpowder Plot.**

The first of a series of photo-plays introducing the notorious bandit as hero.

IN THE BEAR'S CLAWS. | AN EQUINE HERO.

Two fine, thrilling Dramas.

ALSO EVERY NIGHT, from 8-15 to 9-30 only.

The Great Sensational Film **PROTEA**

DO NOT MISS THIS CHANCE.

PRIZE SHOWS {SATURDAY, 5-15 to 6-30 "Protea only." SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLIVE OIL.

What we offer is the pure, genuine and unadulterated produce of the Olives and it is unquestionably the best for the Table and the Kitchen.

		Rs.	As
OLIVE OIL, the best produce of Lucca (bottled in Bombay)	per bottle...	1	4
Do. in original tins of 10 Kilos	per tin ...	19	0
Do. do. 5 "	" ...	9	8
Do. do. 2 "	" ...	4	0
Do. do. 1 "	" ...	2	0

SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the best and the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can also be taken as a medicine with the best of results; bottled in Italy by Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, Rs. 3 per bottle.

In half litre bottles...		1 12
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in litre bottle, per bottle ...		2 12
In half litre bottle, per bottle		1 8

MALARIA FEVER CURED.

THIS IS NO FABLE, BUT A SOLID PROVED FACT.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Cure Malaria, Ague, or Influenza. The soundest remedies in India, the Land of Fevers. Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 5.

THE
Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths
FROM
1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission
Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates,

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," OFFICE,
HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

JOB PRINTING—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 926, care of this Paper.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding Stationery, etc.

FOR SALE.—A 4-CYLINDER, 7 seated, torpedo shaped, 1913 Model "DE DION" CAR with all the usual accessories complete. A FULL SIZED BILLIARD TABLE by Lazarus of Calcutta. A very SWEET-TONED GRAMAPHONE playing 16 to 18 pieces at one single winding with a choice selection of Hindustani and English records. Apply to Box No. 666, care of this Paper.

G. MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhonai, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SAFE DEALERS.—GODREJ and BOYCE MFG. Co. By appointment to H. E. the GOVERNOR, SAFES and LOCK MAKERS to H. M.'s Mint and Banks, near Gas Works, Parel, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—3¼ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 2 per thousand.) 6 13-16 inch by 3¼ inch Rupee 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 16. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—Applicants for EMPLOYMENT, Rs. 100 p. m. minimum Box No. 430, "Bombay Gazette."

WINES, SPIRITS, &c.

ASK FOR
SUTTON CARDEN'S
LONDON OLD TOM GIN.
"SOFT AS CREAM."
Guaranteed absolutely Pure.

SOLE AGENTS:
CROFT MODY & CO.

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:
MESSRS. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
AND
MESSRS. DANISON & CO.,
HUMMUM STREET.

BRASSO

The Finest Polish
FOR
all metal works is
BRASSO
Stocked in all Bazars.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I. M. S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO: POSTAGE 1 ANNA
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

EDUCATIONAL.

LA-MARTINIERE COLLEGE, LUCKNOW.

ELECTION to the FREE FOUNDATION and DEMI-FOUNDATION take place shortly. Preference given to intelligent sons of parents of small means. Apply to
THE PRINCIPAL.

WANTED.

WANTED, PAYING GUESTS, for 2 large rooms with Bath Rooms and Verandahs, E. I. and F. with or without Board, opposite Taj Mahal Hotel. Apply Box 503, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED AT ONCE.—GOOD HALF TONE PROCESS and LINE BLOCK MAKER. Write giving full particulars and salary required to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

FURNISHED APARTMENTS with BOARD REQUIRED at the end of October by three Europeans. Fort preferred but elsewhere will be considered. Terms must be moderate. Apply with full particulars to W. Q. F., care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—By young Lady POST as COMPANION to European or Indian Lady. Apply Box No. 921, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Bomby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—Flats on second and third floors, in Harbour view, No. 7, Colaba Causeway. Monthly rent Rs. 70 each. Electric fittings provided. HOUSE, No. 42, 44, Custom House Road, TOP FLOOR. Rent Rs. 25

Apply,
JAFFER CASSUM MOOSA,
Estate Manager, H.H. The Agakhan,
Jail Road, Umerkhady.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20
Half-yearly	" 11
Quarterly	" 6
Monthly	" 2
SINGLE COPY	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	" 13 0
Quarterly	" 7 0
Monthly	" 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always the made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... " 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per inch.
Second Insertion ...	" 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	" 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	" 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	" 2-0 do
Minimum charge ...	" 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column... ... Re. 1½ per inch

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra.
on 08 July, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Strathfellan, 2,811 tons, Captain R. Mckenzie, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta with a general cargo of coal.

The Japan mail steamshipCo's steamer Kamakura Maru, 3,798 tons, Captain T. Hori, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Kobe with a general cargo and 9 passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 949 tons, Captain, H. M. Cutbush arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The P. and O. Co's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain A. F. Vine, sailed on Saturday for Aden, with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steamer Mansuri, 2,042 tons, Captain P. H. Gore, sailed on Saturday for Jeddah etc with a general cargo and 687 pilgrims as passengers.

The Japan mail steamship Co's steamer Bombay Maru, 3,388 tons, Captain M. Tojawat, sailed on Saturday for Kobe etc. with a general cargo and passengers.

The Natal Line steame Umona, 2,388 tons, Captain E. Forrest, sailed on Saturday for Port Said for orders and Middlesbro with a general cargo.

The steamer Sayo Maru, 2,923 tons, Captain Y. Maki, sailed on Saturday for Mahomerah with a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Nord Mark, 3,173 tons, Captain H. Linning, sailed on Sunday for Hamburg and Bremen with a general cargo.

The Hansa Line steamer Schwarzfels, 2,442 tons; Captain H. Keltwich sailed on Sunday for Hamburg etc. with a general cargo.

The Wilson Line steamer Ariosto 2,760, tons, Captain A. E. Booth, sailed on Sunday for Hull via Karachi with a general cargo.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

R I M S Dufferin ..Comdr E J Headlam Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 11.

Angus.....330 Baker ... ...A Yule and Co
Clan Fraser ...2284 Morris...J Finlay and Co
Devanha .....4785 Hickey.....P and O Co
Hoseineo..... 964 Fanning ...T Morrison & Co
Ilford.....2786 Nicolle.....T M & Co
Khosron...2410 Hannah...Jeddah...T M and Co
Kola .....510 Minnett .....M M and Co
Lightning..... 2124 Cook .....M M & Co
Kirkdale ....3049 Gibson .....J F & Co
K Maru.....3798 Hori .....N Y Kaisha
Luson Maru...2968 Sakawa.....N Y Kaisha
Lhasa.....949 Cutbush .....M M and Co
Pundua...2116 Handcock.....M M and Co
Rahmani .....1872 Lewis .....T M and Co
Rysbergen.....2305 Barger.....M M and Co
Salsette .....2391 Vine .....P and O Co
Strathfillan.....2816 McKenzie..... ... ...

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 11.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
B Dalmeny	2503	Gordon	K N		and Co
B Oora	3521	Fenwick	M M		and Co
H Dargai	2279	Donoran	Hull	15-10	...
N Evandale	2468	Adam	...	17-10	...
O Highland Monarch	2545	Scott	...	...	W & A G & Co
P Watchfels	3627	Huper	...	20-10	...

W and A G and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia ....3253 Kerr ... ...Liverpool ... W and A Graham and Co
3 Istrar.....3979 Jacob...Dunkirk ...13-1 ... K N and Co
4 Aleppo.....2536 Jones ..Karachi...Hull... 15-10 J F and Co
5 Firenze.....2322 Geovanino... ... Genoa... M Italiana
6 Baron Innerdale ..2140 Webster ...N F ... N F ...J Finlay and Co
7 Volumnia .....3546 Plough ... P M & Co
9 Habsburg...2395 Seberich .....Trieste ... 16-10...A L S N Co
10&11 Chakrata .....3641 Smith ...M M and Co
12 & 13 Persia...3154 Bradshaw ...P and O Co
16 Alfeld.....2450 Fisher...D M Khandwani M W O D
Sardar.....1286 Weeks ...Jeddah ..... 20-10...

ARRIVALS

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
11	Strathfillan...	McKenzie...	Calcutta, Sept 27
	K Kura Maru.	Hori.....	Kobe, Sept 10
	Lhasa	Cutbush ...	Karachi, Oct 9

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Oct.
11	Salsette	Vine	Aden
	Bo Maru	Tojowa ...	Kobe
	Mansuri	Gore.....	Jeddah
	Sayo Maru ...	Maki	Mahomerah
	Umona.....	Forrest.....	Middlesbro etc
12	Ariosto.....	Booth	Hull, etc
	Nordmark ...	Luming ...	Hamburg, etc
	Schwarzenfels	Kellwich...	Hamburg etc

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Pundua, for Durban, etc.
" Ehrenfels, for Hamburg, etc.
" Lightening, for Calcutta, etc.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 11.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—24 bales wool, M Balia ; 203 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co ; 21 bales wool, G Gulabchand ; 31 bales wool, Bombay Co ; 25 bales wool, J Karra ; 35 bales wool, P Murlidhar ; 20 bales wool, R Agerchand ; 107 bales wool, V Comersee ; 100 cwts cashewnuts, Volkart Bros ; 16 bales wool, M Daja ; 30 bales wool 75 bales, goat hair, W and A Graham and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Saloman Bros ; 100 cwts cashewnuts, M Jaferbhoy ; 50 bales cotton waste, K Visram and Co ; 6,000 cwts myrabolams, P Mathuradas and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—100 cwts cashewnuts J Fachiri ; 500 cashewnuts, M Jaferbhoy.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—1,007 cwts myrabollams, P Mathuradas and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—304 cwts fennel seed, N Muraiji ; 60 cwts fish maws, E Mahomed ; 32 bees wax J M Rahimtulla ; 14 casks 25 cases chutney, Merwanji Punjaji and Sons ; 220 mother of pearl shells, 100 cwts cashewnuts M Jaferbhoy ; 30 cwts fishmaws M J Joomabhoy Co ; 100 cwts deer horns ; E Mahomed ; 3 cases 44 casks chutney, Manachji Poonjaji and Sons.

FOR HULL.

Dargai s—1,100 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR PORT SAID (for orders.)

Umona s—10,267 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Schwarzenfels s—110 bales cotton W Wolf and Sons.

Wachtfels s—55 bales cotton waste, 110 bales cottonfly. C Peraj and Co ; 624 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 195 cwts gum kadays, R Damji and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Firenze s—50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 100 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation; 150 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 300 cwts cashewnuts, R Jivandas and Co; 306 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Firenze s—50 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation; 200 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR FIUME.

Habsburg s—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR ODESSA.

Habsburg s—205 cwts tumeric, Alli Bros 50 cwts gum olibanum, P Jethaboy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Habsburg s—125 cwts gum olibanum, J Narbheram; 50 cwts gum olibanum, P Jethabhoy; 165 cwts mother of pearls shells, M Jaferbhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—200 bales cotton twist, S J David and Co; 400 bales cotton twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Devanha s—1,400 bales cotton twist, Greaves Cotton and Co.

FOR YAKKAICHI.

Luzon Maru s—1,500 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Luzon Maru s—600 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chakrata s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 20 bales cotton James Finlay and Co ; 2,001 cwts castorseed, J M Bilimoria.

Ehrenfels s—2,000 cwts gingellyseed, 1,000 cwts casterseed, K Devchand and Co; 500 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Ehrenfels s—100 cwts kangseed, Volkart Bros; 1,250 tons manganese ore, J Finlay and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Volumnia s—900 tons manganese ore, Central India Mining Co.

DAILY IMPORTS—OCT. 11.

Steamer Lightning, from Mauritius, Agents M M and Co.—14 casks, 6 bundles 4 pieces old copper, 7 casks old brass 16 casks 14 bundlrs brass, 2 casks skins, 1 case confectionary 40 boxes specie, 24,464 bags sugar.

Steamer Ilford from Calcutta, Agents T. Morison and Co.—6,100 tons coal.

Steamer Firenze, from Genoa, Agents Marittima Italiana, 1,334 packets, 1,000 bundles, 34 crates 460 barrels tiles, 1 case cigarettes, 25 cases sulphate of quinine, 9400 packages, 130 bags gum arabic, 223 packages 11 bags gum olibanum, 61 packages gum incense, 39 bags gum coarse, 26 packages, gum phola phala, 3 cases oil, 5 cases olive oil, 35 cases glue, 37 bundles hides, 92 bundles skins 3 packages cowries 5 jottas shells, 2,500 bags, 450 baskets potatoes, 6 cases 675 bags almonds, 130 bags dry roots, 5 tubs 16 bundles 1 case cheese, 4 cases preserves, 131 cases condensed milk, 5 cases confectionery 2 bags rice, 21 cases 105 bundles provisions, 67 cases paper, 20 cases soap, 25 cases sugar, 8 barrels 84 cases wine, 118 cases vermouth 7 casks 4 cases fresh grapes, 25 cases chocolate, 3071 pieces 555 slabs marble, 400 bags commin-seed, 1 package 8 drums, 10 barrels 387 cases colours, 116 bales 391 cases cotton piece goods, 8 bales 3 cases woolen piece goods, 7 cases silk goods, 29 bales silk yarn, 15 cases cotton and silk goods, 6 cases 1 bale cotton yarn. 6 cases silk cocoons, 90 cases twine.

Steamer Strathfillan from Calcutta, Agents W and A Graham and Co.—6,256 tons coal.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime; Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	October	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Mon.....	13	m 10	16	26	7
		10	43 a	26	9
Tues.....	14	m 10	41	26	9
		11	13 a	27	5
Wed.....	15	m 11	6	26	11
		11	43 a	27	10
Thurs ...	16	m 11	32	26	11
Fri	17	m 0	14	28	1
		11	59	26	9

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	October	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Mon.....	13	m 3	56	18	8
		4	22 a	17	1
Tues.....	14	m 4	28	18	4
		4	47 a	16	6
Wed.....	15	m 4	59	18	2
		5	12 a	16	1
Thurs ...	16	m 5	30	18	2
		5	37 a	15	9
Fri	17	m 6	1	18	6
		6	3 a	12	8

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week :—

Oct.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
13 (Monday)	do 6h. 32m.	do 6h. 18m.
14 (Tuesday)	do 6h. 33m.	do 6h. 18m.
15 (Wednesday)	do 6h. 33m.	do 6h. 17m.
16 (Thursday)	do 6h. 33m.	do 6h. 16m.
17 (Friday)	do 6h. 33m.	do 6h. 15m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon, Oct. 15th 11h. 36·9m. a.m. Last Quarter, 23rd, 4h. 23·0m. a.m. New Moon, 30th, 7h. 59·2m. p.m. First Quarter, Nov. 6th, 0h. 4·4m. a.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

HAINES—PITKEATHLY—At Christ Church, Mussoorie, on the 17th September, by the Rev. Canon Hooper, D.D., assisted by the Rev. Canon Menzies, Chaplain of Mussoorie, Eleanor Marry Haines, daughter of the late Henry Haines, M.D., of Astley, Worcestershire, and Tipton, Staffordshire, to James Scott Pitkeathly, C.V.O., only son of the late James Pitkeathly of Dunkeld, Perthshire, Scotland.

POWELL—DEANE—At St. Mark's Church Almora, by the Rev. B. B. Carter, Chaplain of Ranikhet, assisted by the Rev. J. R. Hill, S.P.G., Captain William Jackson Powell, I.M.S., to Moila Deane, youngest daughter of the late Surgeon-Major William Deane, I.M.S.

DEATH.

HOME—At the Station Hospital, Lucknow, on the 28th September, Lieutenant George Richard Home, 3rd Battn., the D. G. O. (Middlesex Regiment.)

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road. Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim : He deceives you who shows you the way to do evil.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	7-30	21-30
Third Class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-45	21-45

A NEW J. P.—Sheth Khimjee Assur Veerjee, on being nominated a Justice of the Peace, has been given an address of congratulation by the Bhatia Students Brotherhood.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.—Mr. Faredun K. Dadachanji will lecture in Gujarati at the hall of the Theosophical Society (21, Hornby-road, Fort) this evening at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the subject of "God Love, and Saint Mirabai." The lecture is open to the public.

TRANSPORT DONGOLA.—The Karachi radio office were in touch with the transport "Dongola" since 1 a.m. yesterday. Radio messages will be accepted up to 10 p.m. on Oct. 14, at the rates given in the telegraph guide.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. "Katanga" *Via* Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow, Tuesday the 14th October.

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel R. C. H. Barnard V. D. and Officers the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day.

CEYLON POST FOR BOMBAY CIVILIAN.—As mentioned by our London correspondent in this weekly leter published on Saturday, Mr. Savaksha Dhunjishaw Dhondy, a Parsi candidate in the recent Civil Service Examination, is one of the five who just failed to get into the 84 places for which vacancies were announced. He, in fact, was 89th. He has been offered a post in Ceylon and has accepted it. Last year Mr. Dhondy was offered a post in England, but he declined that as he had still one more chance of getting into the Indian service. He is a son of Mr. Dhunjishaw Jiwaji Dhondy, who has for many years been a member of the editorial staff of the "Rast Goftar."

KILLED BY A RUN-AWAY HORSE.

An inquest was held at the Morgue on Saturday morning on the body of a Hindu woman named Yesubai (60) who died as the result of being knocked down by a run-away horse at Falkland Road on Friday evening.

It appeared that the horse was a raw animal, recently taken from a stable at Bellasis Road. It was being attached to a hack victoria when a municipal sanitary cart passed and the horse took fright and bolted with the victoria. The old woman was walking along the road when she was knocked down, and a wheel of the carriage passed over her. She was taken to the Sir J. J. Hospital where it was ascertained that she had sustained a fracture of the skull. She died at the hospital the same night.

The jury returned a verdict that death was due to fracture of the skull caused by the woman being knocked down by a run-away horse.

THE BANKING CRISIS.

SEEMS TO HAVE ENDED.

The banking crisis in Bombay seemed on Saturday to have ended. Both in the Share Bazaar as well as in the banks no restlessness was observable and normal condition had been resumed.

THE WEATHER.

STRENGHTENING OF ARABIAN SEA MONSOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

The storm in the Arabian Sea appears to be moving west or north-westwards, but is now too far from the coast for its position to be determined with accuracy. A new storm is forming in the Bay north of Madras coast.

Rainfall has been nearly general on the West Coast, in Mysore, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast; fairly general in Orissa, south-east Madras ; and local in Burma. The chief amounts:—Port Blair, one and a half inches; Victoria Point, three; Mergui, one; Thayetmyo, three-quarters; Cuttack, one; Jagdalpur, three-quarters; Cuddapah and Mangiore, four; Calicut and Cocanada, three; Cuddalore and Masulipatam, one and a half; Madras, one; Vizagapatam, two.

Forecast:—Continued rainfall in the Peninsula and extension into Gujarat.

SIMLA, Oct. 12.

The Arabian Sea monsoon has strengthened materially, but its activity is chiefly limited to the south of the Peninsula. The rainfall has spread over Hyderabad and the south-east of the Central Provinces. The position of the storm off Bombay is still somewhat uncertain and the storm in the Bay is now lying off Gopalpur. The weather is disturbed in the Punjab and neighbouring districts.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the south-east of the Central Provinces, the west coast, r North Hyderabad, the north Madras coast ; fairly general in Lower Burma, Mysore; local in Upper Burma and South-east Madras. A few falls also occurred in Gujarat and South Hyderabad.

Port Blair reports two inches; Victoria Point, three; False Point and Jagdalpur, one and a half; Marmagoa, one; Marwar, two; Nizammabad, one and a half; Mangalore, seven; Calient, four; Mercara, one and a half; Madras, Masulipatam and Cocanada, three-quarters; Vizagapatam, three; Gopalpur, one.

Forecast:—Increase of rainfall in the Peninsula.

Earthquake Report:—An earthquake of moderate intensity at its organ about five thousand miles away was recorded on Simla seismograph at 14 hours and 49 minutes yesterday afternoon.

STORM SIGNAL

The following telegrams were received from the Simla Meteorological Office yesterday by the Port Officer, Bombay :—

"Storm at 20 hours, 200 miles west of Bombay, probably moving north or north-west."

LATER.

"Cannot fix centre of the storm accurately ; probably longitude 67, latitude 18, and moving north-west."

"Storm exercising little influence on the coast stations, probably moving west-northwards."

The Port Officer, Bombay, yesterday received the following telegram from the Meteriological Department, Simla :—

Storm appears to be stationary in longitude 60, latitude 18.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (10th)...	86·3	73·0	...	0·00
Jask ...	98·8	78·3	...	0·00
Muskat (10th) ...	96·3	83·1	...	0·00
Multan ...	97·8	68·0	...	10·28
Rawalpindi ...	91·4	56·6	...	24·44
Lahore ...	96·9	60·2	...	18·09
Sirsa ...	97·3	68·0	...	17·84
Ambala ...	96·5	59·9	...	28·21
Delhi ...	98·0	71·8	...	13·66
Agra ...	99·5	78·0	...	7.39
Mainpuri ...	96·8	75·1	...	10.66
Jhansi ...	101·1	73·0	...	9·64
Cawnpore ...	95·6	75·5	...	18·82
Allahabad ...	97·1	72·0	...	22·36
Jacobabad ...	98·1	65·3	...	3·31
Karachi ...	92·3	75·0	...	12·01
Ajmer ...	96·1	76·2	...	11·16
Jaipur ...	100·2	81·1	...	12·71
Kotah ...	100·1	81·6	...	15·62
Bhuj ...	10 0·0	78 0	...	38·37
Dwarka ...	87·8	77·2	...	17 35
Verawal ...	91·1	79·8	...	24 55
Rajkot ...	97·4	74·3	0·05	28·60
Bhavnagar Para.	94·5	77·8	...	35·35
Surat ...	95·4	80·1	...	37·48
Ahmedabad ...	95·1	80 7	...	35 61
Deesa ...	99 8	74·4	...	35·15
Neemuch ...	96·4	78·0	...	23·84
Indore ...	94·1	68·6	...	36·48
Jubbulpore ...	92·3	67 8	...	30·39
Saugor ...	94·3	68 1	...	22 92
Hoshangabad ...	95·1	69·4	...	36 31
Khandwa ...	98·7	70 1	...	38·15
Akola ...	96·7	72·5	...	28·78
Amraoti ...	94 8	73·8	...	34·77
Nagpur ...	94·6	74·3	...	43·25
Chanda ...	93·5	75·0	...	50 99
Raipur ...	91·7	75·6	...	35·33
BOMBAY ...	85·1	76·9	0·45	70·87
Ratnagiri ...	87·3	75·9	...	70·06
Mormugao ...	84·0	73·7	0·50	92·26
Karwar ...	83 7	74·0	0 54	92·06
Malegaon ...	96·4	73·1	...	14·87
Ahmednagar ...	91·1	68·9	...	20 98
Poona ...	90·0	68·3	0·06	24·17
Sholapur ...	80 8	71·1	...	12·52
Bijapur ...	86·7	71·3	...	14·04
Belgaum ...	87·8	65·5	0 02	36·43
Aurangabad ...	93·4	69·0	...	21·33
Nizamabad (Indur)	93·4	71·7	...	36·89
Hyderabad ...	87·3	72·2	0·07	14·96
Mangalore ...	85·3	73·8	3·67	92·74
Calicut ...	82·3	78·1	3 47	99·76
Cochin ...	83·2	74·7	0·71	77·86
Colombo ...	86·0	73·5	...	17·42
Masulipatam ...	87 3	73·7	1·60	29·11
Bellary ...	87·0	73·3	...	10·57
Cuddapah ...	86·5	67·0	3·88	16·95
Madras ...	84·0	73·0	1·24	13·72
Bangalore ...	81·3	65·3	0·21	18·99
Coimbatore ...	86·4	72·3	0·14	5·76
Trichinopoly ...	89·6	73·3	0·40	10·36
Negapatam ...	85·7	7·7	0·45	14·15

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 11th October, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly equal to the average.

The United Provinces.—Skies have become heavily clouded in the north-western districts and continue lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the southern districts. Temperature is generally in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded over the rest of the division The air is drier than usual. Maximum temperature is above the average in lower Sind. The minimum is much higher in Rajputana, the greatest excess being 15° F. at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Moderate to heavy cloud perists over the whole division. Humidity is normal, or in defect. Day temperature is slightly above the average in West Central India; night temperature is considerably higher than usual at most places.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Maximum temperature is in excess at Saugor and Khandwa; the minimum is above the average at Amraoti.

The Konkan.—Fairly general rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0.45", Mormugao 0·50" and Karwar 0.54". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is now slightly damper at Bombay. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is slightly damper in the south Bombay Deccan. Temperature is in excess at Malegaon both during day and at night.

General Remarks.—There has been a heavy downpour of rain on the Malabar coast, the north Coromandel coast and in the Madras Deccan; moderately but fairly general rain in the Konkan, the Carnatic and in Mysore. The important falls are 1.60" at Masulipatam, 1.24" Madras, 3.88" Cuddapah, 3.67" Mangalore and 3.47" Calicut. The Arabian sea disturbance appears to have moved landwards towards south Gujarat. Skies in consequence have become heavily clouded in Kathiawar, Gujarat and the adjacent parts of West Central India where conditions are unsettled. Heavy cloud persists on the west coast to the south of Ratnagiri and extends over nearly the whole Peninsula. No rain has been reported from Gujarat but a few insignificant showers occurred in the Bombay Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely over the Peninsula and local in Gujarat and Kathiawar. Isolated showers are probable in the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan.

CASTLE-ROCK.

Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours. In. Cts.	From 1st June to date In. Cts.
88	70	0 10	192 22

KEMP & CO., LD., GUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. October 12.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total Corpdg. Corpdg. to date.	Total. 1911.	Total. 1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts
Gumballa Hill.	0·00	66·76	49·1	50·53

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauged during the week ending Saturday, 4th Oct., 1913 :—

	In. cts.		In cts
Bandra	78 65	Mehmadabad...	38 6
Panjoo	64 9	Ahmedabad ...	34 72
Vaiturni	78 6	Viramgam ...	27 62
Palghar	72 27	Patri	35 7
Gholwad	61 86	Devalia	50 71
Daman	94 46	Godhra	51 21
Bulsar	87 11	Nimkhera	54 87
Navsari	58 64	Dohad	40 3
Bardoli	52 63	Amargarh ...	51 51
Nandurbar	22 64	Rutlam	43 2
Nardana	20 35	Nagda	19 40
Surat	40 80	Alot	22 58
Kim	49 2	Pachpahar ...	17 36
Kosamba	54 34	Kotah	17 60
Hajpardo	56 19	Indargarh.....	11 0
Broach.....	49 74	Gangapur	9 79
Balsar	58 15	Hindaun	14 2
Dabhoi	53 75	Bayana	9 37
Baroda	73 54	Bharatpur ...	10 57

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time) on the 11th October 1913, was 29·695 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80 deg. F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometers, either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometers reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory bar meter reading given above.

THE EXCELSIOR.

In their new picture 'Ivanhoe,' the Excelsior have found something which will attract people of widely varying tastes, and not only delight those who attend the theatre regularly but also attract many people, who do not as a rule go to picture entertainments. The American actors have possibly made a closer study of the conditions than an English company would have done, and not only the setting, which is beautiful, but the acting as well make this one of the most notable pictures that have been shown in Bombay. The other big item on the Excelsior programme this week is the Egawa troupes of Japanese acrobats—if that is the proper term for a company which seems to have overcome all the laws of gravity and to be able to perform feats in the air that few other performers can perform on the ground. They have again changed their programme, and each time the new seems better than the old, till one wonders when their stock of surprises will run out. These two 'star' items are supplemented by the usual programme, including the ever welcome Pathe's Gazette.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 10th Oct. to 6 a.m. on the 11th October :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	0	0
Small-pox.....	1	0
Total mortality from all causes		72

ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "MARIENBAD."

The Austrain Lloyd S. S. "Marienbad" from Trieste, left Aden on 10th instant and is due here on the 15th instant at 8 a. m. She brings the following passengers :—

Allison, Miss
Andrea, Mr C R W
Atkinson, Mr G
Arthur Jones, Mr
Allison, Mr J D
Avery, Mr J H
Arch Conway, Mr
Abbott Young, Mrs
Abbott Young, Mr
Brooking, Col H J & Mrs
Brooking, Miss
Bruce Hay, Capt & Mrs C J
Barker, Mr & Mrs P W
Blanchet, Mr
Burn, Capt A H
Brenner, Mr & Mrs H K M
Barry, Major W T
Boucher, Mr.
Boyd, Mr O T
Boisragon, Col C H
Brooks, Miss E E
Copeland, Miss S
Cooke, Mr C A
Cookran, Capt L A
Copeland, Mr J H
Chamberlain, Revd L B
Chandavarkar, Mr N O
Cobb, Mr H V
Corse, Lt E J
Crowe, Mr A W
Cann, Mr M
Courtice, Reved G R A
Currey, Lt H B
Dobbie, Lt Col & Mrs C F
Dorothy, Harris Miss
Dawis, Mr G T W
Dyer, Mrs J E
Desai, Mr
Digby, Lt. T A
Dick Lauder, Capt J N D
Erb. Mr & Mrs
Elliott, Miss
Emerson, Mrs. T
Findlay, Shirras MrG
Frank, Mr E D
Fauren, Lt R H
Friedrich, Mr K
Frizelle, Mrs F E
Fitzgerald Mrs
Fenner, Mr O
Ferguson, Mr J.
Gordon, Mrs L A C
Gordon, Miss
Gatacre, Capt J K
Godfrey, Mr & Mrs G
Glaeser, Mr
Gerst, Mr C H
Howard, Mr & Mrs
Hopkins, Mr & Mrs H M R
Hopkins, Miss
Hutton, Dawson, Col & Mrs
Howell, Mrs G C L
Hudson, Mr H H
Haas, Mrs N
Harrison, Mrs J
Horn, Mr F
Hare Scott, Mr H V
Heyland, Mrs
Johnson, Capt
Jackson, Miss Bell
Jennings, Mrs W E
Jones, Mr A E
Kochonen, Miss
Koenigstein, Mr O
Kuhling, Miss
Keyworth, Major
Kelley, Capt E H
Lilley, Mr A R G
Langford Lt C C
Lindsay, Capt C
Liss, Mr A G
Meyer, Mr & Mrs Ad
Marshall, Mr W R & Mrs
Maier, Mrs
Must, Miss E M
Mary, Sister
Moodie, Mrs R
Murray, Capt & Mrs F J
Morris, Major G M
Miller, Mrs J R & Child
Moreau, Mr R
Marshall, Mrs
Mody, Mr R D
Norman, Leslie Sir
Oakes, Mr & Mrs
O'Connor, Mr & Mrs M B
O'Donnel, Capt
Osborne, Mrs
Oates, Mr R
Palankot, Miss B L
Palmer, Major
Bollard Lowsley, Mrs S
Pickford, Mr C
Provoleggio, Mr A M
Pohawalla, Mr Nariman, Mr
Rank, Mr. J
Rao, Mr & Mrs W R
Ram, Mr T B
Radcliffe, Mrs & 2 infants
Russell Miss
Ringger, Mrs A
Roberts, Capt & Mrs N de E
Richardson, Mrs H L
Richardson, Mr
Roberts, Mr W
Skinner, Lt E M
Stuart, Lt Col & Mrs D F
Stokes, Miss
Sanders, Major G A F
Skelleren, Mr G
Smith, Mrs D
Stuparich, Mr R
Stoehr, Lt C F
Spence, Lt Col & Mrs P T
Sharp, Capt A G
Sangster, Miss
Thurn Count, & Countess E
Todhunter, Mr & Mrs
Tristram, Lt G H
Trevor, Mrs
Talbot, Capt & Mrs F E C
Travers, Major R E
Verey, Miss E
Verey, Miss V
Vanderleur, Mrs R S
Vaughan, Morgan, Miss
Walsch, Mrs C W
Whatford, Capt G L
Wathen, Mr L W D
Walker, Capt & Mrs G H
Weber, Miss
Waller, Lt H W
Weymouth, Mr J C
Waite, Mr W E
Walker, Mr G C
Young, Mr & Mrs F de B
Young, Mrs Popham
Zuber, Dr L
Zouros, Mr

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFL

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Oct. 10. BOMBAY, Oct. 11

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ 1-2 per cent. Consols	72 15-16		1-8
2 do. Rentes	83	1-1	
2½ 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	88		unchgd
do. do. Gov. Securities	63 5-8		unchgd
Fine Silver in London Spot	28 1-8		unchgd
do. 2 months' hence	28 1-16		unchgd
Fine Silver in New York	60 7-8		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25.22 1-2	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin	20.45		1-2
do. do. New York	4.85 7-8	1-3	
Discount Bank of England Rate	5	since	
do Short London Bills	2nd Oct.		
3 months' sight	4 13-16	1-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 5-8		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 1-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 1-3		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-2		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	3 3-4	1-4	

Bar Gold 77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (dand buying rate) 1s. 3 31-32d. unchgd.
Closing tone of silver—Coins buying.
Amount paid into the Bank of England about £ 100,000.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£ 450,000
Gold Bar to Bombay	£ 140,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	£ 20,000
Silver to Ceylon	£ 1,000
Silver to Calcutta	£ 500,000
Silver to Madras	£ 10,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier—Fair demand
Futures	Quick.
Manchester	Demand limited

—Supplies much greater than demand.

Total Sales	8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	500
Imports	4,000
Mid-Americans	7·52—13
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10·00—05

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7 07 —01	6·99 —01	6·98 —·2
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.
6·99 —01	6·99 —01	6 99 —01
Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
6·99 —01	6·99 unchgd	6 96 —01
July-Aug		
6·93 —01		

New York 11 a.m., Jan. 12 98 March 13 01.
New York official noon call Jan. 12·97 March 13·05.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 13 71 March 13·39.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	85,000
" Receipts at U. S. last year	74,000
" Exports to Great Britain	29,000
" Exports to Continent	9,000
" Spot Cotton	13·70 unchgd

Futures—Month of Jan. 12 96—03
Futures—Month of Mar. 13 04—01

Declined owing to unfavorable cables and advanced later on spinners reported to be bidding more freely.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	13 9-16 unchgd
Futures month of Jan.	13·17—03
Futures month of Mar.	13·25—03
Tone of Spot Cotton	Steady

Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports 409,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain 84,000
Do. do to France & Continent 107,000
Do. do to Japan 6,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports 516,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports 323,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

	Bales.
Total Actual Exports	3,000
Do. Forwarded	74,000
Do. Imports	70,000
Do. Stocks	104,00
Stock of Cotton in London	4'80
Oconomda Fair Red C.I.F. London	d 5 3-4
Oconomda Glazed do do	d 5 27-32
Western Good do do	d 6 1-8

Liverpool, Oct. 10.

Tone Dhooties and Shirtings—Dull. Easier.
Tone Cloths Quiet. Prices firm
Weft American "54" 12 1-2
Weft Egyptian "30" 19
Tone—Yarn—Market Quiet
Weft Egyptian "32" 13
Twist "32" W T O 11
Twist "32" B 11 1-4
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch 13 9
Twist "36" W T O 11 1-4
Twist "36" B 11 1-2
Twist "42" 12 5-8
Twist American "60" 17 1-4
Twist Egyptian "60" 17 3-4
Twist Egyptian "80" 23
Gray shirtings 39 in. by 37 1-2
38 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Heading 7 9 1-2
" " 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13 lbs 8 6
White Nainsooks 28 in. by 18 yds 16 by 13 to 16-15 Range 3 2
" Mull 36 in. by 12 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends 2 3 3-4
White Shirtings 32-36 in. by 42 yds Lipmans No. 1500...Not quoted
40s Banner Mill Twist 11 3-4
Geo Mayall's Yarn 11 3-4
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool 6 11-16
Buyers or Sellers Sellers
Months Oct.-Nov.
Water Twist American 30s. 11 1-4
" " " 40s. 12 1-4
Mule " " 40s. 11 3-4
" " " 50s 13 5-8
" " " 60s 15 1-2
" " Egyptian 40s. 17
" " " 50s. 17 1-2
" " " 60 18 1-2

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... Nominal.
Wheat White Karachi ...37 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe ...Unchanged
Do. Name of Ports— ...

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian ... Unchgd.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs
85 p.c ex-ship ...53 3-4 1-4
Do. Months ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs
85 p c ex-ship ...53 3-4 1-4
Do. Months Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports, Antwerp—Sellers.

Brown Cawnpore ...47 3-4 unchgd.
Do Months ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Port.—Antwerp—Sellers.

Tone—Steady.

LINSEED

Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...46 unchgd
Do Months— ... Oct.-Nov.
Do, Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.
Tone—Quiet.

Linseed Calcutta 45 9 unchgd
Do. Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
London—Buyers—Steady.

Linseed Argentine—La Plata 43 1-4—1-4
Do Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers—Quiet.

COTTONSEED—

Bombay ttonseed Market ...26-17-0 unchgd.
Oct.-Nov.—Hull—Value—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee No, 7 quality. .. 10 7-8+1-4

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 8 1 1-2 unchgd
Oct.-Nov.—Buyers.—Quiet

METALS—
Standard Copper G M B ...£71 1-1—1 1-8
Copper Sheathing ...£82—1
Yellow Metal ...d 7 3-8 -1-8
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets per box C.I.F. L'pool ... ...
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F.O.B. Antwerp. 4 16 3
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O.B. Liverpool ... 10 12 6
Basic Steel Bars, C.I.F. India... 5 6 3
Basic steel BarsBelgian C.I.F. .....

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—13s. 6d.—Value.

ARRIVALS—
"Strathcarron."

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar
C & F India double bags. 12 10 1-2+2-4d.
Do. Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.

Tone—Firm Good business doing.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar
C & F India ...12 3+1 1-2d
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.

Tone—Higher prices asked but no business.
German Beet-roots 88 p. c....9 7 1-4+1 1-4d
Months of Shipments ...Sept.—Sellers.
9 11 3-4+1d.—May—Sellers.

Tone—Opened firm and dearer; closed steady.
BAR & Similar Crystals
C & F India ... 13 9 +2 1-4d.
Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm. Dearer.
Mauritius Crystal C & F
Calcutta ...11 9 +1 1-2d
Months of Shipments Sept.-Oct.—Value—Firmer.
C and F Bombay ...11 7 1-2d. unchgd
Sept.-Oct.—Value—Firmer.
Java Sugar—Firm but nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING. Oct. 11th 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
73 Bars Silver	1,50,000	London	National Bank
36 Bars silver	75,000	do	Yokohama Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 9th Oct. 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	42	48,330
B. B. and C. I. Ry	19	22,340

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

Bank of Ben. rate since 23th Aug.		6 p.c.
Bank of Bom. "	10th Sept.	5 "
Bank of Mad. "	8th July	6 "

EXCHANGE:—
The market is firm and there is only a poor enquiry.

We quote:—

T. T. on London Ready	1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Draft Mail	1s 4 1-8d.
Credit 3 months sight	1s. 4 3-32d mail
Do. do forward	1s. 4 13-32d.
Do. do France Ready	172 1-2
Do. do Marks "	140 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	146 1-2
Shanghai "	200
Japan "	149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—
The market opened at 95-0 for ready and 95-1 for settlement and is quiet.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs.	95	0 0
1st Settlement	"	95	1 0

BULLION.—
Yesterday the London market for Bar Silver was unchanged for ready and for forward, rates being 28 1-8 and 28 1-16 respectively. New York Bar Silver was also unchanged, rates being 60-7. The local market is quiet but steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs.	24	1	6
Australian Gold	"	24	1	0
Sovereign Gold	"	15	0	0
Silver (ex duty) Ready	"	71	1	0
1st Settlement	"	71	2	0
2nd Settlement	"	71	3	0
Silver (cum duty) Ready	"	80	7	0
1st Settlement	"	80	8	0
2nd Settlement	"	80	11	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—
The following are the latest telegrams received here:—

WELD AND CO.

LIVERPOOL:—Market steady. The tone of the market has much improved. Local operators are trying to depress the market, very little hedge selling, some Continental buying and shorts covering. The situation of the labour difficulty is somewhat improved. We think an amicable arrangement will be arrived at.

NEW YORK:—Market declined on heavy short selling on reports that Manchester spinners have noted a "lock-out" for October 25th, which we cannot confirm. American Spinners have brought largely at the decline.

WEATHER:—In Texas and Oklahoma colder weather is predicted. Our opinion is unchanged.

GRUNDINE:—Market has a good undertone and any favorable circumstance will cause an advance. Our opinion is that it is not advisable to follow the decline.

In the local market there has been a good business passing to forward contracts for Bengals and Comra styles and some speculative business keeps prices steady.

Ready cotton remains dull and unchanged and the demand is poor.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

		Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach	...	317	Mar.
Fine M. G. Wardha Hinganghat	...	320	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	...	317	"
" " Yeotmal	...	313	"
" " Dhamangaon	...	310	"
" " Khamgaon Akola		303	"
" " Amraoti	...	306	"
" " Khandeish	...	282	"
F. G. " Khandeish	...	278	"
Fine " Bengal	...	266	"
F. G. Bengal	...	252	"

LIVERPOOL OPENING—

Opening Tone	Quiet
Estimated Sales	5,000
Total Imports	25,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·08	7·00	6·99
+01	+01	+01
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	March-April.
6·99 unchgd	6·99 unchgd	6·99 unchgd
April-May.	May-June	June-July
6·99 unchgd	6·99 unchgd	6·96 unchgd

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	7 10	0 R.T.
December	"	8 11	0 R.T.
May 1914	"	9 4	0 R.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is steady. We quote:—

Brown Delhi May	Rs.	8 8	0 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore	"	7 8	0 R.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	"	8 11	0 R.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Strong. We quote:—

Bold White 85p.c.	Rs.	60 6	0 Dec.-Jan.
Black Katni	Rs.	51 6	0 Jan.-Feb.

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	11 9	0 R.T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	36 0	0

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	25 8	0

GROUNDNUTS:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
New Crop Bold Rs. 49 8 0 Jan.-Feb.

MOWRASEED—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	8 5	0 R.T.

WHEAT—
The market is steady. We quote:—

White Feni 86 p.c. ready	Rs.	5 8	0 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	"	6 13	0 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,645
Bank of India	...	65
Eastern Bank	...	35 1-2
Indian Specie	...	57

MILLS.

		Nominal.
Crescent	...	108 3-4
David	...	530
Fazulbhai	...	642 1-2
Kohinoor	...	730
Manockji Petit	...	3,070
New Great Eastern	...	217 1-2
Standard	...	1,355

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badam Pila and Company	...	921-2
Bombay E. S. & T. Co.	...	183
Bombay E. S. & F. C. Pre.	...	172
Bombay S N Ordy	...	237 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	...	1,400
Shivrajpur st. Syndicate	...	21 1-4
The Tata Hydro E P S Ordy	...	1,050

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	570

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	5,461	bales.
Wheat	4,819	owts.
Linseed	4,611	"
Rapeseed	nil	"
Gingellyseed	1,674	"
Poppyseed	163	"
Groundnuts	640	"
Castorseed	2,753	"
Rice	74,266	"
Myrabolams	1,839	"
Cottonseed	4,849	"
Mowrasseed	3,411	"
Gram	1,072	"
Jowar	3,552	"
Bajri	35	"
Barley	238	"

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON, Oct. 11.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 12.]

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ 1-2 per cent Consols	72 3-4	1-16	
3 do. Rentes	83		unchgd
3½ 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	88		unchgd
do. Govt. Securities	63 11-16	1-16	
Bar Silver in London	28 1-4	1-8	
do. 2 months' hence	28 3-16	1-8	
do. in New York	61 1-4	3-8	
Exchange on London at Paris	25.23 1-2		unchgd
do. do at Berlin	20.45 1-2	0	1-2
do do at New York	4.85 7-8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate	5	since	
do. Short London Bills	2 d Oct		
3 months' sight	4 13-16		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 7-8	1-8	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 1-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 1-3		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-2		unchgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	3 3-4		unchgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 31-32 unchgd.
Closing tone of Silver—Steady at the advance.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Firm.	Quiet.
Futures	Firm.	
Manchester	...	.....
Total Sales	5,000	bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export	300	"
Imports	28,000	
Mid-Americans	7·61	+09
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10·10	+10

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec	Dec.-Jan.
7·16	7·09	7·08
+09	+09	+10

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.
7·08 +09	7·08 +09	7·08 +09
Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
7·08 +09	7·08 +09	7·05 +09

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	62,000
" Receipts at " last year	79,000
" Exports to Great Britain	18,000
" Exports to Continent	31,000
Spot Cotton	13·70 unchgd
Futures—Month of Jan.	12·94—02
Futures—Month of Mar.	12·97—07

Advanced early on favorable cables and declined later owing to bear pressure and liquidation.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	13 9-16 unchgd.
Futures month of Jan.	13·15—02
Futures month of Mar	13·24—01
Tone of Spot Cotton	Quiet.

New Orleans and New York markets closed on Monday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

	Bales.
Total into Sight	2,410,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	231,000
East Indian do	152,000
American do	2,169,000
Other do	141,000
Total Sales	54,000
East Indian sales	190
Total Speculation	2,000
Do. Exportation	2,000
East Indian Export	...
Do. Indian Stock	13,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	400
Do. Actual Exports	20
Do. Week's Imports	2,000
Do. Speculation	...
Americans Afloat	350,000
East Indian	6,000
Total afloat	473,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... .
Wheat White Karachi 37 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe ... 31 1-2
Do. Name of Ports— ...Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Dull
Barletta Russo ... 31
Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Dull

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian ... 36
Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
Victorian ... 36
Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
New South Wales ... 36
Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs.
85 p.c. ex-ship ... 53+1-4
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs.
85 p.c. ex-ship 53 3-4 unchgd.
Do. Months ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports ...Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore 48+1-4
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Port—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Firm.
LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...46 1-4+1-4
Do. Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Buyers
Tone—Firm
Linseed Calcutta ...45 9 unchgd
Do. Months ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports ... London—Buyers—Firm
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...43 1-2+1-4
Do. Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers—Firm.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market...26-17-0 unchgd
Oct.-Nov.—Hull—Value—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ...11 3-8+1-2

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...8 3+1-2d
Oct.-Nov.—Value—Steady.

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar
C & F India double bags, 12 10 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment ...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.

Tone—Firm with a fair business.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar
C & F India ...12 3 unchgd.
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.

Tone—Firm but nothing doing.
German Beet-roots 88 p.c....9 3+3-4d.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.—Sellers.
10 0 1-4+1-2d.—May—Sellers.

Tone—Firm with good business.
BAR & Similar Crystals
C & F India ...13 9 3-4+3-4d.
Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec—Sellers.
Tone—Firm rather dearer.
Mauritius Crystal C & F
Bombay ...11 3 1-4+3-4d.
Months of Shipments—Sept.-Oct.—Value—
Mauritius Crystal C and F
Calcutta ...11 9 3-4+3 4d.
Months of Shipments—Sept.-Oct.—Value.
Java Sugar—Firm but activity. Unchgd.

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports	80,000 ??
Exports to Great Britain	25,000
Exports to Continent	9,000 ??
Spot Cotton at New York	13·70
Future Jan...	12·97—3
" Mar...	13·04—1
Spot closing tone	Steady.
Futures closing tone	do

General Tone of Market Opened.—Steady on advance early on bull support. Later decided on favorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 10.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans	13 9-16
Future Jan...	13·17—3
" Mar...	13·25—3
Futures closing tone	Steady

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 10.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Steady and closed steady.
Do. closed for future ... Quiet
Do. for East Indian ... do.
Total Day's sales ... 8,000
Sales on spec. and export ... 500
Sales of Surats ... .
Total Day's Imports ... 4,000
Oconomda Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F. 5 3-4
Oconomda Glazed—London C. I. F. 5 13-16
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... 10·00
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... ... 6 3-4d. Sellers
Geo. Mayalls Yarns ... 11 3-4
40's mle Twist (Bananermills) ... 11 7-8
Weft 54 American ... 12 3-4
Weft 80 Egyptian ... 19 1-2
Weft 32's ... 15 1-4
Twist 36 ... 11 1-4
Twist 42 ... 12 3-8
Twist American 60 ... 17 5-8
Twist Egyptian 60 ... 19 3-8
Twist Egyptian 80 ... 21 7-8
Tone of Fine Yarns— ... Firm.
Tone of Coarse Yarns— ... do.
General Tone of Yarn Market— ... do.
Mid-American at Liverpool— 7·53—13

Cotton Delay Mid Uplands G.P.C.

Liverpool.	...	...
Oct.-Nov.	...	... 7·07—1
Nov.-Dec.	...	... 6·99—1
Dec.-Jan.	...	... 6·98—2
Jan.-Feb.	...	... 6·99—1
Feb.-Mar.	...	... 6·99—1
Mar.-Apl.	...	... 6·99—1
Apl.-May	...	... 6·99—1
May-June	...	... 6·99
June-July	...	... 6·96—1

Manchester, Oct. 10.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—Rather slow, buyers adopting waiting attitude.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

WHEAT.

Wheat. Choice white Karachi Oct.-Nov.—London— 37 3 Sellers.
Wheat. F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492) lbs.)...Oct.-Nov. London— Nominal.
Wheat. Club No. 2...Oct.-Nov. London— 37 3 "
Wheat. Choice white Delhi... Oct.-Nov.—London— Nominal.
Do. Tone of market at close... Quiet.
Do. South AustralianJan.-Feb 36 Sellers.
Do. Rosario Santa Fe 62 lbs Jan.-Feb. 34 7 1-2 "
Do. do Tone of Market at close ... ... Quiet.
Wheat. Red Graded American per cental—Oct ... 7 0 1-2 "

LONDON, Oct. 10.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs). Oct.-Nov.—London—45 9 Done
Linseed, Bombay exship (per 416 lbs) ...Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp— 46 3 Sellers.
Linseed, La Plata ...Oct.-Nov. Hamburg— 43 4 1-2 Done
Linseed, Tone of Market at Close— Steady
Linseed Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Oct. £23-10-0
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Dec.-Jan. £23-10-0
Linseed Tone of Market at Close—Steady.
Linseed Total afloat for U. K. .....
Linseed River Plate exports... .....
Poppyseed. Canal...Oct.-Nov. Dunkirk— 64 9 Sellers.
Poppyseed Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steadier.
Rapeseed. Calcutta Brown Canal. Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp 47 6 "
Rapeseed. Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp 53 6 "
Rapeseed. Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp— 53 6 "
Rapeseed. Feroszpore usual bold ... ...
Do. Jamba Red... ... ...
Rapeseed. Tone of Market at Close ... ... Steady.
Cotton Seed Bombay Parcels Oct.-Nov.—Hull— 26-17-0 "
Cotton Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Quiet

LONDON, Oct. 10.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 p. c. F.O.B., Hamburg Oct. 9 7 1-4 Sellers.
German Beetroot 88 p.c. F.O.B. Hamburg... ...Oct.-Dec. .....
German Beetroot Closing Tone of Market ... ... Firm
German Granulated C. and F. India (double bags)... .....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags). Oct.-Dec— 12 9 "
German Closing Tone Market.. Steady.
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta...Jan.-Mar.—12 3 1-4 "
Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
Mauritius Crystals C I F Bom Oct.—11 9 "
Do. do. Cal do .....
Mauritius Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double bags)—Jan.-Mar.—13 7 1-2 "
E. A. R. and similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double Bags) ... ... Steadier.
Do. Closing Tone of Market do

LONDON, Oct. 10.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Value.
C.I.F. Calcutta Oct-Dec 11 6 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar 11 9 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Oct.-Dec... 11 7 1-2 "
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Jan.-March... 11 10 1-2 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Oct.-Dec... 13 6 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan.-March... 13 9 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Oct.-Dec .. 12 7 1-2 "
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi Jan.-March... 13 10 1-2 "
Closing Tone of Market— ... Steady—but nothing doing

LONDON, Oct. 10.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B	71	5	0
Copper Best English Selected	76	0	0
Copper Brazers	87	10	0
Copper Tone of Market—	Quiet		
Hard Spelter	19	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	201	0	0
Yellow Metal	7	5-16	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G. G O B 1 p. c. F O B L'pool	11	0	0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta	5	10	0
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta	5	18	0
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta	6	13	0
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp	6	2	6
German Steel Plates F O B Antwerp	5	6	3
Belgium Iron Bar No 2	4	10	0
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets in box c. i. f. Liverpool	0	14	6
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland	2	15	3
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro.	2	15	6
Pig Iron Garsherrie	3	14	6
Lead Pig English	20	10	0
Tone of Steel Market	Steady.		
Silver, Spot	28 1-8		
" 2 months hence	28 1-16		
" Tone of Market—	Quiet and unchanged		
" Special Feature	do		

LONDON, Oct. 10.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	28 1-8
Silver 2 Months	28 1-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market	Quiet unchanged
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market	do
Rentes 3 p. c.	83
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. Ex Div	72 3-4
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c.	88
Sterling loan	88
Govt. Securities 3 p. c.	76
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c.	63 5-8
Bar Gold per oz. st	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market	Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market	do
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5 p.c.

Exchange on India 30 Days Sight 1 3 31-32
London at Paris Fcs. ... 25·28
Berlin cheques on London Mks 20·45
New York (Demand Bills) dls ... ... 4·85 7-8
Interest day to day loans 3 1-2
Do. 7 days Market loans ... 3 1-2
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ... 4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight ... 4 5-8
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 5 1-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 5 1-8

LONDON, Oct 10.

SHELLAC.

Shellac TN Spot... ... 90 Sellers
Do. TN Spot Oct. delv. 90 do
Do. TN Spot Dec. delv. 89 Done
V. C. Garnet Tone of closing market for TN Spot... Quiet
Do. do TN Futures do
General Tone of Market—Flat—No business doing.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 11.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales	4,000
Tone of Market	... Quiet

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
Oct.-Nov.	7·07	7·06
Nov.-Dec.	6·99	6·98
Dec-Jan.	6·98	6·97
Jan.-Feb.	6·99	6·98
Feb.-Mar.	6·99	6·98
Mar.-Apl.	6·99	6·98
April-May	6·99	6·98
May-June	6·99	6·98
June-July	6·96	6·95

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports	60,000 Bales.
Exports to Great Britain	17,000 do
Exports to Continent	30,000 do
Spot Cotton at New York	13·70
Future Cotton at New York Jany.	13·05—2
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Mar.	13 24—1
Future closing tone—	.....

	Bales.
Total Stock at U. S. Ports	596,000
Total Stock at Interior Towns	322,000
Stock in London	5,400
Weeks Exports to Japan	6,000
Quantity in sight from commencement of Seasons to date.	.....

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 11.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Quiet and closed Quiet.
The Liverpool market closed for future—Firm.
The Liverpool market closed for East Indians. Firm.

Total Day's Sales	...	5,000 bales
Sales on Spec and export	...	300 "
Total Sales of Surats	...	.....
Total Day's Imports	...	25,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown		10·10+10
Mid American at Liverpool	...	7 61+9

Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Oct.-Nov.	...	...	7·16+9
Nov.-Dec.	...	...	7·09+9
Dec-Jan.	...	...	7·07+9
Jan.-Feb.	...	...	7·08+9
Feb.-Mar.	...	...	7·08+9
Mar.-Apl.	...	...	7·08+9
April-

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

DUKE OF YORK STAKES.

THREE OUTSIDERS PLACED.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The result of the Duke of York Stakes is :—

Florist	1
Equanimity	2
Oselle	3

Won by one and a half lengths ; a neck between second and third.

Thirteen started.

Betting :—100 to 7 against Florist and Equanimity ; 100 to 8 against Oselle.

BELGAUM HUNT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, Oct. 9.

We met on of the 6th at 6 a. m. at the 110th L. I. parade ground where only small field of 14, including seven ladies, turned out. The Vaccine Depot cane-fields were the covers to be drawn, and we were almost certain of a find, as twice before this year, they have provided us with a run though not with a kill. As soon as hounds entered the third field a jack was viewed away, making for Tiger Hill as usual, and the pack ran him strongly up the valley for half-a-mile, but suddenly checked. Picking up the line again, they hunted slowly through the further corner of the Depot compound and on over Hill A ; but scent was very poor, and just before reaching Tiger Hill, the master came to the conclusion that hounds had changed, and got on the cold line of a jack who had gone on earlier in the morning, so took them back to where they had just checked. Sure enough, he was marked to ground; so hounds were called off, and a terrier being at hand was sent down and succeeded in shifting the varmint, who made back to where he had just been found. Hounds ran him back to cover, but there lost him entirely which is not much to be wondered at, considering that there was a company at musketry on one side and a bugle band in full blast at the other. This proved to be the only chance of sport that we had as though Musketry Hill and the Badgipara coverts were tried ; they proved a blank and hounds were taken home.

On Oct. 9th the meet was at the kennels and a move was made to Musketry Hill. Hounds spoke to a jack in the sugar-cane just under the hill and he was soon viewed away making towards the Rifle Butts. For a mile, hounds hunted him merrily and then checked, but the master making a backward cast, they hit off the line again and carried it back to the original cover via Musketry Hill. Pushing straight through the cover, they hunted slowly down the valley to the Kimali, where they swung right-handed across the Ramghat-Road, past the Leper Asylum, and back by the Plague Huts to Musketry Hill. From here the jack went on down to the Kivali again, but this time crossed by the ford and entered the sugar-canes near Bankenhalli Scent was not good but Hounds were hunting steadily, though slowly, and soon had their quarry out of cover again, when he re-crossed the Kivali and leaving the mission bungalow on his left, set his mask for Tiger Hill. The pace now improved greatly and we rattled along for a couple of miles; just as hounds were getting quite close to their jack, he was turned by an old woman and running back to near Badgipari, went to ground. Unfortunately no terrier was available; so we had to leave him there, and make our way home.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST vs. TURNER MORRISON AND CO.

This match was played on the Marine Lines maidan on Saturday and resulted in a win for the Trust by 83 runs,

IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

G D Prabhawalker	...	...	7
M Sorabji	...	...	17
C N Chandarana	...	...	34
W Humphrey	...	...	13
A Shroff	...	...	15
M N Chandarana	...	...	2
M Byramji, not out	...	...	27
B B Desai	...	...	8
K B Bharucha	...	...	0
J T Burge	...	...	2
F G B Hankins	...	...	8
Extras		...	9
Total		...	141

TURNER MORRISON AND CO.

King	...	...	12
Shanker	...	...	6
Dave	...	...	0
Malone	...	...	3
Saldanha	...	...	11
Suntoke	...	...	1
M Lloyd	...	...	1
G Lloyd	...	...	2
Bomanji	...	...	4
Sasareth	...	...	0
Savath	...	...	2
Extras		...	16
Total		...	58

PRESENTATION OF CRICKET SHIELD.

The presentation of the Dongre Cricket Shield to the Prabhu Seminary Team, the winners of this year's competition amongst the Anglo-Vernacular Schools took place yesterday morning, at the Chanda Ramji Girls' School, in Girgaum. A large number of Prabhu ladies and gentlemen assembled to take part in the proceedings. Mr. Appaji Sadashive Dongre, the donor of the shield, was voted to the chair.

Mr. T. A. Kulkarni, B. A., the secretary of the Dongre Cricket Shield Managing Committee, then opened the proceedings by giving a short history of the organization of the competition. Prof. R. Marrs, M. A. was the president of the Managing Committee; the secretary regretted his absence saying, that the committee was greatly obliged to Prof. Marrs, who took a great interest in this work. Teams of boys under 14 years from the Anglo-Vernacular schools were allowed to compete for this shield.

The secretary having thanked Mr. Dongre, the shield was then presented to the captain of the winning team. Mr. Dongre was then garlanded and a vote of thanks brought the proceedings to a close.

POONA RACES.

THE END OF THE SEASON'S SPORT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 11.

We have got to the end of the season and most are glad for if the truth be told public interest in the racing barely survived the big meeting. We have not had a particularly bright share to-day, only a medium lot turning out and not so many of these.

The weather was delightful, though a couple of times it seemed that the rain of which we have had a good deal during the week would fall heavily enough to spoil the proceedings. But we were spared that and if the sport had been more in time with our desires we should have had a good time.

We began the day with the Matheran Plate a mile handicap for Arab ponies. Mexico was the most fancied one, but we had a double surprise, Soomsam and Aden coming home first and second respectively and paying out handsomely. Mr. Goculdas's horse could do no better than third.

For the first division of the Consolation Plate Ata Allah went out favourite; but he ended among the also-rans, Barley scoring his second consecutive win on Agent, with Dhaidan and Pretender II., neither of which was given a chance second and third respectively.

In the second division Saood was made favourite, and he justified the support given him by winning though Flying Bird gave his supporters a shock being beaten only by a head.

The Selling Plate (Rs 2,000) was an extremely poor affair bringing out only five starters and of these the favourite Lady Doyles won very easily in an absolutely run away race.

In the first division of the Karjat Plate we saw another favourite get home with the Goods Brain winning by a length and a half from the bottom weight, while Zool sphokar ran into third place paying out a dividend that represented 3½ to 1.

In the second division Sean started favourite but we never saw him, the winner turning up in Grequa who finely ridden by Mujeed first perched the verdict on the post. He paid out to those who knew anything the tidy return of Rs. 118.

We ended the day and the season with the Final Plate for which Mexico, though it was his second appearance for the day (and over a second mile) was much fancied and this time he won though by a very narrow margin. The surprise in the race was Kokab who ran into third place paying out pretty handsomely a dividend of Rs. 104. Beyrut, in the absence of Sir Visto left in at 10-6, was top weight at 9-9 and on him Brain just failed to get a verdict.

Thus came to an end what can only be described as a tame season's racing and if all I hear to-day is correct before you begin the game in Bombay Arab-owners, who propose to hold a meeting very shortly, will have something to say.

Details :—

THE MATHERAN PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under which have not won a flat race since March 31, 1913. Distance—1 mile.

Gen Nawabzads Abdulla Khan's Soomsam, 8st 5lbs.....Barley 1
Capts A W Malony's and S S Hayne's Aden, 6st 7lbs (cd 6st 9lbs).....Kaikushroo 2
Mr M Goculdas's Mexico, 9st 7lbs, Ruiz 3

ALSO RAN :—British King, 8st 10lbs ; Real, 7st 12lbs ; Dilkush, 7st 10lbs (cd 7st 12lbs) ; Maidania, 7st 5lbs ; The Tetrarch, 7st (cd 7st 4lbs) ; Mulberry, 6st (cd 6st 2lbs) ; Longboat, 6st (cd 6st 7lbs).

THE RACE:—Longboat got a length's break from a poor start in which Mexico was badly away, his nearest attendants as far as the half-mile being Aden and British King. The former ran up to the leader as they passed the half-mile and Soomsam came into third place alongside British King. They entered the straight in this order ; but from the distance Soomsam made his effort and going strongly won by three lengths, a length and a half between second and third.

TIME :—1min. 9 1-5secs.

TOTALISATOR :—Win Rs. 354, places Rs. 95 1-2, Rs. 105 1-2 and Rs. 20.

(Winner trained by R Bence.)

A CONSOLATION PLATE, Division I—Winner, Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A handicap for maiden Arabs 14 hands and under.

Mr P R Naik's Agent, 7st 10lbs, Barley 1
Mr Budhr bin Alwash's Dhaidan, 8st 11lb.....P Singh 2
Mr H R Badshah's Pretender II, 8st 11lb.....A Ferguson 3

ALSO RAN :—Redwood, 9st 2lbs ; Authority, 9st 3lbs ; Ata Allah, 8st 10lbs ; Small Diamond, 8st 8lbs; Ghalil, 8st 3lbs ; Tagalie, 8st (cd 8st 11lb) ; President, 7st 12lbs ; Nasirabad, 7st 9lbs ; Turkish Spot, 7st 7lbs.

THE RACE :—Dhaidan made the running as far as the bend with Pretender and President in the order named the rest strung out. There was no change till near the distance when Agent challenged and in the end were the leader down winning by half a length, the same distance between second and third.

TIME :—1 min. 9 1-5 sec.

TOTALISATOR :—Win Rs. 87; places, Rs. 25, Rs. 45 1-2, Rs. 52.

(Winner trained by Cowasji Burjorji)

A CONSOLATION PLATE.—Division II.—Winner Rs. 1,000 ; second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A handicap for maiden Arabs 14 hands and under. Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr Ebrahim Multag's Saood, 8st 9lb.....Brown 1
Messrs Nasir Raj Mahomed's and Mahomed Jamal's Flying Bird, 8st 5lbs.....P Singh 2
Mr Abdulla Mana's Jack London, 7st 13lbs (cd 8st 11lb).....Zamil 3

THE RACE:—Malabar showed the way to Flying Bird all the way to the bend where he fell back, leaving the latter in the lead. Down the straight Saood came up and in an exciting finish beat Flying Bird by a neck, Jack London running into third place.

TIME:—1 min. 10 secs.

TOTALISATOR:—Win Rs. 20, places Rs. 14, Rs. 28 and Rs. 28 1-2.

(Winner trained by Rashid Dhakeel.)

A SELLING PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,200, second Rs. 500, third Rs. 300. A handicap for horses entered to be sold for Rs. 2,000. Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr. L. K. Kapadia's Lady Douglas 9st 3lbs.....A. Ferguson 1
Mr. F. M. Garda's Silver Memory 8st 2lbs.....A. Hoyt 2
Mr. Kelso's Russley Rose II, 8st Brown 3

ALSO RAN :—True Gold, 8st 8lbs ; Mavournsen, 7st 7lbs.

THE RACE :—Lady Douglas was the quickest away and led the field running in a bunch next to the bend. After entering the straight the leader drew away winning very easily by four lengths three lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1 min. 3 4-5 secs.

TOTALISATOR :—Win Rs. 19 1-2, places Rs. 15 and Rs. 34.

(Winner trained by Cowasji Burjorjee.)

THE KARJAT PLATE.—Division I.—Winner Rs. 1,200, second Rs. 500, third Rs. 300. A handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under. Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr. R. R. B's Zaki Pasha, 9st 8lbs, Brown 1
Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Abdul Aziz 7st (cd 7st 3lbs).....Sampson 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Zoolphokar, 9st 4lbs.....A Ferguson 3

ALSO RAN :—Young Majub, 10st ; Minerva 8st 11lbs; Bahlool 7st 13lbs ; Tenebreuze, 7st 10lbs Mat-hat-baig, 7st 9lbs ; Gafal, 7st 7lbs.

THE RACE :—Zoolphokar on the outside got a flying start but was soon joined by Tenebreuze, Zaki Pasha and Young Majub being next in order. This order was maintained to the straight where Zaki Pasha came through and running strongly won by a length and a half three-quarters of a length between second and third.

TIME.—1 min. 22 secs.

TOTALISATOR.—Win Rs. 27, places Rs. 16 1-2, Rs. 34 and Rs. 42.

(Winner trained by Byramji Rustomjee.

THE KARJAT PLATE.—Division II.—Winner Rs. 1,200, second Rs. 500, Third Rs. 300. A handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under.—Distance—6 furlongs.

Thakore Sahib of Limbdi's Grequa, 8st 11lb.....Mujeed 1
Mr. Haji Mahomed's Hurbia, 8st. Digby 2
Messrs. A K Dakyel's and Abdul Aziz McKenzie's Grey Ghost II, 9st 10lbs.....Brown 3

ALSO RAN :—Castaway, 9st 12lbs ; Scoru, 9st 10lbs ; Occident, 9st 8lbs ; Flying Machine, 8st 8lbs ; Old China, 8st 5lbs ; Tayabi, 8st 3lbs ; Mushtarak, 8st ; Tajafalio, 7st 9lbs ; Nimar, 7st 5lbs ; Turkish Spot, 7st 2lbs (cd. 7st 3lbs); Mulberry, 6st 4lbs.

THE RACE :—Tezab led a packed field in which Nimar, Hurbia and Flying Machine were prominent. At the bend Tezab was done with and Hurbia appeared to have the race in hand, but Grequa came away with a wet sail, and snatched the verdict on the post by a short head, half a length between second and third.

TIME :—1 min. 24 1-5 secs.

TOTALISATOR :—Win Rs. 118, Places Rs. 21, Rs. 19, and Rs. 28 1-2.

(Winner trained by D. Greenhalgh).

THE FINAL PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A handicap for Arabs which have not won a flat race since 31st March 1913. Distance—1 mile.

Mr. M Goculdas's Mexico, 8st 9lbs, Ruiz 1
Mr. Abdul Aziz Mahomed's Beyrut, 9st 9lbs.....Brown 2
Mr. A R Dakheel's Kokab, 6st 12lbs Kaikushru 3

ALSO RAN :—Harry Johnson, 8st 6lbs ; Gray, 7st 5lbs ; Yamji Dunya, 7st 4lbs (cd. 7st 6lbs) ; Golden Ducat, 7st 3lbs ; Ajmere, 7st 2lbs ; Khedavi Misser, 6st 4lbs (cd. 6st 8lbs) ; Bhatty Chief 6st 2lbs (cd 6st 3lbs).

THE RACE :—The race was run in a rapidly falling light. Harry Johnson made the best of the running but was collared at the bend where the field closed up. From the distance a great race ensued between Mexico and Beyrut the former getting the better of it by a short head, three lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1min. 54secs.

TOTALISATOR :—Win Rs. 46, places Rs. 25, Rs. 33, and Rs. 104.

(Winner trained by C B. Mahomed.)

AN ALBINO BUCK.

A correspondent writes from Chunar :—"On the evening of October 1st, when out for a shoot for black buck, I very fortunately came across one of the rare species called albino buck. After some tracking I shot it at a range of about 250 yards. On examining the animal I saw that the tips of the horns were pink and fully 18 inches in length. The eyes and also the hoofs were of a light pink. The skin is of a cream colour, being much lighter than that of a doe. I might also mention that only four or five have been shot in India.

GOLF AT TOLLYGUNGE.

The new club house of the Royal Calcutta Golf Club at Tollygunge is now drawing towards completion, and it is anticipated that the building will be ready for use by the members during the initial month of the New Year. The links are now in good condition, although the bad effects of an extremely wet summer have not yet been entirely eliminated, and as courses are being out through the spear grass on the Maidan, golf will soon resume its place in Calcutta as a popular daily pastime. The Barrackpore course is also in good going order.

AMERICAN SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

E. the Durnan, Canadian sculler, finished four lengths in front of Frank Greer, of Boston, over a three-miles course for the American sculling championship at Toronto. Immense crowds witnessed the race; Greer made a good fight.

Greer is to row Barry for the world's championship and £500 aside in November next.

AUSTRALIANS' CRICKET TOUR

At Victoria the capital of British Columbia, the Australians defeated 21 colts by an innings and 46 runs, the scores being Australia 223 runs, Colts 177 for two innings.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

A BOLD DACOITY.

CONVICTS APPEAL DISMISSED.

An appeal in a dacoity case came up for disposal in the High Court before Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah. The appeal was preferred by Naran Ramdas and seven others for the revision of the conviction and sentence passed on them by Mr C. N. Mehta, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad.

Mr. M. K. Mehta appeared for two appellants, while the Government Pleader represented the Crown.

The facts of the case are that the Railway Police Sub-Inspector of Ahmedabad received information that one Shiva was in the habit of committing thefts in the goods-train which usually left Ahmedabad Railway Station at 11 p. m. and went towards Anand. On March, 8 last accordingly he instructed his men to be on the look-out immediately the train started from the Ahmedabad railway station. On the night of March 14, accordingly four of his constables and two informers went ahead of the goods-train and posted themselves at a lonely place near the Kankaria tank by the side of the railway fence awaiting the departure of the train. The train started from Ahmedabad station at 11 p. m., and two more police constables immediately started behind the train on patrol duty beside the railway line. The train passed by the six men who were lying in ambush near the Kankaria tank. One of these noticed a man at the top of an open waggon full of bags. He suspected him to be a thief, and immediately ascended the railway embankment with a view to ascertain whether anything unusual had happened or not. On doing so, he found that on the other side of the railway line there were several people engaged in cutting and removing the contents of several bags, which had presumably been thrown down into the pit on that side from the train that had just passed. The constable returned to his companions and told them what he had seen, and they all went in that direction. The field which was quite close to the place where the bags had fallen, had a standing plantation in half of it, and the other half was open. The constables accordingly succeeded in approaching the thieves silently under cover of this plantation. It was found that some of the thieves were actually carrying away head loads of the contents of the bags. The constables then came out to arrest them. The thieves immediately threw down their head loads and commenced an attack upon the constables with their sticks. A free fight with sticks ensued between the two parties, and continued for nearly ten minutes, in which three of the thieves were disabled and fell to the ground. The two constables, who had started from Ahmedabad after the goods-train, heard the cries of their companions, went to the scene of the fight and succeeded in arresting the appellant Naran and two others. The Sub-Inspector was informed about this and he went to the spot about 1-30 a. m. and took the three thieves in his charge. One of them died from his injuries. Next morning he opened his enquiry and arrested seven other thieves who had escaped during the fight. They were then placed before Mr. E. Byramsha, First Class Magistrate of Ahmedabad, who committed all the accused to the Sessions court for trial.

Mr. C. N. Mehta with two assessors tried the case and convicted and sentenced them on a charge of dacoity, to terms varying from one to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

Out of these ten accused Naran and seven others preferred an appeal to their Lordships.

Their Lordships after hearing arguments confirmed the conviction and sentence and dismissed the appeal.

POLICE COURT.

RECORD SEIZURE OF COCAINE

P. AND O. COMPANY'S MEN CONVICTED.

A record seizure of illicit cocaine was made on Friday night from the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon by C. I. D. officers and Customs officers. The story of the seizure is an unusual one and it reflects great credit on the officers concerned. The men implicated are Bernard B. Blundell, steward on board the s. s. "Persia" belonging to the P. and O. Company, which arrived here on Oct. 3 and A. E. Churchill, shore gunner at the P. and O. Company's Dockyard at Mazagon, who resides on the dock premises.

Mr. Smith, Assistant Collector of Customs, received information some days ago that the first accused had imported cocaine into Bombay and he made arrangements with the C. I. D. to seize the cocaine which the accused was supposed to have brought. Superintendent Sullivan suggested a ruse to induce the men to bring the cocaine from the place where they had concealed it, and Mr. Quigley a friend of Mr. Sullivan, was prevailed upon to render assistance in the matter.

Mr. Quigley went to the P. and O. Dockyard and managed to get acquainted with the first accused. He represented to him that he was a medical practitioner and possessed a London degree, but for engaging in transactions which the law forbade his name had been struck of the list of certified practitioners. He was now doing business nominally as chemist and had a druggist shop at Lucknow. This enabled him to screen the dealings in cocaine, which were the principal source of income. This story was told in the greatest secrecy and, it is suggested, made the first accused believe that Quigley would be a suitable customer. He asked him to meet him at the refreshment room at Bori Bunder at 9 p.m., on Friday last. They met at the appointed place and having had some drinks got into a taxi-cab, which Quigley had brought. The taxi-cab however, contained besides the Chauffeur, a man attired as a cleaner, who was actually Mr. Chinoy, an Excise Sub-Inspector. They then drove to the P. and O. Docks at Mazagon. They were followed at a fair distance by another car, which contained Mr. Smith, Assistant Collector of Customs, Mr. Sullivan, Superintendent of the C.I.D., and Mr. Cooverji Darashaw, Excise Inspector, Mr. Watkins, Assistant Collector of Customs, Inspector Morris of the C.I.D., and Excise Inspector Gandhi also followed in another motor-car as well as two Excise Sub-Inspectors who followed on cycles.

PRODUCTION OF THE COCAINE.

The first car occupied by the first accused and Mr. Quigley, entered the docks and stopped at the residential quarters, while the men who were following concealed themselves about the place. As Blundell and Mr. Quigley entered the Building they were met by Churchill who took them into a room. First they had some drinks and then the transaction was concluded. Mr. Quigley gave the first accused Rs. 9,000 in currency notes and sovereigns. The sovereigns had been previously marked and numbers of the notes had been noted. On receipt of the money the first accused paid Churchill Rs. 300. Quigley then called his Chauffeur and the supposed cleaner and they were offered drinks. They were asked to carry a box which was lying under Churchill's almira. Immediately a whistle was given by the ostensible cleaner which brought the police and the Customs officers, who pounced upon the accused and arrested them.

The box was found to contain eighteen tins, each containing 12,000 grains of crystallised cocaine and bearing the mark of Merk, the well known cocaine manufacturer.

The two men were placed before Rao Bahadur C.H. Setalwad, Second Presidency Magistrate, on Saturday by Superintendent Sullivan, the first on a charge of selling 216,000 grains of cocaine, which according to the price current in Bombay would come to the value of Rs. 81,000.

Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji appeared for the second accused.

The first accused took the blame on himself and said that the second accused was ignorant of the contents of the box. This was the first occasion on which he himself had dealt in the drug, and to this he had been enticed by one, Mr. Savage, who was to have received two rupees per ounce. He prayed for mercy and added that the second accused was not knowingly implicated in the matter.

The second accused said that he was asked by the first accused to take a box ashore and he did it without knowing what it contained. He took the sum of Rs. 300 not as a commission, but it was a loan, which he had asked from the first accused in order to defray the funeral expenses of his wife, who died on Sunday last.

COMMENTS FROM THE BENCH.

The Magistrate in delivering judgment reviewed the evidence given and said as regards the second accused's contention, that it did not seem to him that a steward would be in a position to advance a sum of Rs. 300, and moreover immediately the money was received the sum was paid to the second accused. The fact that the box was found under the cupboard of the second accused, also spoke against him. His Worship held that the second accused must have known that the box contained cocaine, as regards the defence put forward for the second accused that a sum of Rs. 300 as commission on an illicit drug as cocaine which was sold for Rs 9,000 would be too little that nobody would risk a sale of cocaine for such a paltry sum. His Worship said that the commission would be on the profits and not on the actual sale proceeds. The first accused was not in a position to purchase such a large quantity of cocaine and he must have been entrusted with it by somebody in Europe for sale. The cost of it in Europe might come to Rs. 7,000 or 8,000. They had only the balance to be divided and for that sum Rs. 300 would be a fair commission. He observed that although the first accused had taken the sole responsibility, he believed it was only to screen the second accused.

His Worship further observed that cocaine was not manufactured in India, and it could only be brought by sea. He therefore thought that the accused should be severely dealt with and sentenced them to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 each.

The Magistrate after concluding his judgment observed that Superintendent Sullivan, Mr. Smith and Mr. Watkin, Assistant Collectors of Customs, and Inspector Morris deserved great commendation and praise for the way in which they had effected the capture.

In this connection it may be observed that this is the biggest capture of illicit cocaine made in Bombay.

The biggest seizure of cocaine which had previously been made in Bombay was in 1910 when Inspector Stenson arrested two men for the possession of cocaine. A quantity of 430,080 grains of cocaine was found upon them. They were sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment each.

HALF OF A CURRENCY NOTE.

In the Presidency Magistrates Court on the Esplanade, before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Ramdas Virji was charged with cheating the Currency Office by false representations in respect of a hundred rupee currency note.

The complaint was that the accused had applied to the currency office for one hundred rupees on presentation of one half of a currency note, saying that the other half of the note had been lost. As the other half of the note was presented at the Currency Office in 1910 by one Damodhar Kevalkar and money had been paid on it, the accused was handed over to the police.

Further hearing was adjourned.

ROBBING HIS FRIEND.

Before Mr. Gulamhusain R. Kairaz, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Karimbux Mongtu, a Pathan, was charged with the theft of Rs. 27-8-0 from the trunk of Rahaman Dalin, another Pathan, who lived in the same room with him. It appears that the accused, during the absence of the complainant, opened his box by means of a duplicate key and removed the money. The complainant returning home discovered the theft and reported it to the police.

The accused was arrested on suspicion and the money was recovered from him. He was sentenced to three weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THROWN FROM A TELEPHONE POST.

A young Hindu named Garihar Budhu, employed in the Bombay Telephone company met with a fatal accident on Friday.

It appears he went up a telephone post on Tardeo Road to repair the wires which had been bent by the fall of a tree. There was a rope tied to the post by one end, the other end of the rope lying loose on the road. A victoria passed by and the loose end of the rope became entangled with the wheel of the carriage. The motion of the vehicle gave the post a sudden jerk, throwing the man off and fracturing his skull. He was carried to the Sir J. J. Hospital where he died the same night.

An inquest was held on the body and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MANCHESTER WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutton & Co., Ld., write from Manchester on Thursday, Sept. 25:—

Cotton figures from August 31st last to last Friday.

	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	451,350	516,030
Liverpool Stock. American cotton ...	280 860	359,920
American def'd Spinnets for the week...	188,000	138,000
American into sight for the week.....	491,000	343,000
American into sight for the week.....	856,030	769,030
Receipts at American Ports	652,000	530,000
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton	2,306,000	2,376,000
Visible Supply. American cotton	1,399,000	1,509,000
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton.....	130,000	88,000
Visible Supply. East Indian (Surat)	152,000	106,000
Visible Supply. East Indian (Bombay Green).....	464,000	431,000
Visible Supply. Other kinds of cotton	151,000	142,000

The prices for American Current Month during the week have been Sept. 19th 7·28 1-2, 20th 7·37 1-2, 22nd 7·48, 23rd 7·50, 24th 7·49 and to-day at noon 7·55—Spot Mid American being quoted Sept. 19th 7·57, 20th 7 72, 22nd 7·81, 23rd 7·81 24th 7·95 and to-day 7·89.

As will be seen from these figures Cotton prices still continne to advance and one begins to wonder when a halt will be called although most of the news with regard to the crop and other points which have an effect on Cotton values all seem to be bullish, and it is perhaps not surprising to find top prices maintained. American Cotton has touched the highest point this week for over two years—it is necessary to go back to July 1911 to find equivalent quotations.

Reports of bad weather, predictions of frost, anticipation that the proposed, Futures tax in America will be either amended or eliminated altogether, the fact that Stocks in New York are dangerously small, the South being indifferent sellers and added to these a report that Messrs. Neill Bros., were about to issue a very "bullish" circular have all helped to force prices up.

There does not seem however to be any need as yet to get into a panic, about the supply of the raw material, we have had these scares before and in the end prices have fallen away just as quickly as they advanced; but at the same time some heed must be given to the unfavourable reports and a general apprehension as to prices for this season supply must necessarily be felt. In spite of all the rumours and alarms regarding the crop which are now being handed over from the states the official weather may does not show the weather as recorded day by day to be such as to bring about anything to warrant the advances we have been experiencing, and it is quite likely that the position to-day is being just as much under-estimated as it was over-estimated some weeks ago.

The condition in the Cloth market in Manchester continues very embarrasing both to Salesmen and Buyers. Naturally one does not wish to buy at the highest point of the market, but this is a matter of doubt as to whether he present is the highest pont, or whether, the assurance of some people that higher prices will yet be seen are worth while considering. There is more of a demand apparant, but it is in the volume of enquiry and not in the increase of business done. The advance has been so continued that it has not allowed the different Markets to get into line, but as soon as prices become steady at something below what they are at present, there is every sign of some good business being done.

Both China and India are offering but not much goes through beyond a few Fancies or Specialities. Stocks are in demand and if prices keep firm these will no doubt soon all be cleared. the smaller markets seem to have missed their opportunity, and are now willing to pay prices ruling some weeks ago, but without much result, and all round very little new business is doing.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS.

G. I. P. RY. COMPANY.

The following is the Comparative Statement of Traffic Earnings, for week ending 20th Sept. 1913 :—

	Miles open.	Total for the week.	Earnings for previous weeks.	Total to date.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 20th Sept 1913.				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2355·69	1337300	36709384	38046634
A. D. C. Ry	125·38	38500	902002	940502
B.-Kotah Ry ...	40·29	4500	73385	78385
Total...	2021·36	1380300	37685221	39065521
Earnings for ordg. 7 days ending 20th Sept. 1912				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2791·13	1303229	34766760	36069989
A.D.C.Ry	125·38	35949	912026	947975
B.-Kotah By. ...	40·29	4340	88545	92885
Total...	2957·30	1343518	35767331	37110849
Increase or Decrease		+	+	+
G.I.P.Ry.	+ 64·56	+ 34071	1943574	1976645
A.D.CRy.	...	+ 2551	— 10023	— 7473
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	...	+ 160	— 14660	— 14500

NOTE.—Corrected with Audited figures upto 31st July 1913.

A mass meeting of Mahomedans living in northern Calcutta was held yesterday afternoon at Soortibagan to raise subscriptions in aid of the Cawnpore mosque. Prince Ghulam Mahomed, Sheriff of Calcutta, presided and the proceedings were conducted in Urdu, Hindi and Bengali.

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THE
Bombay Gazette
Monday, 13th October, 1913.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

Under the auspices of the Franco-British Travel Congress, held at Marble Arch House, on September 24, and attended by a large and influential section of French and English society, the case for the Channel Tunnel was put in its most hopeful aspect by Baron Emile d'Erlanger, chairman of the Channel Tunnel Company, and Sir Francis Fox. The Baron undertook to show that the tunnel would have advantages, strategic, economic, and financial, of the most undoubted merit, while Sir Francis Fox threw the best engineering light on the project. The subject is especially alive now—though the *Times* relegated the report of the first day's doings of the Travel Congress to the columns of its financial supplement—for it is under the serious consideration of the Committee of Imperial Defence. The scheme of the Company, who ardently desire to construct the tunnel, places the entrance on the English side in the valley behind Dover Castle. This situation will reassure those who dread the tunnel as an opportunity for foreign invasion, for the British end would be under direct command of the guns of the fort as well as of any other defence works the Committee of Imperial Defence might desire to see erected. From Dover to Sangatte, near Calais, the tunnel in the form of twin tubes, would, if allowed, pursue its 24 miles' course, under the uneasy Channel. The cost of the construction work is to be fairly divided between the French and English Companies, one doing 12 miles and the other the same, each country being besides responsible for the portion on its own territory. At the English end a great electric power station is to provide motive power for the trains, light them and the tunnel, and give a due supply of compressed air for ventilation. This establishment would also be within effective reach of the Dover Castle guns.

The cost, £16,000,000, of the undertaking will fall equally on the French and English Companies. Baron Emile d'Erlanger lightly laid the bogey of invasion, as a danger that the tunnel could not possibly harbour, for even were the entrance seized, he held that the concentrated fire of the forts would paralyse the enemy, and give time for the destruction of the tunnel. This, as Sir Francis Fox showed, is simple enough, for the opening of a valve would let in sufficient water to flood it, so that even a rat could not pass through and the water would stay there until peace was concluded. The danger of invasion is, to these experts, nothing more than a chimera. The Baron dwelt on the importance of the tunnel as a safe food-carrier in case of a European war, urging that by its means the British fleet would be left to its own primary duty of offence and defence. In alliance with France, the transport of troops would become a simple thing, and in the tunnel they would not be a target for bombs from the airships or aeroplanes of the enemy. When the economic side of the question was unfolded by the speaker, he seemed to revel in showing that it would be a factor in increasing the volume of trade between England and France which at present does not expand in the same proportion as that between France and other continental countries. The tunnel, would adjust this important matter besides capturing at least 65 per cent. of the passenger traffic between the two countries. The Baron calculates that two million travellers would be in yearly transit once the tunnel way was open, and open it could be in four years, if begun now. Then followed a most attractive array of figures going to prove that a net profit of £1,135,000 would remain to the Companies on their capital of £16,000,000 spent on the enterprise. Even this handsome profit he considered below the mark that would be reached in reality.

The engineering problem of the tunnel seems, as explained by Sir Francis Fox, a very simple one. The grey chalk that forms both the French and English coasts at Dover and Sangatte is of a most accommodating depth, being 87 feet thick at the English end and 70 near Calais. It has a natural gift of "puddling" itself and thus becoming impervious to water. It is believed to be free from fissures and not likely to indulge in slides, for it contains as far as is known, no flints. Even were it not so well disposed for the work, the new grouting system to be adopted in the construction would be quite defence enough against any threat of slide or fissure. Two single track circular tunnels, 36 feet apart in their bed of chalk, are planned to take the trains, each of them giving 18 feet net internal diameter. This leaves room for a pathway as well as the railway lines and the electric current carriers. Electric locomotives will haul the trains. These tunnels will be lined throughout with cast-iron segments and gronted outside with a cement covering to prevent leakage through or corrosion of the tunnel plates. For ventilation the idea is to blow 45,000 cubic feet of air per minute into each line of way in the direction the trains travel. This would about equal a fair light breeze, and it would provide fresh air along the 31 miles of track, 24 of which only would be under the sea. Inflammable material will not be employed on any of the rolling-stock, and every precaution to prevent fire in the case of accidental short circuiting will be taken. Even should such precautions, by any ill chance, fail, there would always be the footpath along which passengers could make their way to safety. The promoters of the Channel Tunnel project have certainly the courage of their convictions, and if they succeed in gaining Government permission or even a grudging acquiescence in their proposal, they have a magnificent prospect of illustrating what the latest engineering and electrical devices can do for a scheme that no one else has attempted and in a place that has never been exploited. They will not have to reconcile vested interests with brand new arrangements but can start fair on a fresh field on which no claim but their own has been staked.

A FORMER BOMBAY EDUCATIONIST.

We referred the other day to the chequered history of the baronetcy held by the late Sir William Hamilton, whose eminent father is connected with Bombay through one of his pupils, Dr. John Harkness, who was the first Dean in Arts in our newly-founded University in 1859 and was the first Principal of the Elphinstone College from 1845 till his retirement in 1862. Harkness was succeeded in the latter year as head of the Elphinstone College by the holder of another baronetcy which has an interesting history, similar to that of the title of the Hamiltons of Preston. Sir Alexander Grant, who later was also head of the Education Department of Bombay Presidency when he severed his ten years' connection on being elected Principal of the University of Edinburgh on the death in 1868 of Sir David Brewster, was a scholar of European reputation made by his masterly edition of the Ethics of Aristotle known everywhere and not yet displaced though nearly sixty years have elapsed since the first edition appeared a little before the arrival in this country. He was a baronet, but his title like that of Hamilton brought him neither money nor land, and his father, the seventh baronet, had been obliged to go to Jamaica and marry a British lady in the West Indies. The title was first conferred on James Grant of Dalvey in 1688 a little before the revolution by James II. On the accession of William of Orange, however, Sir James Grant was ruined as he held out for the exiled King. He was imprisoned and died in broken circumstances a few years later. The baronetcy had been conferred by James II. with a special remainder to all heirs male whatsoever, as Sir James Grant had no issue. But his brother Ludovic who rightfully succeeded to the title, did not assume it owing to the position of the family as ruined Jacobites.

His cousin, Suetonius Grant, who should have been the next baronet, being intent on settling in America, negotiated the sale of the title, it is said, to a distant cousin, Alexander Grant, who was a merchant in London and pretty well off, and himself proceeded to New York. The descendants of this Alexander Grant have continued to hold the title till our day. It must be added that Suetonius Grant, after emigrating to America, married, and had a son who threatened to claim the baronetcy as rightfully belonging to him, the so-called sale by his father being, of course, illegal, from Alexander's family; but as he soon died leaving no heir, the latter were undisturbed in their possession. Colonel Tod, the famous Anglo-Indian and author of the Annals of Rajasthan, was descended from the Suetonius Grant through his mother who was his granddaughter, and it is in his memoir that the story of curious sale of the title is mentioned. Sir Alexander Grant, when he looked to India for a career, had several other connections in this country besides the Tods. But he and his younger brother who joined the Indian Army and was killed during the Mutiny, were sent out through the interest of his uncle who was a supporter of Sir Robert Peel and a member of the Board of Control for India during the latter's first administration. A little before Sir Alexander came to this country the old system of nomination to the Civil Service by the Directors of the East India Company had been abolished, otherwise he would probably have been appointed to that service. But having a distinguished Oxford career, he was offered an educational appointment by Sir Charles Trevelyan when the latter went to Madras for his brief governorship there. From Madras Grant soon came to Bombay and became in a few years Principal of Elphinstone College, where he left a permanent mark upon the Indian students, many of whom have distinguished themselves in various walks of life. One of Sir Alexander's sons is at present in the Indian Civil Service serving in the Frontier Province.

THE CHANCELLOR'S LAND SPEECH.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE provided for himself a fine stage on which to open his great land campaign. Doubtless the solid rows of fifty stalwart members of the House sitting solemnly behind him gave to the speaker and to the occasion the sense of importance which was desired. The meeting seems to have been well-arranged on a spectacular scale, in order to disguise the vagueness of the Chancellor's speech. Reuter has supplied us with a fairly long summary, and apparently Mr. Lloyd George devoted himself, for a considerable portion of the two and a half hours, which his speech occupied, to cursing the landlord in such round and general terms as he knows well how to employ. Then right at the end of his harangue he rattled off a few general statements as to the Government's intentions. The labourer must have a good house and a piece of land and the State must help him to get them. He must be given expert tuition how to cultivate his holding and facilities to take his produce to the market. This is all very well as platform oratory; but why does not Mr. George give us some idea in what way all this is to be done and how the money is to be provided? He probably refrains from so doing for fear of the consternation which will be caused when the total cost of his scheme is known. Obviously such a programme as he has vaguely outlined cannot be carried out without enormous expense being thrown upon the tax-payer. Everyone knows that the agricultural labourer is not as well off as he should be. His worst grievance is that he is badly housed, and in some districts, but not in all, he is poorly paid. It has to be remembered, what many platform speakers like to forget, that the labourer can live very well on small wages because all his principal requirements he can get very cheaply. These facts are recognised and the average voter will ask why should he be called on to pay for a vast scheme like Mr. Lloyd George's in order that the labourer may be given a weather-tight cottage and another shilling or two to his wages.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE PANAMA CANAL.

PRESIDENT WILSON has chosen a happy moment to make an important statement with regard to the Panama tolls, seeing that it comes just at the time when the last great barrier of the canal has been broken down. That the American President should make the admission that Great Britain is right in her contention is a matter for no surprise, for the action is on a par with other proofs of high statesmanship which Dr. Wilson has given, and if he can bring about an amendment of the Canal Act, which is such a flagrant piece of international immorality, he will add another to his legislative triumphs. The tolls question is a very simple one; there is neither room for argument nor for attempts at defence of the American attitude which would seek to differentiate against other nations using the Panama. The clause in the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, entered into between Great Britain and the United States on November 18, 1901, with reference to the canal is perfectly clear. That clause reads:—"The canal shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations observing these rules (for neutrality) on terms of entire equality, so that there shall be no discrimination against any such nation, or its citizens or subjects, in respect to the conditions or charges of traffic or otherwise. Such conditions and charges of traffic shall be just and equitable." This is not the only violation of a treaty on the matter which could be quoted, but it is sufficient to show that there should never have been an attempt to try and discriminate against any nation. There is a very large and responsible section of American public opinion which will support President Wilson in his frank statement, but the matter should not be allowed to rest with the mere acknowledgment of the breaking of a treaty obligation.

The officiating Lieutenant-Governor of United Provinces left Simla yesterday.

SIR HANCOURT BUTLER, Education Member, will leave Simla on October 13, for Bombay and Bangalore, returning to Simla at the beginning of November. Sir Reginald Craddock will then leave for Calcutta.

ROUND THE TOWN.

A CASUAL CAUSERIE OF LIFE'S LITTLE VANITIES.

"MARY GOES FIRST."

LONDON, Sept. 25.

"Mary" is Miss Maria Tempest: the play is by Mr. Henry Arthur Jones at his best and the theatre is the "Playhouse" vacated by Mr. Cyril Maude on account of his trip to America; so you can imagine the whole piece is excellent good fun. Mary is a resident in a provincial town and represents the upper middle class society the leader of which, on the distaff side, is Lady Dodsworth. Lady Dodsworth has obtained the precedence through her husband having bought or otherwise annexed a knighthood. A certain young solicitor who was by way of being a "knut" and partly with an eye to the main chance gave a dinner party to celebrate Dodsworth's title; he, it may be mentioned, had actually obtained it by building a sanatorium. Mary sent word to him that he was to take her in to dinner and not her ladyship. As he could not do that he presented her with the bouquet he had ordered for Lady Dodsworth. The latter was naturally as heavy and vulgar as Mary was dainty and chic. They talked at each other during dinner and afterwards in the drawingroom. When Lady Dodsworth fled to an anteroom, because she could no longer contain her temper, Mary ingeniously drew attention to her paint, powder and yellow wig. Lady Dodsworth, of course, overheard and after raging thunderously, she instructed her husband, a mass of pomposity, to obtain an apology. Not only this but the apology must be made in writing. Mary would have none of it. She meant to carry the day. Each consulted his lawyer.—Mary's husband who loved peace, much against his will as all he desired was to hush the matter up. Mary was for fighting and fighting hard, and not only that, she meant to have her husband made a baronet. It should be mentioned that electioneering was in the air, so Mary meant that her husband should win the seat and so pave the way to the Baronetcy. Unfortunately Mary's husband was not of the fibre that successful politicians are made. When the party desired him to throw up Sunday golf, he gave up the idea of politics. Then the Dodsworths issued a writ for slander, a piece of bluff. Mary was unnerved slightly but still preserved her defiant attitude. The Lady Dodsworth made up her mind that she could not take her wig and paint to a jury so fled the town. Eventually, of course, she came back with her hair, figure, etc., are natural when Mary was nice to her and atoned for past misdeeds. You will readily realise that Miss Marie Tempest had a part that fitted her like the proverbial glove. One of the principal points in the preliminary "puffs" was the fact that in the scene, there was only one door. The reason was apparent when at the end of the play, the curtain fell on each of them striving to give the other precedence through its portals.

THE AMERICAN COMEDY.

Why it is I know not, but managers lately seem to hold the opinion that American plays are what the British public wants, and in consequence we have been suffering from a glut of trans-Atlantic comedy of the most acute kind. Possibly they are under the impression that it will "catch on" as did Ragtime. There was the "Scarlet Band" at the Comedy Theatre, though this, with the exception of the first act, was almost a success. However it only ran a couple of weeks, I fancy, because the "white slave traffic" was included in the theme.

It is a pity, as, on the whole, the play deserved a better fate; there was in it one of the most delightful detectives I have seen for a long time, an author who wrote detective stories and followed up all sorts of crimes in order to serve the solutions up as serial stories. In the case round which the play was built, by chance he had engaged as a typist the very woman who murdered the chief of a gang of white-slave-traders and reconstructed the crime so truthfully when dictating it to her that she had perforce to admit the murder. On learning how she had been duped and the reason of the crime, he proceeded to assist her in laying the remaining members of the gang by the heels instead of handing her over to justice. As the author-detective, Mr. Fisher White gave a wonderfully characteristic performance. Miss Marie Dow—seen here some years ago with William Gillette—was the heroine and right royally she played it.

THE PROCESS OF REJUVENATION

The second of the recent American Invasion is "Years of Discretion" at the Globe Theatre. The play treats on the adventures of a woman, a widow of 48, who has been cooped up all her life and who means to have her fling before she settles down to crochet work for the remainder of her days. To this end she seeks the assistance of a French maid and the hospitality of a woman-friend with the result that she appears, in full warpaint of false hair, special corsets and various etceteras, as as a fetching widow of thirty who subjugates immediately three men—a big game hunting, manly men—splendidly played by Aubrey Smith—an Irishman and a socialistic humbug who jaws about free love and is after her money. She has a prig of a son, an admirably drawn character, who implores her to come back home and darn his socks like a true mother should, even threatening to make her a grandmother, if she is obdurate and only banished by her saying that if he made her twice a grandmother it would have no effect. And then she finds that her shoes pinch her too much, the special corsets nearly strangle her, and the banting regime she has to practise at the instigation of her lady's maid, leaves her with a continual vacuum which after the manner of vacuums clamours to be filled. The Socialist terrifies her by his brutality and then hides outside her bedroom window to see with whom is her next appointment. The Irishman nearly stifles her in an impassioned embrace and she calls him a cave man; remains alone the 'hero' whom she marries. On the eve of the honeymoon she is miserable because she has really fallen in love with her husband, but dreads travelling and is afraid she cannot keep up the rejuvenation, and he is miserable because he wants to settle down quietly, wear glasses to read with and a skull-cap to keep off the evening air. Eventually they confide in one another and the curtain falls on them happy if not smart, she in her loose attire and he in his skull-cap and slippers. Miss Ellen Irving is delightful in parts that suit her, but she is primarily an emotional actress and had not the piquancy necessary to make the widow plausible. In addition it does not seem right to the English taste for 48 to go in for passionate love scenes. It offends the susceptibilities. It is a pity, too, that Charles Hannan usually so bountiful, has seen fit to do away with the theatre orchestra. One's spirits gradually descended in ratio to the progress of the play, whereas if there had been an orchestra, one could have been cheered up during the intervals with the result that the piece might have passed muster.

MIND VERSUS MATTER.

The speech made by Sir Oliver Lodge at the British Association came as something akin to a bombshell. That a scientist of such high order should believe in anything so chimerical as the soul-shocked the worthy botanists, biologist, zoologists and what not, to the verge of a mental earthquake. Of course the papers here followed suit although they did in some cases confess themselves open to proof. Nevertheless, apart from the knock which Sir Oliver gave to the materialists, I think his speech as such was one of the finest pleas for "fair favour" and an open mind that I have ever read. You, in India, brought into close contact with nature as a whole, very often, the raw edges of it, obtain a knowledge to which the scientist with his eyes glued to a microscope or a spectroscope, is blind.

"I see," he said, "the whole of material existence as a steady passage from past to future, only the single instant which we call the present being actual. Existence is like the output from a loom. The pattern, the design for the weaving, is in some sort there already; but whereas our looms are mere machines once the guiding cards have been fed into them, the loom of time is complicated by a multitude of free agents who can modify the web, making the product more beautiful or more ugly according as they are in harmony or discord with the general scheme. Nothing is inexorable except the progress of time, the cloth must be woven but the pattern is not wholly fixed and mechanically calculable."

Whatever one may be, materialist or spiritualist, the above form the man who did the pioneer work in wireless telegraphy gives one to think

R. E. G.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon accompanied by Mr. Gibson, Private Secretary, Major Greig, Military Secretary, Capt. Vaughan and Capt. Goldie, Aids-de-Camp arrived in Bombay at 10 a.m., on Saturday morning and stopped here for a few hours, on their return from Simla to Poona. Their Excellencies were also accompanied by Miss Beaumont Nesbitt, niece of his Excellency. They alighted at the Victoria Terminus and were received by Mr. MacFie, Commissioner of Police, Mr. Griffiths, Deputy Commissioner of Police, C. I. D., Mr. Rumboll, General Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. and a few others.

His Excellency after shaking hands with those present paid a visit to the Secretariat and then went to Government House. Her Excellency went to Government House direct on arrival. They returned to the station by motor about ten minutes to two and after a few minutes conversation with those present departed for Poona at 2 p.m.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

Captain C. G. A. Cooper, 77th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is transferred to the Home Establishment.

Captain Marsh, 9th Gurkhas, has been selected for the appointment of Military Attache at Mesned.

Colonel T. H. Hardy, I. A. is appointed Officiating Assistant Quarter-General, Quetta Division.

Brigadier-General Fanshaw, commanding Jubbulpore Brigade, is promoted Major-General from October 6.

Lieut. Irod, 2nd Batt. Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, is appointed Adjutant, of the 4th South Lancashire Regiment, Territorial Force.

Colonel G. W. Mitchell, I. A., is permitted to retire from September 30.

Major-General H. Mullaly, R. E., is permitted to reside out of India from August 16.

An exchange has been approved between Lieut. Wurtele, 93rd Bat., Royal Field Artillery Hyderabad, and Lieut. Eden, 127th. Batt., Royal Field Artillery, at Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Lieut. Elliott, No. 11 Co., Royal Garrison Artillery, is transferred to No. 70 Co., Royal Garrison Artillery Aden.

TO PUT DOWN DACOITY.

LARGE REWARDS FOR CAPTURES OF CRIMINALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11.

The Government of Bengal have directed the district magistrates to grant a substantial reward to any person who arrests and hands over to the police a criminal caught in the act of committing a dacoity. In the case of each unarmed dacoit this reward will amount to Rs. 500 while in the case of each dacoit armed with fire-arms or a sword the reward will amount to Rs. 1,500.

MAHARAJA OF DHOLPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 11.

The Maharaja of Dholpur was formally invested on Oct 8, with full governing powers in his State, by Sir Elliot Colvin.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arcadia," arrived at Plymouth on the morning of October 10.

SHIP BURNT IN MID-ATLANTIC.

135 PERSONS MISSING.

TERRIBLE SCENES ON BOARD.

EIGHT LINERS TO THE RESCUE.

TERRIFIC SEAS INTERFERE.

The steamer "Volturno," with 22 first-class passengers, 538 steerage and 96 crew, proceeding from Rotterdam to New York, has been burnt in mid-Atlantic.

One hundred and thirty-five persons are reported to be missing, including two boat-loads of people for whom a futile search has been made.

Wireless messages brought eight liners to the scene, but terrific seas interfered with the work of rescue, and rendered their boats helpless for a long time.

The cabin passengers were composed mostly of Germans and Russians and there were no English.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The steamer "Volturno," bound from Rotterdam for New York, has been burnt in mid-Atlantic and abandoned. There were 757 passengers, mostly emigrants, of whom 236 have not been accounted for.—Reuter.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

Rescues were effected by nine in the morning of Oct. 10., in a latitude of 48.25, longtitude 34.33.

The "Volturno" is a British vessel which left Rotterdam on Oct. 2. She did not call at any British port and was bound for Halifax.—Reuter.

LATER.

The passenger list of the "Volturno" included 22 first class, 538 steerage, and 96 crew. Hence, there are 135 missing. No English were among the "Volturno's" cabin passengers: they were mostly Germans and Russians.—Reuter.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The "Carmania" received a distress call from the "Volturno", 78 miles away, that she was on fire with six hundred emigrants on board. The "Carmania" proceeded at full speed, making over twenty knots in the teeth of the gale and found the "Volturno" burning fiercely forward. Her propellers had fouled the boat tackle and only two boats had got safely away. Four had been smashed by terrific seas and the occupants drowned.

HELP SUMMONED BY WIRELESS.

The "Carmania's" first officer went in a boat and for two hours made most gallant efforts to reach the "Volturno," till all except three oars were smashed.

Meanwhile, Captain Barr, of the "Carmania," kept sending wireless messages to all neighbouring liners, and cleverly manœuvred his ship within 100ft. of the "Volturno's" stern. The seas, however, made rescues impossible. It was terrible to see the passengers, women and children, all with life-belts, huddled in the stern, while the crew were forward fighting the flames.

The storm moderated later and the boats made another attempt at rescue, but with no success owing to the growing darkness and the heavy seas.—Reuter.

DIFFICULTIES OF RESCUE.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

Meanwhile eight liners had arrived. Searchlights were erected and straggling swimmers were picked up. At nine in the evening, flames burst amidships from the engine-room, followed by an explosion.

The spectacle of the passengers and crew on the burning ship surrounded by thousands of people who were eager to succour them, aboard an international fleet, was almost indescribable. The dreadful enforced idleness continued till daybreak. The "Volturno" is still afloat and masses of passengers are huddled together in her poop.

The sea has moderated and a flotilla of boats is gathered in the "Volturno's" stern.

GERMAN LINER'S MESSAGE.

LATER.

The liner "Grosser Kurfuerst" has sent the following wireless message: "We received appeals for help from the "Volturno" at four o'clock on Thursday afternoon. We found her entirely on fire, the cause apparently having been a violent explosion forward, in which several passengers and crew were killed. Two of our boats were under way all night, from nine o'clock in the evening till 3-15 in the morning. It was almost impossible to approach the wreck owing to heavy seas. Rescue was only possible by jumping overboard. The "Volturno" sent out a boat with five men who were picked up, but the boat sank immediately. Altogether about a hundred are missing.

The "Carmania" and the "Touraine" thoroughly searched, the scene of the disaster, and a search is now being made for two of the "Volturno's" boats full of people, but it is probable that the search will be fruitless. The wreck is a danger to navigation."—Reuter.

THE AUSTRIAN NAVAL PROGRAMME.

VIENNA, Oct. 10.

The *Neue Freie Presse* is informed by the Naval Department that at the forthcoming meeting the delegations will be asked for no credits for fresh naval construction, but only for an instalment for ships already sanctioned.—Reuter.

CONFISCATION TROUBLE IN PORTUGAL.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 12.

Preparations are being made for arbitration by England, France and Spain with Portugal on the question of the confiscation of church property of their citizens.—Reuter.

NEW CHINA.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT.

BOMBS FOUND IN POLICE CHIEF'S HOUSE.

PEKIN, Oct. 10.

Chen, the chief of the Mounted Police, was arrested to-day and his house searched. Bombs were found there, whereupon Chen confessed that the Southern rebels had bribed him to attempt to assassinate Yuan Shih-K'ai. Suspicion was aroused by Chen seeking a position at to-day's ceremonies.

PRESIDENT'S POLICY.

Yuan Shih-K'ai, in his presidential address, expressed himself in favour of progress, but not of extreme Radical methods. He emphasised the fact that capital and education were essential to China's development.

Afterwards, in reply to an address from the Diplomatic Corps, he assured them that treaties and contracts would be strictly observed and the rights of foreigners respected.—Reuter.

POWERS' FIRM SUPPORT.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The *Times*, to-day, with reference to the Republic, says that China has displayed none of the qualities requisite to the organisation of new forms of popular Government and has not even succeeded in drafting a constitution. Thus, Yuan Shih-K'ai is free to govern by all the time-honoured expedients of benevolent despotism and the power of the purse.

The interests of the Foreign Powers have at present been met by the formal acknowledgment of existing treaty obligations. The Powers can best assist China by firmly supporting Yuan Shih-K'ai's authority, which is vital in the matter of f reign loans. The political panaceas of the Western world are at present inapplicable to China. The best hope of terminating the present unrest resides in the united policy of the Powers to support Yuan-Shih-K'ai and discountenance any weakening of his authority in the provinces.

The other papers make no comment.—Reuter.

JEW'S TRIAL.

SEVERE PRESS CRITICISM OF RUSSIAN JUSTICE.

KIEFF, Oct. 10.

A sensation was caused to-day in connection with the trial of the Jew, Beyliss, by an article in the Conservative anti-Semite newspaper, *Kievlianin*, denouncing in most vehement terms the flimsy indictment against Beyliss, which was based on a most infamous superstition against the whole religion. The article proceeds to deplore the fact of the Russian judiciary appearing before the world in such a pitiful guise, and concludes: "You, who are talking of ritual murders, are yourselves offering Beyliss as a human sacrifice. You have treated him like a rabbit on a vivisecting table."

The *Kievlianin*, which is a penny paper, is being now sold at six shillings a copy in the streets owing to its having been confiscated.—Reuter.

BRAVERY IN SOMALILAND.

PROJECTED MEMORIAL TO MR. CORFIELD.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

Lord Dundonald and Colonel Hickman have consented to become members of the committee, which is organising a memorial to Mr. Corfield, the commandant of the Somaliland Camel Corps, for his gallantry in Somaliland.—Reuter.

DEATH OF PRINCE KATSURA.

GENEROUS APPRECIATIONS IN GERMANY AND LONDON.

PEKIN, Oct. 10.

The death is announced at Tokio of Prince Katsura, who was three times Premier.—Reuter.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The *Morning Post* publishes a very sympathetic article in connection with the death of Prince Katsura, who, it says, was one of the greatest of Japan's sons.

The *Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung* also contains a sympathetic article in this connection, and remarks that Germany loses by his death one of her best friends in Japan. The paper says that Prince Katsura kept in affectionate remembrance the time he spent in Berlin and that to tell the story of his life is to relate the history of modern Japan.—Reuter.

[Prince Taro Katsura was born at Chosin in 1847, and he married a daughter of the Marquess Inouye. He was educated at the Military School in Prussia. He entered the Japanese Army in 1867, and in the following year took part in the war of Restoration as the result of which the Mikado was re-established on his throne. From 1875–8 he was Military Attache to the Japanese Legation at Berlin, and visited Germany again for a military purpose in 1884. He was Vice-Minister of the Army from 1886–91, carrying out an extensive Army reform. After this he returned to achieve military employment, becoming Commander-in-Chief of the Third Division. From 1891–5 he served in the Chino-Japanese War, and at its conclusion became in 1896 Governor-General of Formosa. From 1896–8 he was Chief Commandant of the Tokyo Bay Defence, from 1898–1900, War Minister. He became Prime Minister in 1901, holding that distinguished position until 1906, and again achieved a similar honour in 1908.]

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

SENSATION IN WEST END SYNAGOGUE.

JEWESSES' APPEAL TO PROVIDENCE.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

During the Day of Atonement service at the West End Synagogue, to-day, a number of Jewesses created a sensation by exclaiming, "May God forgive Herbert Samuel and Rufus Isaacs for denying freedom to women. May God forgive them for consenting to the torture of women."

The interrupters then left. Their names were taken.—Reuter.

FRANCE AND SPAIN.

TALK OF THE LATTER JOINING THE TRIPLE ENTENTE.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The rapprochement between France and Spain and the extreme cordiality existing between the two Governments, manifested during M. Poincare's visit, is much discussed by the French papers, some of which talk of Spain joining the Triple Entente. This view is scarcely accepted in Spain itself.

King Alfonso and M. Poincare have gone to Cartagena, where a British battleship has arrived to pay its respects to the distinguished visitors. The compliment is much appreciated.—Reuter.

TELEGRAMS OF THANKS TO KING GEORGE.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

King Alfonso and President Poincare sent a joint telegram to King George, thanking him for sending a battleship to Cartagena and assuring King George of their cordial friendship.

During the toasts at luncheon on board the French battleship "Diderot," both referred to the Mediterranean as the cradle of Franco-Spanish civilisation.

M. Poincare afterwards sailed for Marseilles.—Reuter.

THE COTTON STRIKE.

MASTERS IN FAVOUR OF A LOCK-OUT.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners has passed unanimously a resolution in favour of a general lock-out, beginning on November 25, in the event of the Beehive Mill strikers failing to return to work.

It transpires that though the majority at yesterday evening's meeting of the Bolton operatives supported the continuance of strike pay, a strong section opposed it. Both parties agreed to press the Amalgamation's Executive to call a delegate meeting, those in favour of a strike intimating that if this meeting declared against the Beehive Mill strikers, they would unite in pressing the strikers to resume work.—Reuter.

DELEGATE MEETING CALLED.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 11.

The Amalgamation's Executive has decided to call a delegate meeting on November 18, to advise the ending of the Beehive Mill strike.—Reuter.

PANAMA CANAL.

LAST BARRIER REMOVED.

PANAMA, Oct. 10.

Gamboa Dike, the last great barrier on the line of the Canal, was successfully blown up at two o'clock this afternoon.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.

Gamboa Dike was blown up by President Wilson touching a button in White House. Special arrangements had been made for the linking-up, by the various companies, of the land and sea cables over a distance of 4,000 miles.

The explosion removed the last obstruction to navigation on the greater part of the canal for light draught vessels, but considerable dredging work remains to be done before inter-oceanic navigation is possible.—Reuter.

CANAL TOLLS.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

A telegram to the *Times* from Washington says that President Wilson announces that he is convinced of the correctness of the British contention that free Panama Canal tolls for American shipping would violate treaty obligations.—Reuter.

MEXICAN CRISIS.

HUERTA IN POSSESSION OF PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.

A telegram from Mexico City states that President Huerta has placed troops and police in possession of Paliament House. 110 Deputies, who protested, were arrested, but subsequently released. Troops are patrolling the streets. Quickfirers are posted at the palace.

Parliament has been dissolved.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL NATURALISATION BILL.

MR. HERBERT SAMUEL'S PROMISE.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

Speaking at the Canadian Club, Montreal, Mr. Herbert Samuel promised that the Government would introduce a uniform Imperial Naturalisation Bill next session.—Reuter.

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated, to a nicety, impossible with solid fuel.

MR. CHURCHILL'S MISTAKE.

KEEN CRITICISM OF MR. F. E. SMITH.

ARMED PREPAREDNESS TO FIGHT HOME RULE.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Mr. F. E. Smith, speaking at West Bromwich, emphasised the fact that the opinions which he was expressing were entirely his own, as he had had no time to consult his colleagues. He said, however, that Mr. Winston Churchill was ludicrously wrong in thinking that Home Rule could be forced on Ulster under the Parliament Act. In four months there would be 100,000 men in the North of Ireland with guns on their shoulders ready to resist it. But Mr. Churchill had shown a knowledge of the fundamental facts which none of his colleagues had publicly admitted. Mr. Smith pointed out that the temporary exclusion of Ulster, which Mr. Churchill admitted as possible, could only be ended with Ulster's consent. There could be no compromise based on Ulster's inclusion.—Reuter.

READINESS OF LIBERALS TO COMPROMISE.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

Sir John Simon, speaking at Kilmarnock, said that the Government would never abandon the principle of a responsible Irish Executive, but it would gladly co-operate in suggestions for a compromise consistent with that principle.

Speaking at Glasgow, Mr. Ure said that the Government was prepared to insert reasonable safeguards for Ulster, provided the essence of the Bill were not sacrificed.

The Ulster Liberal Association has issued a manifesto to the British electors, saying that the establishment of a separate Government for Ulster or any part of it would result in disorder and chaos.—Reuter.

THE LAND CAMPAIGN.

OPENED BY THE CHANCELLOR AT BEDFORD.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

Mr. Lloyd George opened his land campaign at Bedford this afternoon.

Earl Beauchamp presided, while on the platform were fifty members of the House of Commons.

On appearing, Mr. Lloyd George was cheered for several minutes.

At the outset, he emphasised the point that there were difficulties in connection with Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment, but that they could easily be adjusted by good-will. Meanwhile the Government desired to lift the people from the mire. The time had come to enquire into the landlords' great power. Landlordism was the greatest of monopolies. They could make and maintain a wilderness. They had legal authority to do more than a foreign invader in a conquered country. They had driven millions away from Ireland.

Turning to the question of ownership, Mr. Lloyd George affirmed that he would not burden the country with a huge national debt in order to perpetuate abuses. The conditions under which the labourer lived in a rich powerful country were a scandal. He expressed sympathy with the farmers. The worst districts were those where the sway of landlordism was greatest. Much uncultivated land had been given to sport, while millions were spent on foreign food. He declared that before we considered the purchase of land, we must recast the whole condition of the monopoly and put it on a businesslike footing.

The labourer must have a living wage, a decent house and a piece of land. He must also be given a ladder to progress and the prospect of becoming a small-holder and cultivator. There must be expert instruction given him and facilities to get his produce to the markets. The State must provide greater facilities to acquire land, especially where it was not cultivated. Financial state aid must be invoked to carry out the scheme.

Mr. Lloyd George spoke for two and a half hours.—Reuter.

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

The following notifications with regard to opium are made:—

(1) In the calendar year 1914 not more than 13,200 uncertified chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale and not more than 1,100 chests in each month of the year.

(2) Of the quantity to be offered for sale in each of the months of January to November, 940 chests will be Benares opium and 160 chests Patna opium; and at the sale in December 941 chests will be Benares opium, and 150 chests will be Patna opium.

(3) Government reserves to itself the right to alter the quantity and class of opium to be offered for sale in each month. No reduction in the quantities to be sold however will be made without three months' previous notice.

OPIUM IN HONG-KONG.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 11.

The *Pioneer* says that with regard to Reuter's statement as to opium in Hongkong, it is understood that proposals from the colony are still under the consideration of the Government of India. The amount of opium required yearly is only four or five hundred chests.

A FATAL KICK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11.

Mr. Lamb, engineer of the Alexander Jute Mills, at Jagatdul, has been arrested on charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. It is alleged that the accused, in course of a quarrel, fatally kicked a Bengalee mill operative.

The accused was placed before the Subdivisional Officer of Barrackpore and allowed bail.

MURPHY MURDER.

SUKHU COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

INNOCENCE OF GUARD ESTABLISHED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. [illegible]

The committal order of the magistrate in the case in which [illegible] will be tried in the Sessions [illegible] the murder of Miss Murphy, [illegible]ished. After detailing with the facts of the case, the magistrate remarks:

"From the medical evidence as well as that of witnesses, who saw the body after death, and also from the condition of the carriage itself, I have not the least doubt that Miss Murphy was attacked during her sleep by a single person, who seized her hair and held her down with his left hand whilst he hacked at her neck and wrists with some short weapon with his right, until he cut through the vertebra, which mercifully terminated the struggle which probably occupied considerably less than a minute. The idea of the outrage may be dismissed from one's mind entirely. At the time of the removal of the body, Miss Murphy was still wearing a gold chain round her neck attached to her watch in her waist-belt. Beneath her body, as it was removed, was discovered a small brown leather bag containing six rupees, three four-anna pieces three one-anna pieces and four pies besides her ticket, etc. Mr. Lyon states she left Gorakhpur with four sovereigns and a ten-rupee note tied up in a handkerchief in her basket-box; of those sovereigns, I note, there is no trace, and I suspect very strongly that the deceased removed them from the box before retiring to rest and placed them in her pocket, and that they have been buried with her body".

ROBERTS EXONERATED.

The order concludes as follows, "In view of the fact that the guard, Roberts, was actually arrested for this murder, whilst Sukhu was in custody under the same charge, I consider it no more than my duty to point out certain circumstances other than the non-continuous foot-boards which appear to me completely to exonerate the guard, Roberts. In the first place there is the nature of the weapon with which the murder was committed. I am unable to conceive of any method by which a European could carry about a naked kukri in his garments without attracting attention. In the second place there is the fact that the murder was committed during the 17 minutes' run from Gour to Babhnan. If the murderer had been a railway official, he would undoubtedly have committed the murder during the very much longer run from Babhnan to Maskanwan. I consider it is the shortness of this run which is mainly responsible for the appearance of the prisoner in the dock. He had precisely seventeen minutes in which, (a) to commit the murder; (b) to rifle the victim and her property; (c) to cover his own tracks.

"APPALLING BLUNDERS."

In the hurry of the moment he committed two appalling blunders in throwing his own "kurta" out of the window with the victim's property, and in tying up his father's dhoti with the kukri which he placed in a bundle in a 3rd class compartment to divert attention from himself. I have no doubt after some hours' anxious consideration fear for himself was the main motive that led him to make an open charge against another, though the hope of some ultimate reward may have been a contributing factor. Thirdly, as regards the guard, we have the fact that the murderer undoubtedly entered the carriage from the north side away from the platform, and assuming that the guard was fully occupied at each station during the short halts of the train, and that he did not choose to compromise himself by entering a first class carriage and disappearing in the face of every body on the platform, I am unable to conceive of any method by which the guard could have made an entry from the far side of the train. Fourthly, the guard was wearing white clothes on duty as usual, and taking into consideration the state of the carriage, which I have directed should be retained intact for the examination of the Sessions Judge and Assessors, it is inconceivable that he could have committed the murder without becoming spotted with blood from head to foot. Finally, we have the significant fact that Sukhu has withdrawn his charge against him. I consider it no more than my duty to Mr. Roberts to set down not only that from my first examination of Sukhu I have been convinced of the guard's innocence, but also that I consider that he performed his duty in a commendable fashion under very trying circumstances. I may add that to the best of my belief all the B. and N. W. Railway officials connected with this case have performed their duty to the best of their ability, and that the tragedy was humanly speaking unavoidable. With these final remarks I commit Sukhu for trial before the Court of Sessions."

EVILS OF CRAMMING.

YUVARAJ'S ADVICE AT MYSORE EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, Oct. 11.

The education court of the Dasara Exhibition was opened by the Yuvaraj this morning in the presence of a large company of visitors, including Lady Daly and the Dewan.

Speaking at length on the practical value of the court, the Yuvaraj deplored the prevalent illiteracy of Mysore people and appealed to the patriotism of teachers as a body to make the best use of the means lately provided for the education of the masses. He deprecated cramming, as it only tended to turn out generations of third-class clerks, and cited the example of the moral, physical, commercial, and industrial culture which had made the Western countries what they were to-day.

A KARACHI FIRM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 11.

The *Sind Gazette* announces that the firm of Messrs Khubchand Tolsichand, well-known piece-goods merchants of Karachi, have suspended payment.

MYSORE BUDGET.

LIBERAL PROVISION FOR PUBLIC OBJECTS.

ESTIMATED DEFICIT OF 26·82 LAKHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, Oct. 11.

The Representative Assembly opened to-day in the presence of a very large gathering of members. Sir Hugh Daly, who was received by the Dewan Visvesvaraya, was present with a large company of the Maharajah's European and Indian guests and all the heads of the State.

The Dewan's address occupied over an hour in delivery, certain concessions and privileges announced by command of the Maharajah being received with loud applause.

The Dewan, in his address to the Representative Assembly, said that the Budget estimates for 1913-1914, framed on the expectation of a normal year, provided for a gross revenue of 257·17 lakhs, and a gross expenditure of 213·55 lakhs. The ordinary estimated revenue and expenditure of the year was 221·53 lakhs and 248·45 lakhs, showing a deficit of 26·82 lakhs. This expenditure was due to especial non-recurring grants to public works, education, agriculture, and industries. From their very nature they would not be repeated, so the deficit need cause no anxiety.

LOSS OF 55 LAKHS ON RAILWAYS.

Government had adequate funds, both in cash and temporary investments. The matter of the surplus revenue of the Civil and Military stations of Bangalore was still under the consideration of the Government of India with regard to the exact amount to be refunded to the Mysore State, and the mode of calculating the surplus to be paid in future. A deputy controllership has been created for the direct charge of the railway and public works, the accounts of which would amount to 65 lakhs during the current year. Although the railway receipts had improved to a certain extent within the past few years, the net result of the railway transactions had resulted in a loss of 55 lakhs, taking only the interest charges paid by the the State into consideration. Government had now embarked on an active railway policy.

A RETROSPECT.

In offering a retrospect of the past thirty years' administration, Mr. Visvesvaraya said that the high standard of efficiency reached in the days of the British Commission has been maintained unimpaired, while steady progress had marked every department of the State. Discussing administrative efficiency, he said, "In a country like ours where the system of departments is on the European model and the staff employed to work them have not fully adopted European business habits an efficiency audit is as much a necessity as a financial audit. Measures are contemplated to arrange for such a system." The Dewan then announced that the Maharajah had decided to increase the number of representatives from the Assembly on the Mysore Legislative Council from two to four, and to nominate eight representatives from the Assembly to the Economic Conference. The Legislative Council consists of 15 to 18 members at present which number is now increased to 24, making eight elected representatives of the people instead of two. In concluding his address the Dewan alluded to the impending visit of the Viceroy and the return of the Yuvaraj from Europe.

POLICE SHIKAR CASE.

WEAVERS GIVE EVIDENCE OF IMPRESSMENT.

MULTAN, Oct. 11.

Nine witnesses were examined to-day by the commission of enquiry into the Kahror Begar case. Seven of the *Paolis* or weavers stated that the fight was due to the impressment of the villagers for shikar, that they were arrested for their refusal to go to the shoot, and that there was no burglary at Shunah's house.

The Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Kahror stated that he examined three weavers on the day following the occurrence, and they had marks of lathi blows on their bodies.

After another witness had been examined, who corroborated the evidence of the *Paolis*, the hearing was adjourned until Monday.

The case for the prosecution is expected to close on Tuesday.

CHINAMEN'S FEUD.

ENDS IN DEATH OF ONE BY AN AXE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 11.

A long standing feud between two Chinese carpenters living in Chinapara, resulted in one of them being hacked to death while asleep to-day. It is alleged that the accused, whose name is Ling Foo, crept into the deceased's, Ying Choo's, room and attacked him with an axe. The man died while he was being removed to the Medical College Hospital. The murderer is said to have taken poison immediately before committing the murder, in consequence of which statement he has been placed under observation at the hospital.

UNIFORM WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY IN BOMBAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

The committee which has been appointed to consider the question of feasibility of securing the use of uniform weights and measures in India will assemble at Bombay on Nov. 10 and thereafter tour to obtain the opinions of the Chambers of Commerce and leading merchants and others. The committee will submit its report in six months time, when the local Governments will be invited to give their opinions on it.

THE FLOODS IN CEYLON.

ENORMOUS DAMAGE UPCOUNTRY.

NO TRAINS RUNNING OUT OF COLOMBO.

A message, dated Colombo, Oct. 8, says.—The floods arrived in Colombo yesterday and considerable damage was caused in low lying parts. Outstation reports indicate thousands of villagers are homeless and the Government's estimate of the loss to Ratnapura is estimated at two lakhs. The floods have almost entirely subsided. Private relief funds are being organised.

A correspondent, writing from Colombo on Oct. 9, states:—

The situation in Colombo as a result of the floods is unprecedented. The water has spread to the popular residential quarters and streets; the main railway lines are completely flooded and the train service and mails have been entirely suspended, as the roads and rails are impassable within nine miles of the town.

A clerk was drowned on the golf links to-day.

Reports from out-stations continue to give particulars of wrecked villages and homeless natives.

At Aviawalla in the Kelani Valley the river rose fifty feet and the race-course pavilion, situated on high ground, was completely washed away.

Relief boats have been despatched from Colombo to outlying villages with rice and food-stuffs.

FEAR OF CAPITAL BEING CUT OFF BY RAIL.

The canal in South Colombo known as Layard's Folly has swollen as a result of the floods and the bridge over which the sea coast railway runs is threatened. Should this give way, Colombo will be entirely cut off by rail. Communication with the cooly segregation camp is cut off, coolies from India being temporarily accommodated in Colombo in the old Royal College.

A report from Ratnapura states that the hospital is under water. The patients were rescued by means of rafts.

The total drowning fatalities in Colombo number four, but many more lives have been lost in out-stations.

At present it is impossible to estimate the enormous damage.

No relief fund has been opened officially, but a member of the de Soysa family to-day sent Rs. 5,000 to the Government to relieve distress. It is understood that a large sum is still in hand from the relief fund raised in 1904, which money will now be used.

The following communication from the Secretary of the Colombo Municipality was issued on Oct. 6:—

"Exceptional floods from the Kelani Valley are anticipated from the rise of the river at Aviawella. Sadawatte and Urugodawatte bridges will be watched, and if any danger is anticipated they will be closed to traffic."

POSITION ON THE RAILWAYS.

The position which has been created on the railways was summarised by a Colombo paper on Oct. 6 as follows:—

Passengers from Colombo were only able to travel as far as Ambepussa (a distance of 34 1-2 miles) on the main line. This means that Polgahawela, Kandy, Nuwara Eliya, and all stations beyond are completely cut off.

On the Kelani Valley line Colombo passengers can only travel as far as Kosgama (a distance of 30 1-2 miles.) That is to say that Aviawella (6 miles further on) and Ratnapura (33 miles up the river from Kosgama) are both inaccessible.

Up-country travellers from Nanuoya for Colombo cannot get below Nawalapitiya, which is 53 miles further up the line than Ambepussa, the furthest point north Colombo trains can run.

Only three trains—the 7-45 a. m., the 2-15 p. m. and the 5-15 p. m.—were announced at Maradana to-day as running on the main line as far as Ambepussa and back. The usual number is ten.

The full ordinary main line service from Maradana is only being maintained as far as Ragama (9 miles from Colombo). The local services are being run as usual.

On the Yatiyantota branch line no trains at all were run yesterday and the prospects of a resumption of the service were not bright.

The night mail from Nanuoya to Colombo yesterday had tobe canceled owing to slips below Watawala and floods at Gampola.

On the Northern line the only obstruction reported is a small wash-away between Polgahawela and Potuhera. The passengers who came by the train leaving Jaffna at 7-8 yesterday morning were reported this morning as being still held up at Polgahawela Station.

On the Matale line trains are held up, because it is considered unsafe for them to cross the bridges.

Travellers who left Maradana by the 7-45 a. m. train are still held up at Rambukkana. They can neither get back to Polgahawela or on to Kandy.

The next day's report tells a different tale. Kegalla has sprung up to first place with 14·23 ins. from 1.03 ins.; Nawalapitiya has had an increase to 10.11 ins. and comes second; Kandy registered 5.10 ins.

IN THE KELANI VALLEY.

A message, dated Avisawella, Oct. 6 says:—The whole town is flooded and the District inundated, the flood being the biggest since 1857. Great distress prevails as houses have collapsed. There has been no train to Ratnapura or Yatiyantota. The morning train returned from Puwakpitiya as the line was under water. The road at the junction to Ratnapura is impassable and the Acting Governor has been wired to. Loss of life is also reported.

A message, dated Yatiyantota, Oct. 6, says:—Tremendous damage has been caused by the floods here. The 1904 flood level has been exceeded by 10 feet.

At the time of wiring the flood has abated 10 feet, but the river is still very fast. The Yatiyantota caddies have been destroyed, and Yatiyantota Station and goods shed are 10 feet under water, heavy damage being done to the Station and the line.

The P. W. D. lines have slipped into the river owing to a land slide, and approximately 25 coolies have been buried alive. The wire bridges at Ella, Pansiyatte, and Weregalla have been washed away. The Yatiyantota road bridge, although almost completely under water, has withstood the terrible pressure of the floods. This bridge is now a terrible sight, dead cattle and timber being wedged into the girder work like concrete.

ESCAPE FROM LANDSLIDE.

An exciting story of a ride from Kandy was told to a Colombo Press representative.

Mr. Heath was driving a car containing Mr. Brereton of Avisawella, and Mr. Barlow of Matale, and another friend, and they started to leave Kandy on Sunday evening about five o'clock for Colombo. They got as far as Peradeniya, and here found ten feet of water on the road, the station also being flooded. They returned to Kandy and made for Kurunegala, and had got about ten miles on the road when they were stuck by a big slip. The party had a most miraculous escape. They were motoring steadily along when suddenly a huge high bank came down just in front of the car. The slip buried four houses at the foot of the hill. Five men were buried beneath the mass, and tons of water which had evidently been held up at the top of the bank poured over. To give some idea of the force of the fall it has only to be mentioned that a bullock cart standing across a paddy-field some hundreds of yards away was caught by the rush of *debris* and smashed. The villagers who had escaped worked with a will and under half an hour the five men were extricated. Fortunately there was no loss of life, and only one of the men was at all seriously hur

DISASTER WORSE THAN FEARED.

Although news is now arriving from all parts of the island to the effect that the floods are rapidly subsiding, a message of the 7th instant states that the disaster is an even greater one than was feared.

Telegrams from Ratnapura and Pelmadulla state that Ratnapura has been completely wrecked by the heaviest floods within memory. Several deaths are reported and, according to one message, two or three hundred families are homeless. The villages surrounding Ratnapura, including Tiruwanaketiya, have been practically destroyed, and at the village named, seven bodies are said to have been recovered. Four children are reported as having been carried away by the floods on Sunday, and ten men who were out in canoes on Monday are missing. The District Court at Ratnapura is crammed with homeless people.

Other telegrams announce that very extensive damage has been done by the floods at Avisawella town and the surrounding villages, and lives are reported to have been lost and scores of families are said to be homeless. The Kelani Valley has been under water for three days, but the latest reports are to the effect that the floods are subsiding and that the weather is fine.

At Yatiyantota the flooding has also been most exceptional and much damage is said to have been done. Confirmation has been received from an Avisawella correspondent as to the burying of twenty-five coolies in that district, but no further word as to loss of life had been received from Yatiyantota itself up to the time of writing.

MR. YOUNG'S DEATH CONFIRMED.

The following telegram has been received from the Government Agent, Province of Sabragamuwa :—"Floods slowly subsiding; extensive damage to houses and property. Several lives lost, uncertain total number; certain five including Young, Superintendent, Mahawale estate, Cartigesar, Assistant Engineer, P. W. D., bodies not recovered; till floods subside impossible state full extent damage. If no further rain, floods ought subside to-morrow; much distress amongst poor town inhabitants. Am feeding homeless and destitute; request your approval and request arrangements be made. Despatch by earliest train 200 bushels rice, also authority if necessary spend Rs. 1,000 to relieve distress.

"Your telegram, Cartigesor fell off boat and was washed away by strong current between Residency and Church, Unable swim, body not yet recovered. Search being made. Flood subsided except in low lands which will take some days. Will wire further particulars later."

Conductor Alwis of Pujagada estate while crossing the Kaduwella-oya by an "othanda" (cocoanut stumps laid across a stream) fell into the stream and was washed away on Sunday evening. The body was found on Monday, 1½ miles down the stream.

FLOODS SUBSIDING.

Writing on Oct. 9 a correspondent states :—

The floods are now generally subsiding, and the situation regarding the outstations shows much improvement On the outskirts of Colombo much distress prevails, several villages being under water, and hundreds of villagers homeless. Other villages are packed with villagers whose homes have been destroyed. The Government are taking steps to deal with the distress. Direct communication with the Colombo Railway terminus has been cut off on the eastern side, and trains for up-country are starting seven miles out of the metropolis. The mails are now coming through.

PRINCESS'S LOVE TRAGEDY.

HOPELESS ATTACHMENT TO YOUNG OFFICER.

Another and even more pathetic story of the romance of the life and death of Princess Sophie of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach was related on Sept. 24 by the Berlin society weekly, "Der Roland." According to "Der Roland," the Princess Sophie was never infatuated by Hans von Bleichroeder, the banker's son, whom she described in her letters simply as "not a bad sort."

On the other hand, the last five years of her life were embittered by the tragedy of her love for Lieutenant Edler von Putlitz, whom she met at Rome and Nice when he had just returned from Africa in 1907. Both were deeply in love, but agreed that marrige was impossible ; so they separated. Shortly after the separation there was a rumour in the family circle of a secret engagement between the Princess and her cousin, the present Grand Duke, who had then just become a widower. "At this point," says "Der Roland," "began the tragedy of the problem of equal birth, combined with jealous misery lest h should see his adored approach the altar with another."

Lieutenant Von Putlitz, in misery, rejoined his regiment, and was sent at his own request as Attache to the Athens Embassy, where he died in April 1908, according to the official report, of appendicitis, which proved fatal in a few hours. "As a matter of fact," says "Der Roland," "there is no shadow of doubt that Von Putlitz died by his own hand."

The Lieutenant's coffin was followed by the Kaiser's sister, the present Queen of Greece, an attention which was long the subject of astonished conversation at the Embassies, but which showed not only that she highly honoured the young Attache but also knew and sympathised with his insurable passion The Queen herself has spoken sympathetically of this heartrending drama.

"Fate decreed," continues "Der Roland" "that almost immediately after the death of Von Putlitz the Princess Sophie was freed from her secret engagement to the Grand Duke, but alas ! freedom came too late." Five years later the Princess with her own hand, drew down the curtain upon the final scene of this human tragedy.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

GREEK KING AND FRANCE.

KAISER AND HIS DAUGHTER.

FRANCE AND SPAIN AS ALLIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

Paris, Sept. 25.

King Constantine has undoubtedly done his best in Paris to make up for speech at Berlin, and while his remarks undoubtedly still rankle, it is probable that before long they will be completly forgotton, in face of strong protestaions of friendship for the French people which he has made on behalf of the Greek nation and himself. The King and M. Pichon, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, had a prolonged conversation. While it is not probable that direct reference was made to the Berlin incident, yet is it likely that measures for the improvement of the relations between the two countries were discussed. Another feature of this exchange of international courtesies has been the conferring by President Poincare of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour upon M. Venezilos, the energetic Greek Premier. He has now returned to Eastbourne and the morning he left he rose very early, and after a long conversation with M Romanos, the Greek Minister, got into a motor car with a member of M. Poincare's household and was driven to the Gare du Nord. The King appeared in very good spirits, chatting with many members of the Greek colony and posing for the innumerable professional and amateur photographers who quickly gathered. As the train steamed out the King remained standing on the platform of the saloon carriage waving his adieux in response to the cheers of the Greek residents.

The "Temps" publishes a long interview with the King, but it contains nothing salient or new, and the French Press generally maintains an attitude of offended dignity, considering that, in spite of his emphatic expressions of sympathy with France, the King of the Hellenes has not yet in any way admitted that the Greek victories were not due, as he stated at Potsdam, to German strategy. The good feeling which France bears Greece, however, is in no danger of being affected by the royal indiscretion. The usual shower of decorations—Greek and French—marked the King's departure, amongst the recipients of the Order of the Saviour being the manager of the hotel where the King stayed.

FRANCE AND SPAIN AS ALLIES.

Since the conclusion of the Morocco agreement and the recent visit of King Alfonso, the idea of the desirability of an alliance between France and Spain has been steadily growing stronger. The "Gaulois" has obtained the opinions of leading politicians and deputies upon this subject, and without exception they are all in favour of an alliance. M. Ribot, the well-known authority on French foreign politics, says that such an alliance would be in the interest of both countries, not only from the point of view of the Mediterranean question, but also the Moorish problem. He adds that there is a broader and bigger interest which dominates all, and that is that France should remain great and powerful, for if she were conquered it would mean that Europe would have been decapitated. This standpoint is also taken by M. Charles Benoist, who says that in case of war between France and Germany, if Spain were to throw two or three army corps across the Pyrennean frontier, it might entirely alter the face of the war. M. Aoudier, Deputy of the Seine, writes : "When France and Spain march hand in hand the balance of power in Europe will secure a fresh guarantee. Everything tends for an alliance, and everything shows the necessity and the opportunity. It seems, therefore, that questions like those of the Customs tariffs, which alone still separate us, should be settled very quickly, considering the magnitude of the result to be obtained."

M. David, late Minister of Commerce, declares that there is no doubt that France will end, and probably soon, by concluding an alliance with Spain. King Alfonso himself started the pourparlers with the Quai d'Orsay six months before his last visit, and incontestably it is to French interest to have a friendly rather than a hostile or neutral nation behind her. The 'Petite Republique" sums up the whole position as follows : "As the date approaches of M Poincare's visit to Spain the Spanish Press multiplies its expressions of sympathy with France. The friction over the Morocco settlement has disappeared, and nothing remains of the transitory tension. More than this, we hear the first suggestions or a possible alliance between France and Spain. This doubless is rather quick work although by reason of the geographical position Spain is able to make very tempting proposal to France In the necessity of collaboration in Morocco, our mutual friendship with England, and the absence of all causes of rivalry in the Mediterranean, we have good reasons for an entente. It may further be strengthened by discussing, as proposed, the establishment of a commercial regime more favourable than the existing one to multiplicity of exchanges between the two countries. Finally, there is no reason for France refusing the financial collaboration so much desired."

Although the international consequences of such an alliance are only briefly and vaguely alluded to the enormous importance of pain entering into the group of the Triple Entente needs no demonstration, and it will be a brilliant personal triumph for King Alfonso, who long and persistently has pursued this idea, when this treaty, which is beginning to be looked upon as a sure and certain coming event, is signed.

KAISER AND HIS DAUGHTER.

If a statement which has appeard in the "Weser Zeitung" be correct a most remarkable family feud had been oppened in the Kaiser's own household. The "Weser Zeitung," which is one of the steidest and least sensational of all the German newspapers—and that saying a good deal—declares that the Kaiser's only daughter, Princess Victoria Louise, who married the Duke of Cumberland's son in May last, has become such an ardent partisan of the Guelph cause that the Emperor has become much concerned over the matter, and has decided to call a family conference in order to see what can be done. On the marriage of the Princess Victoria with the only surviving son of the Duke of Cumberland, the heir of the Guelph claims in Germany, it was concluded that the long-standing feud between the House of Hohenzollern and the descendants of the last King of Hanover had been healed, the Guelph claim to the throne of the one-time independent kingdom being finally abandoned. It will be remembered, too, that the bridegroom, in a letter in April to the Imperial Chancellor, stated that his father had handed over to him his rights in th government of the Duchy of Brunswick " in the expectation of the repeal of the Federal Council's decision of 1885 and 1907." The Kingdom of Hanover, the recovery of which for the Cumberland family was the aim of the Guelph party since its annexation by Prussia in 1866, was linked with Great Britain for over a hundred years —from the accession of George. I to the British throne till the death of William IV. As the Salic Law prevailed there on the accession of Queen Victoria in England the crown went to Ernest Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, the fifth son of George III. After a brief but stormy sway Hanover was lost to the Guelphs through the opposition of the blind King George V. to Prussia's schemes of aggrandisation. When the moment arrived for a decision to be made whether support should be given to Austria or Prussia, the two great protagonists in the battle and the hange that altered the face of the Germanic countries, the wrong side was chosen. Prussia asked Hanover to remain neutral during her war with Austria. King George refused. There was the briefest of struggles in June 1866, and the smoke of battle had hardly died away before the fiat had gone forth that Hanover no longer existed as a kingdom, but as a mere province of victorious Prussia. There has always, however, been a loyalist party working for the return of the Guelphs. The Kaiser persistently declined to recognise the claims of the Cumberland family to the Kingdom of Hanover, and also to the Dukedom of Brunswick, the succession to which fell to the family later. It was understood that the alliance of last May meant that the claim to Hanover finally disappeared and that the Brunswick succession would be settled favourably as a concession by the Emperor.

KING MANUEL'S BRIDE.

Rumours are abroad to the effect that illness of Queen Augustine Victoria, who was married to King Manuel just three weeks ago, and is now in a private hospital in Munich, is more serious than the doctors are willing to admit. An official bulletin which has been issued with regard to the young Queen's condition states that she is suffering from an attack of influenza of a passing nature. It adds that when the Queen's state of health permits she will be taken to Sigmaringen Castle, the home of her father Prince Wilhelm of Hohenzollern, for her convalescence. At present she is said to be free from fever. King Manuel, who feels his bride's illness very deeply, visits Her Majesty in hospital every day. The patient is under the care of Professor von Romberg. According to telegrams from Munich, however, there is a disposition there to regard Queen Augustine's illness as being a serious one and it is pointed out that the fact that she was taken to hospital should be evidence that she is suffering from a severe malady. Internal inflammation is spoken of in this connection. It is believed that the illness is due to complications following on a cold which the Queen caught whilst on an excursion in the Bavarian Alps.

BOMBS IN PORTUGAL.

Three persons with bombs in their possession have been arrested at Praia Maca, a summer resort near Chintra. It is believed that the men, who described themselves as Syndicalists, intended to blow up the house of Dr. Affonso Costa, the Premier. It appears that they had visited the town on different occasions in order to make themselves familiar with it. They arrived again at dusk yesterday, one of them carrying three bombs in a bag which was buried in the sand on the seashore. All the men then retired to a place of concealment, where they remained for several hours, as they suspected that they were being watched. They subsequently returned to Cintra on foot. On arriving there one of the men, seeing police officers approaching, drew a revolver, but three arrests were made. The captured men, who uttered wild threats, were conveyed to Lisbon where the injuries suffered by them in the struggle with the police were attended to at one of the hospitals. They were then put under lock and key. Two other arrests are said later to have been made.

MURDERED CONSTABLE.

CORONER'S INQUIRY AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Calcutta, Oct. 11.

Yesterday afternoon, Mr. Faulkner, the Officiating Coroner, and a jury held an inquiry regarding the death of Head Constable Haripada Deb, of the Calcutta Criminal Investigation Department, who was shot in College-square on the evening of September 29.

After formal evidence had been given, Major Foster, the officiating police-surgeon, stated that on examining the body of the deceased on September 30 he found three shot wounds. Two bullets were found buried deep in the body, while a third bullet, which must have been fired from the front, was found to have penetrated the front of the right arm, and passed out at the point of the shoulder blade. As regards the other wounds one was in the left breast and another was in the back. There were small abrasions at the back of the right elbow, the left lung, stomach, liver and left kidney were ruptured, and the sixth and eleventh ribs on the left side were fractured. By means of X-rays witness located two bullets which were recovered.

After the evidence of some other witnesses had been recorded, the jury returned a verdict that the deceased was shot dead by some person or persons unknown.

NEW GOVERNMENT COLLEGE IN BOMBAY.

A correspondent writes :—The Government College of Commerce will commence work on the 22nd October on the first floor of the Elphinstone College Buildings, Esplanade, Bombay, and will prepare candidates for the Bachelor of Commerce Degree, recently instituted by the University of Bombay at the instance of Mr. K. Subramani Aiyar. The hours of attendance will be from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and from 5 p. m. to 7 p.m. Every candidate for admission into this College must have passed the Previous Examination of the University of Bombay or the Intermediate Examination of any other Indian University or must produce a certificate from the Principal of an Arts College affiliated to the University of Bombay that he has satisfactorily carried out the work appointed by the University for the first two terms in Arts ; he must also produce a leaving certificate from the College last attended by him.

The first term will be from the 22nd October to the 22nd December, the second term from 1st February to the 30th April and the third and last term of the academic year from the 15th June to the 15th August. Students belonging to the first batch will be sent up for the Intermediate Examination in Commerce of the University of Bombay in the first week of September and for the Bachelor of Commerce Degree examination in September 1916. The number of days' attendance for keeping terms will be three-fourths of the days on which lectures are delivered during each term. They must pay a fee of Rs. 40 per term at the commencement of each of the three terms, making a total of Rs. 120 for the academic year. Students of this College are expected to serve as apprentices under auditors, or in Banks and Mercantile offices during their college vacations.

The subjects prescribed for the Intermediate Examination in Commerce are:—(1) English texts (one paper) and English Composition (one paper); (2) Political Economy (one paper), (3) Mercantile Law and Practice (two papers), and (4) Accountancy (one paper). Special marks will be assigned for good handwriting.

The text books prescribed for the examination of 1914 are :—(1.) Hamerton's Intellectual Life, (2.) Burke's speeches on conciliation with America and American Taxation (3) Charles Gide's Principles of Political Economy, (4) Pitman's Commercial Law by J. A. Slater, (5) Frederick Templeman's Marine Insurance and (6) Arthur Fieldhouse's Students' Book-keeping. The Compulsory subjects prescribed for the final examination are:—(1) English, (2) Economic History, (3) Economic Geography, (4) Banking Law and Practice and (5) Organization of Industry and Commerce. Candidates for the Degree must also pass one of the following three voluntary subjects:—(1) Exchanges, Investment and Currency, (2) Accountancy and Auditing (3) Actuarial Science with Relative Mathematics.

The College will be moved into a rented building in the Fort sometime next year. A permanent home for the College will be built at an early date out of the Funds collected by the Lord Sydenham Memorial Committee. Mr. K. Subramani Aiyar, B.A., L.T., F.S., A.A., Incorporated Accountant, London, and managing partner of Messrs. K. S. Aiyar and Co., Practising Auditors, Bombay, has been appointed honorary principal of this College, and will be in charge till the arrival of the permanent principal from England. He will be assisted by a competent staff of lecturers appointed by the Government of Bombay. Applications for admission to the College are to be addressed to Mr. K. Subramani Aiyar, Honorary Principal at 89, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SITUATION AT MUSCAT.

WILL NEW SULTAN NEGOTIATE ?

It will be interesting to note whether the death of the Sultan of Muscat will cause any immediate change in the position in Oman. The succession of his son Taimur has come as a matter of course, but his authority cannot be extended beyond the coast-line so long as the rebel Arabs hold the inland towns and oases. There is no army of any strength to operate against the rebels and they in their turn dare not venture to attack the town of Muscat while British gun-boats lie in the harbour and a detachment of Indian troops are encamped on shore. As was pointed out some days ago a position of stalemate has been reached, and a renewal of the fighting of August does not seem likely. Now that Sir Saiyid Faidal-bin-Turki has passed away the time may have come for negotiations between his successor and the Arab Chiefs, some settlement being arranged that will prevent any fresh rebellion. The good offices of the British Government might be employed in this connexion, though the attempt to give a religious colouring to the rising makes the situation somewhat difficult. The Imam who set himself up against the Sultan had initial successes that gave him an inflated idea of his own importance, and he would doubtless have captured Muscat if British protection had not been extended to the town. Now he must realise that the capital of Oman can never fall to him, and hence he may be inclined to negotiate. On one point, however, firmness must be shown in resisting his pretensions. There can be no renewal of the arms traffic. The inland Arabs may clamour for rifles and ammunition, and protest against their trade in this kind of "portable property" being interfered with; but the arrangement made between the British Government and the late Sultan must remain unequivocally in force. It will be better says "the Pioneer" even that Sultan Taimur should hold only Muscat and part of the coast-line than that he should yield on any matter relating to the arms traffic. It is impossible yet to say whether negotiations are possible. The next move of the rebels must be awaited before this point is cleared up.

It is feared that there must be a considerable failure of the kharif crop in Ajmer-Merwara owing to the failure of the rains, and arrangements are being made to open relief works if necessary early in the cold weather. There has been no rain at Ajmer since the 16th September, and the total fall of the monsoon season to date is 13 inches instead of the normal 19 1-2 inches.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

PORTUGUESE PLOT.

FIVE MEN TO TAKE A BOMB TO PREMIER'S HOUSE.

The following messages, which appear in the Australian papers are later than the mail:—

Lisbon, Sept. 27.

One of the five prisoners arrested on a charge of having plotted to assassinate Senhor Costa, the Premier states that a syndicalist group selected five men who were to take a bomb to Costa's house. When Costa appeared at a window he was to be shot immediately. The Minister for War was also to be assassinated and in the confusion that was bound to ensue armed groups were to initiate a general revolt.

MAIL STEAMER ROBBERY.

London, Sept. 27.

A telegram from Malta states that 23 packets, containing £1,800 were stolen last Sunday at Brindisi from the Indian and Australian mails on board an outward-bound steamer. The British postal authorities state that they have received no information concerning the alleged robbery.

TERRIBLE MOTOR ACCIDENT.

London, Sept. 27.

While the Marquis De La Czade (a Spaniard) was motoring with his wife and four other persons towards Bordeaux yesterday at a speed of 85 kilometres (nearly 53 miles) per hour, his car struck a big stone that had fallen from a waggon with the result that the car overturned and caught fire. The Marquis De La Roca (brother of the Marchioness De La Czade) was burned to death and the Marchioness was severely injured.

DIPLOMAT IN TROUBLE.

New York, Sept. 28.

Mr. Post Wheeler, Secretary to the American Embassy at Rome, has arrived to confer with Mr. W. J. Bryan (Secretary of State). It is understood that Mr. Wheeler has been accused of having abused his diplomatic privileges while he was in Rome.

THE MEXICAN REVOLT.

Mexico City, Sept. 28.

General Carranza, the rebel leader, has issued a proclamation in which he asserts that if Provisional President Huerta holds a Presidential election he will be treated as a traitor to his country. Carranza declares that his aim is to exterminate Huerta, thus allowing ex-President Diaz to be asked formally to return to Mexico to advise the country in the present crisis. Mr. Gamboa, the Catholic candidate for the Presidency, is campaigning vigorously, but the districts where rebellion is rampant are not affected Gamboa favours the return of Diaz, in the hope that he will secure his influence.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

It is stated that Dr. Morris Travers has severed his connection with the Indian Institute of Science and that his successor will be shortly announced.

Mr. Jackson of the Salvation Army Silk Farm, Basvangudi, has been awarded a gold medal by His Highness the Raja of Cochin for silk exhibited at the Exhibition.

The quinquennial report on Education in India, prepared by Mr. Sharp, Joint Secretary in Education Department, has now been practically completed.

Mr. Schoneman, Officiating Deputy Director General of Post Offices, has been selected for promotion to the vacancy in the grade of Postmasters General.

At a meeting of the Madras legislative council, to be held on November 11, two private bills will be introduced, namely, a Bill for the Registration of Medical Practitioners by the Hon. Dr. T. M. Nair and a Hindu Transfers and Bequests Bill by the Hon. Mr. Seshagiri Iyer.

A conference of heads of departments will be held at Ootacamund on Oct. 13. The proceedings of the conference will be private, but it is understood that the object of the meeting is to discuss questions relating to the revision of pay of the subordinate establishments in Government service.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Ghuznavi, who is going to tour in Arabia, Palestine, Syria, and Egypt with a view to getting first hand information with regard to condition of Mahomedan pilgrimages, will sail from Bombay on September 16 by the Khandwani Line Steamer S. S. "Kanzeler."

Information has reached Bandarawella, Ceylon, that a naval party consisting of about twenty men of H. M. S. *Pelorus* were engaged in levelling a new football ground at Diyatalawa, when unfortunately an earth slip occurred and Stoker Austin was buried in the *debris*. The remaining party dug up the earth as quickly as they could, but when the unfortunate man was found he was dead.

The military authorities will shortly have to ascertain whether the drought in parts of the United Provinces and the Central Provinces is likely to interfere with the march of troops moving in relief. The 2nd Lancers at Sagor and 11th at Delhi have to exchange stations, and their line of March will be through the country most affected by the failure of September rains. Their movement will apparently have to be regulated by reports of crops and fodder supply available.

We understand says the "*Civil and Military Gazette*," that early action will be taken on the lines indicated by the Lieutenant-Governor in his recent review of the Police Administration report in regard to the posting of additional magistrates where necessary. In addition, it is proposed that where additional judicial staff can be provided, action will be taken in the matter of dressentions of gross and obvious cases of perjury occurring in the courts.

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and will bring back the pink glow of health to pale cheeks.

Constitute sustaining and life-giving elements (Lecithin, the delicate grey substance of the brain and nerve centres) of special value to Professional and Literary men Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerks, Sportsmen, Athletes, Business men, and all engaged in mental occupations.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with a feeling of courage, strength, and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfull bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved the step and gait again elastic and determined the temper cheerful, the brain again active memory conscious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bottle of 40 Pills,
Rs. 5-8-0 V. P. Extra. 3 bottles.

SELECTIONS FROM UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

R. J. Mewend, Traffic Overseer, Madras harbour Trusts, writes that:—I have already tried Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and find them very efficacious. Please send three bottles more by V. P. P.

R. J. Macvicar, Shaw, Palladam, 12-7-11 writes that:—Those pills that I got from you have done me so much good, that a friend has asked me to get him a couple of bottles So please send me by V. P. Post 2 more Bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls

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NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

STATUES TO DANCERS.

Most Londoners know the gilded figure of Mme. Pavlova which waves a welcome to town in full view of Victoria Station. It surmounts the Victoria Palace Music Hall. But how many are aware that less than a mile away is an open air statue of Miss Maud Allan in a bower of green, and how many would know where to look for it?

MINISTERS' SALARIES.

There was a time when our own Foreign Secretary had to content himself with the salary of £2,500 a year, on which Mr. Bryan feels "unable to live." In his "Later Peeps at Parliament" Sir Henry Lucy comments on "the considerable variation which has taken place in the salaries paid to Cabinet Ministers during the past century. A hundred years ago the Foreign Secretary, Lord Grenville, received £5,500 a year, Dundas, the War Secretary, £2,000 and the Duke of Portland, Home Secretary, £6,000. Pitt drew £4,000 as First Lord; as Chancellor of the Exchequer £1,800, and as Warden of the Cinque Ports he had Walmer Castle and £3,000 a year to maintain it."

FAMOUS BULL-FIGHTER.

Bombeta, the most famous living bull-fighter, is about to retire from his profession, at the age of thirty-four. He began life as a compositor; and now he is so well-known that, when any stranger whose acquaintance he makes asks him for his address, he replies that "Bombita, Spain," will always find him. Among his other achievements, Bombita has organized the Spanish Trade Union of Amalgamated Bull-fighters; and he now, as is natural, talks of going into politics and looking after the bull-fighting interest in the Chamber of Deputies.

FIRST HARVEST FESTIVAL.

It is just seventy years since the institution of the Harvest Festival, the first service of the kind being generally conceded to have been that held by Archdeacon Denison in the church at East Brent, Somersetshire, in September, 1843. Though almost every church and chapel in the kingdom now celebrates the Harvest, the "Festival" has no form of service in the Prayer book. Convocation proposed to formulate such a service in 1862, but permission was refused by the Queen in Council.

A FORGER'S FAILURE.

In connection with the audacious bank-note forgeries in Peterhead Prison, one may recall the fact that the first forged note on the Bank of England was not presented for payment until that institution had been established more than sixty years. The offender was a man named Vaughan, Oxford graduate and ne'er-do-well, who became affianced to a young lady on condition that he could only marry her when he had accumulated £500. One day he showed her a roll of crisp new Bank of England notes. If genuine they would have been worth £240; as they were not, and Vaughan attempted to cash them, he was arrested, convicted, and hanged on the day that was to have seen him married.

AVIATION CROWDS.

So popular is the watching of aviation meetings that the crowd is now beginning to attract the undesirable attentions of quite a number of different kinds of blackguards. More than one dingy practitioner of the three-card-trick, betting in "sovereigns" with "perfect strangers," descended upon Hendon and, in addition, there were a good many complaints of hustling and so forth in some of the narrow paths and lanes within sight of the aerodrome. The crowds at any point which commanded a view of the start certainly were enormous, and the interminable procession between Golder's Green station and Hendon Church reminded one of Hammersmith on Boat-race days. The buses could have picked up twice the number of passengers they actually carried had there been sufficient vehicles for the purpose.

SERENDIPITY SHOP.

The most original shop in London—in Museum-street, Bloomsbury—has lately hung out a sign with the words "The Serendipity Shop. Serendipity," which is not to be found in the dictionary, is a word of Horace Walpole's coinage, and is explained in a letter to Horace Mann, dated from Arlington-street on January 28, 1754. Walpole says he invented the word after reading a fairy story called "The Three Princes of Serendip:—

They were always making discoveries, by accidental sagacity, of things which they were not in quest of.

Serendip, by the way, is the ancient name of Ceylon, the traditional home of Adam after the Fall, and the local habitation of many a fabulous adventure.

GREEK CROWN PRINCE.

The Crown Prince of Greece, who is seeing sights in London, has often been to England before as Prince George of Sparta under which name he attended the Coronation and stayed with Queen Alexandra during the greater part of 1911.

OFFICER OVERBOARD.

Commander Robert A. Rice, of the battle-ship "Hindustan," lies in Portland Naval Hospital suffering from serious injuries received while the ship was engaged in night firing practice off Portland. Commander Rice at the close of practice was leaning over the ship's side examining the target when he overbalanced and fell, rebounding from the target into the water. Although it was pitch dark, three seamen plunged in to rescue him, and succeeded in bringing him on board. The ship immediately returned to Portland, where the commander was taken to the hospital. He is now progressing favourably.

FATAL SIEGE OF PRISONER.

An orderly of the German 18th Dragoons, who was accused of robbing his master, escaped from military custody and took refuge in a house. Defending himself with a revolver, he mortally wounded two troopers, and then blew out his own brains.

BULL FALLS THROUGH A ROOF.

A bull was being taken along a road in one of the outlying villages of Grand Canary when it suddenly jumped over a fence and climed on to the flat roof of a house on the side of a hill. The roof gave way and the animal fell into a room where three persons at the bottom were having their midday meal. The people were much frightened, but escaped without harm.

PEGOUD IN ENGLAND.

EXTRAORDINARY FEATS AT BROOKLANDS.

The French airman Adolphe Pegoud duly repeated at Brooklands on Sept. 25 the astonishing feats in the shape of flying upside down which he has been performing in France. With sublime confidence and a consummate mastery over his machine, he described not only an S. in the air, but a spiral "vol plane", hanging head downwards, and a complete and almost vertical circle. So great an artist is the airman says the "Times" that these extraordinary performances, which he himself describes as "quite easy," gave the impression—a false one, of course—of being altogether free from danger.

Pegoud's machine is an ordinary Bleriot single-seater monoplane, and differs in no respect from that on which "Beaumont" flew in the Circuit of Great Britain, except that its "cabane" is a foot higher and six inches further forward, so that the upper stay-wires have less obliquity than usual, and its tail is the tail of a tandem machine with slightly increased span. It was taken down to Brooklands early in the morning, and Pegoud made a short flight on it before lunch in order to satisfy himself that it was in good order.

At 4 o'clock precisely Pegoud started amid cheers. He was wearing a white sweater, and his demeanour was, as usual, entirely reserved and calm. He began by climbing in a great circle from north to west, and then, turning east made a succession of sharp rolls to an angle of about 80 degrees either way, as one who endeavours to capsize a canoe. The wind aloft was evidently strong, for the machine made but slow progress against it, and drifted considerably when flying across it. After climbing further, until he was at a height of about 3,000ft., Pegoud suddenly descended in a steep spiral, continuing the dive until his machine was travelling on its back. For 22 seconds he proceeded in this fashion, dropping slightly all the while, and then quickly completed the S by another dive which brought him right side up again. At 4'25 he landed, as calm as ever, and was driven past the spectators amid a scene of great enthusiasm.

Curiously enough, it is a mistake to was a his flying through a glass. The smalinace and exclusiveness of the field, give nectiu of extraordinary slowness to his manoshi vres, and unless one is conscious of the ground at the same time, nothing looks more simple or more obvious than to fly upside down.

"LOOPING THE LOOP."

At 4-45 Pegoud was off again, this time to "loop the loop." He now climbed to about 4,500ft., and at 5-5, amid a great silence, dived until he was again inverted, and in this attitude performed a spiral "vol plane," concluding with an S as before. On this occasion he must have been hanging head downwards for nearly three-quarters of a minute. Resuming his flight, he climbed again for a few moments. Then the machine dived, carried on, stood up on its tail, carried on upside down, and dived again, completing the full circle. A quick descent brought Pegoud's performance to a close. Another scene of enthusiasm followed, while his compatriots kissed him.

Shortly afterwards Pegoud made a third ascent, but this time contented himself with twice strading his machine on its tail.

Apparently Pegoud turns off his petrol when he leaves the normal attitude, and trusts to his momentum and the force of gravity to maintain his flying speed. His control over his machine is marvellous, and the spectator quickly comes to share his confidence that nothing untoward will happen. He is prevented from falling out of his machine by broad leather braces fastened to the seat.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place quietly on Oct. 13 at the Parish Church, Plumtree, Notts, between Frank Grant Ballantyne, eldest son of the late R. M. Ballantyne and Mrs. Ballantyne, and Jeannie Hopkinson Montgomerie, daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. S. C. Montgomerie, Madras Staff Corps.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place in America, between Capt. C. T. Davis, 107th Pioneers, Indian Army, son of the late H. H. Davis, Indian Forest Dept., and Mrs. Goodrich Campbell, daughter of Rear-Admiral C. F. Goodrich, U. S. N. (retired), of Gladwyn Pomfret, Connecticut.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Robert Donald Thain Alexander, executive engineer, Government of India Public Works Department (State Railways), elder son of Thomas Alexander, Jamaica Constabulary, and Mrs. Alexander, Mandeville, Jamaica, and Lilian Margaret Beatrice, elder daughter of Archibald J. W. Storie and Mrs. Storie, Northcote, Pitfodels, Aberdeenshire.

A marriage has been arranged between Sidney Codrington Nation, the Devonshire Regt., son of the Rev. C. Codrington Nation, the Rectory, Barrowby, Grantham, and Ivy Oclanis, youngest daughter of Col. Barry Bishop, Douro Terrace, Jersey, late 3rd (Queen Alexandra's Own) Goorkhas.

A marriage has been arranged and will take place quietly on Oct. 16 at Hayes, between Mr. Gilbert Ernest Hubbard, his Majesty's Levant Consular Service, second son of the Rev. Cyril and Mrs. Hubbard, of New Lodge, Sussex, and Camposenca, Meadon, France, and Dorothy Wheatley, only daughter of Brig.-Gen. R. F. Johnson, C. B., C. M. G., and Mrs. Johnson, of Townfield, Hayes, Middlesex.

An engagement is announced between Lieut. R. D. B. Haddon, R. N., his Majesty's ship "Cumberland," eldest son of the late Mr. T. W. Haddon, M.A., and Mrs. Haddon, Hervey Road, Blackheath, Kent, and Constance Margery, youngest daughter of the late Col. Charles Hogge, C.B., Indian Army, and Mrs. Charles Hogge, Kidbrook Park Road, Blackheath, Kent.

An engagement is announced between Capt. John du Plessis Langrishe, Royal Army Medical Corps, son of Mr. Richard Langrishe, J.P., and Mrs. Langrishe, of Archerfield, Kilkenny, and Helen Dorothy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip George Collins, of The Park, Beckenham, Kent.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

PEARSON CONTRACTS IN COLOMBIA.

THE AMERICAN OBJECTIONS.

Curiosity is felt here, wrote the Washington correspondent of the *Times* on Sept. 22, over the terms of concessions which the Pearson interests are reported from London to have obtained in Colombia. According to one account, the concessions include the building of an important harbour on the Gulf of Darien and the enjoyment of certain rights in the harbour. Should there be anything in this story, it is deemed possible that the world will be treated to another proof of the determination of the United States to safeguard the zone of influence around the Panama Canal. It is remembered that the Lodge resolution adopted last year in the Senate was to the effect that the acquisition by a foreign company of a base of political or military value near the Canal would be considered an infraction of the Monroe Doctrine. Another reason why Washington might look askance at foreign exploitation on a large scale near Darien is the fact that the possibility of using the Atrato River in the construction of an interoceanic canal is still a moot point.

There can be no doubt that the views expressed in the above message, says the *Times*, raise questions of the most momentous interest, but, so far as the Pearson concessions are concerned, they are based on inaccurate information, and in any case premature. Neither from Colombia nor Ecuador have Messrs. Pearson and Son as yet actually secured any concessions at all, for in both cases the contracts have still to be ratified by the respective Congresses. Apart from this, however, there is no truth in the report that the contract with Colombia contains any such concession as that which seems to have excited the susceptibilities of Washington.

As regards the second point mentioned the general objection to any large concessions being granted to foreigners near Darien because of the possibility of an interoceanic canal being constructed along the line of the Atrato, there is no doubt that North American opinion is very sensitive on this matter, more especially owing to the refusal of Colombia to recognize the *fait accompli* in Panama, and to come to terms with the United States. Americans are determined to have the monopoly of interoceanic communication by way of the Isthmus, and are prepared to pay heavily for a lien on the only possible alternative route to that of Panama which is still outside the sphere of their control. Early this year Mr. Du Bois was sent on a special mission to Bogota, and on February 15, had a formal conference with Senor Urrutia, the Colombian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the course of which he urged him to accept the five proposals which he was empowered to make. These were:—

(1) The conclusion by Colombia of the tripartite treaties (recognizing the Republic of Panama, &c.).

(2) A payment of $10,000,000 to Colombia for an option to construct an interoceanic canal by way of the Atrato and for the privilege of establishing coaling stations on the islands of San Andres and Providencia.

(3) The good offices of the United States in arranging all the litigious questions pending between Colombia and Panama.

(4) Submission to arbitration of the claim of Colombia to reversionary rights over the Panama Railway.

(5) The concession to Colombia of extraordinary preferential rights in the Panama Canal.

The proposals were rejected, Senor Urrutia insisting on the principle of submitting all matters in dispute to The Hague Tribunal, to which Mr. Du Bois refused to agree. As to the second proposal, which is the one most immediately interesting, Senor Urrutia absolutely refused to listen to it, since its acceptance would involve an infraction of Colombian sovereignty.

The situation thus created is interesting. The Monroe doctrine is a protean principle which changes its character to suit the exigencies of the Government at Washington. The Lodge Resolution certainly gives it a strange and portentous colour. The treaty with Nicaragua was a covenant between two sovereign States, and if in this treaty it was stipulated that concessions were not to be granted to foreigners, there is nothing in this contrary to the recognized international code. It is otherwise with this new claim to set limits to the free initiative of sovereign States in their dealings with foreigners, and the *non possumus* attitude of Colombia is explicable by other motives than resentment for what it regards as the insulting wrong done to it ten years ago. The United States Government has not given up hope of impressing its views on Colombia, another special mission having been despatched to Bogota, a fact which may explain the sensitiveness of Washington in the matter of the Pearson concessions, though these have in reality, no political character whatever.

LADIES' CORNER.

FROCKS FOR CHILDREN.

Among the most practical and favoured materials for this season, says a London lady, are the ever-popular blue serge, which never loses its charm as the fabric most in use for everyday wear; shepherd's plaid, which is to have quite a vogue this autumn for suits for children; sponges, and ratine, and the variety of corded stuffs sometimes known as reps and Bedford cords. Another fabric which is to be much worn by children as well as by their elder sisters is cashmere de laine, a most delightful material found in beautiful rich shades.

FASHIONABLE FABRIC FOR SASHES.

Composed of cashmere de laine in becoming shade of Nattier blue, a typical frock will be enhanced with bands of Russian embroidery and completed by a sash of Nattier blue moire. This latter fabric is to have a vogue for children's waistbelts and sashes, as its bright surface lends just the needed rich tone for woollen materials. Frocks of blue serge are often enhanced by trimmings of soutache braid. A new fashion is to introduce pleatings of white cloth in front, as to stimulate either a blouse or a waistcoat beneath the frock. The touch of white is also shown in the belt of white moire, which gives the fashionable long-waisted effect that is now worn not merely by the child of ten, but also by her elders. Sometimes a note of colour is seen on popular blue serge. This usually takes the form of a waistcoat blouse of cerise cloth or sponge, banded by a belt of dark blue silk and made with little basque. Embroidery in red and blue silk on the collar and basque further carries out the scheme of colour and completes a charming suit.

WORLD WIDE LABOUR LAWS.

A Conference of Lawyers from all parts of the world is being held by invitation of the Spanish Government in Madrid this week. Various topics are being discussed, and among the papers of more general interest is one to be read on Thursday (October 2nd) by Mr. Scott Duckers of London on "International Labour Laws". In this he says that "among the most urgent and important subjects for international legislation are those labour laws, such as the regulation of female and child labour; the use of industrial poisons; accident, unemployment and health insurance, and the establishment of a minimum wage in sweated industries, which are called for in different countries at the present time."

Going on to emphasise the importance of international action he states that:—

While there is little practical inconvenience when civilised States have different laws for marriage, divorce, transfer of property and such like, there is a very real and pressing difficulty when industries in different countries are competing against one another and subject to entirely different systems of industrial law.

MANUFACTURER'S FEARS.

It is a common-place objection to industrial legislation that manufacturers will be subject to competition from countries where a laxer system is in force. Probably in many instances the cry is put forward more as an excuse than as a reason. But certainly the point must come when employers, subject to the various restrictions imposed by modern labour legislation, do find in reality that they are severely injured by competition from abroad. Theorists may say that higher wages mean increased efficiency; that improved labour conditions improve the whole community, and that the well-being of all its inhabitants is the duty of the State. The reply of the Capitalist is that whatever may be the ultimate advantage for someone else he only sees an immediate personal loss. The lower wages or lighter burdens on his competitors will make a serious difference to his trade. He will be exposed to such keen competition that unless he can find some less legislated area his capital will be lost and his business will fail.

LABOUR'S WORLD-WIDE DEMAND.

All over the civilised world there is now an agitation, stronger in some places, weaker in others, for the uplifting of industrial conditions to a very great degree. This international demand for labour regulations is a feature of our age. In every European country, except Turkey, the movement is at work. Throughout the United States of America there is the same straining towards regulation by labour laws, Canada remains in the background at present. Japan is just touched by the movement, while in Australia labour has embodied a large portion of its demands in the laws of the Commonwealth. The movement is so widespread that expedients and palliatives can serve only for a time. The only practical method is to embody the more reasonable and well supported aspirations in national laws suitable to the varying economic and social conditions of each country, but at the same time proceed on the uniform lines of a general international plan.

ALL NATIONS BOUND TOGETHER.

But, as in many international matters, there are deep seated difficulties in the way. One is the idea still lurking in the minds of many persons that bad industrial conditions in one country somehow re-act to the good of countries in competition—that any two nations may be imagined as in the respective scales of a balance, and that by depressing one country in one scale its competitor is elevated.

These views are responsible for many of the difficulties which crop up in international affairs and it may be that real progress can only be accomplished when there is a greater appreciation of the fact that all communities are bound up one with another; that like members of one body, persons in one country are intimately affected by the well being or ill-health of their neighbours in other States, that good trade, high wages and prosperity in one State, enable the population to become better customers of other countries. On the other hand, we need to remember how poverty, famine, financial panic or industrial unrest in one country will re-act disastrously throughout the world.

THE DRUG HABIT IN FRANCE.

DISCOVERIES IN A PARIS SUBURB.

For many months past the increase of the drug habit in Paris and in certain provincial cities has been the subject of alarmed comment. The frequent deaths due to overdoses of cocaine, ether, and opium have shown that the vice is no longer confined to the *habitues* of Montmartre, but has spread to student circles and even to the Navy. The suspicious death of a young woman named Pierrette Fleury in a villa at Vesinet, a suburb of Paris, has led to the discovery by the police of what appears to be a regular opium-smoking establishment run on the most luxurious lines and patronized by many well-known people. In the wardrobes of the villa a number of Oriental robes were found; the cushions of the divans with which the villa was chiefly furnished were impregnated with the odour of opium and were stained with the drug. Traces of opium were found everywhere. Pipes and several bottles of ether were discovered hidden in straw in the stables, but, as very little opium or cocaine was discovered, it is supposed that the occupants of the villa, fearing difficulties in obtaining the death certificate of Mlle. Fleury, who succumbed to an overdose of ether, destroyed the more incriminating evidence.

When the police raided the villa they found 12 persons on the premises, and as soon as the death of Mlle. Fleury became known her acquaintances called in large numbers at the villa. They were received by the police, and were subjected to a searching examination. Many very well-known members of Parisian society, several foreigners, an airman, and a number of wealthy young men are said to have been among the callers. Mlle. Fleury, who was a prominent figure in the "demi-monde," appears to have been an incurable drug-taker. She was addicted to cocaine, ate and smoked opium, and drank ether, her craving for which would seem to have been hereditary, as her mother, who was summoned to Vesinet by the news of the death, was picked up drunk with ether in the streets of the suburb before she had visited the house where her daughter lay dead.

Three of the women who occupied the villa will be presented for culpable homicide. They state that although opium was smoked in the house, the establishment was not a regular opium den.

SPOTS ON FACE ITCHING DREADFUL

Also on Hand. Some Blackheads. Others Opened Like Scurf. Could Not Sleep or Eat. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured in 3 Weeks.

33, Whitelock St., Off North St., Leeds, Eng.—"The spots began on my face and on my hands; some of the [illegible] heads and the others opened [illegible] and the itching was dreadful. I could not sleep and I could not eat, and I used to go mad with myself through this terrible itching. We had bought all kinds of things and nothing did me any good at all. At last my sister looking through the pattern book saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in, so she said, 'Now Sarah try it.' The first day I used it the itching stopped and then the spots came off gradually, and it took three weeks for curing, and I know my face is grand. I really cannot forget the treatment and I keep on buying it still, and I shall always use it. I recommend it to all my friends in Leeds." (Signed) Miss Sarah Cohen, Apr. 27, 1912.

TO REMOVE DANDRUFF

Prevent dry, thin and falling hair, remove crusts and scales, allay itching and irritation of the scalp, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional dressings with Cuticura Ointment, afford the speediest and most economical treatment. A single set is often sufficient. Although sold throughout India; a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on the care of the skin and hair, will be sent post-free on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or F. Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

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THE HAIR TONIC FOR THE ORIENT

KAMINIA OIL
Delicately perfumed oil for beautifying and increasing the growth of the hair.
To be rubbed well into the roots of the hair daily.
KAMINIA PERFUMERY Co
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Removes the Dandruff,
Increases the Growth,
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BURGOYNE'S ONE SOLUTION HAIR DYE (JET BLACK).

IS THE MOST POPULAR HAIR DYE ON THE MARKET, BECAUSE IT IS UNIFORMLY SUCCESSFUL AND

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THE FINE OLD WHISKY, CHOICE AND CHEAP.

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DR. LECLERC'S PILLS FOR LADIES
A Safe, Reliable and Certain Remedy for Irregularities, Delay and Functional Troubles. Ladies who once use them invariably keep a bottle in hand ready for emergencies. Refuse substitutes, no other remedy is just as good. Insist on having Dr LeClerc's Pills for Ladies & you will not be disappointed. The genuine have words "EUGENE LE CLERC" on Govt Stamp affixed to every package. Price 2/9 with full directions (Postage to Colonies 3d extra) from Dr Le Clerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. Sold by LENNON, LTD all branches in South Africa. BEWARE OF USELESS IMITATIONS.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration; muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startlings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or over-estimate, dissipation, excesses, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or over-strain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless

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Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. Nor sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wherresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, leprs, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, & straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption. improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking,

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."

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BRIEF AND PITHY.

LITTLE STORIES OF FATHER STANTON.

Some good stories of Father Stanton, of St. Albans, Holborn, are told in a memoir by Joseph Clayton, just published. Here are a few :—

A party of lads—very casual attendants at the Sunday class—meeting Stanton in Greville-street a few days before Easter said: "Father next Friday is Good Friday, give us a treat."

"I told them," said Stanton, "that on Good Friday we don't give treats, but that if they were to come to church we might think about a treat afterwards." The boys turned up at St. Alban's on Good Friday evening, and joined in singing "The Story of the Cross," only instead of singing "Oh! I will follow Thee . . . . unto the goal," they mistook the last word, and sang "unto the gaol."

"Well, at least they kept their word," said Stanton, "for they were all, every one of them, in prison before the year was out."

"One day, 'said Father Stanton' I was going through Bell Court, and I saw a bright little chap whistling. I did not know him from Adam, but he was whistling so gaily he made all the houses ring with his little whistle, and I felt quite jealous. So I said to him :"Sonny, I wish I could whistle like you." The boy answered : "So you could, g'v'nor, if you was to try." But I said : "No my boy, you are wrong there. At my time of life these lips could never form such a sibilant sound." Then the boy said : "Chuck it, old 'un—chuck it, yer ain't going to snuff it yet."

Said one of the officers of the church:—"Mr. Ogg, he's very 'igh, 'e is: a regular Ritualist, and almost a Roman Catholic. And Mr. Russell's Broad Church, and Father Maxwell's that Low Church. I call 'im a Protestant. As for Mr. Stanton, sometimes 'e's 'igh, and sometimes 'e's low. I don't reckon him Church at all by rights. He's just a Christian."

A PEARL STORY.

A friend of mine, writes a correspondent in the "Manchester Guardian," had her pearl necklace much admired at a dinner party. She admitted frankly that it was an imitation one. "I have made a special study of pearls," said her neighbour, "and I should have thought your necklace must have cost at least several thousand pounds." "I gave £20 for them the other day," said my friend.

A day or two after the clasp of the neck lace became loose, and she took it to the jeweller from whom it was bought. "Oh, *I am* glad to see you," said he. "I suppose you have come in answer to the advertisement? It was explained that by mistake a very valuable necklace had been given to her instead of the one she bought, and not knowing her name or address the jeweller had inserted an advertisement in all the papers asking her to return it.

A tray of valuable diamond brooches was placed before her with the request that she would accept one with the firm's compliments.

OUIMET.

Mr. Ouimet is so little known in this country that people are even puzzled as to the correct pronunciation of his name. Hence the "World of Golf's" pet rhymester offers these two alternatives :—

Said a Yankee to Edward Ray :
"Excuse me for asking, but say,
Will you and your pard on
This trip, Harry Vardon,
Be beaten ?" Ted answered, Ouimet."

* * * *

Said that Yankee next day : "Waal, I bet
You two got most uncommonly wet.
Did you meet a laddie
Who once was a caddie ?"
Ray and Vardon replied : "Yes, Ouimet."

"ENGLISH" ON THE CLYDE.

The best English is said to be spoken in Scotland—but not on the Clyde!

A Londoner just returned from Scotland sends a "Daily Chronicle" correspondent this example of Firth of Clyde language. "Poo-pa-poo: aw-ma noo, guar pa-poo." The strange sound are supposed to be uttered by a wee Macgreegor in a rowing boat with his parents ; and the interpretation is, "Pull, pa, pull; oh, ma, now, guar [make] pa pull."

The Chinese like exhortation is a good companion for "Flafleflarry"—which is sound Glasgow for "Fellow fell off a lorry."

MATINEE BENEFIT.

Mr. Lloyd George has been called many strange names in his time, but it was left to a man who appeared at Dale-street, few days ago (says the "Liverpool Daily Post"), to invent the quaintest description yet known for one of the Chancellor's schemes—the maternity benefit associated with the Insurance Act.

The man had a squabble with his wife over the domestic budget, and one of his cardinal grievances was that she had not confided in him the fact that she had received "Lloyd George's matinee benefit."

Possibly the small boy who was called upon to explain his absence from a Liverpool elementary school, not long ago, belonged to the same Malapropian household. His excuse was that he had been sent to summon the doctor to treat his father, who was in bed with "the ten Disciples."

WONDROUS HAPPENING.

Wondrous happenings are sometimes reported. For instance (according to the "Western Mail"), a Swansea paper says :—

A family who removed from Newport to Swansea a month ago left their feline pet behind them, much to the juveniles' grief. Last week the cat—was still at Newport.

RECENT WILLS.

Major-Gen. John William Henderson Cleland, Indian Staff Corps, formerly of Roke Manor and Tuckton House, Hants left estate of which £3,764, is net personalty

Major Alan Herbert Watlington Lowndes of Hatfield Regis Essex, Lord of the Manor of Fouchers Heron formerly of the Rifle Brigade, who saw service in Burma, on the North-West Frontier of India, and in the Boer war, left estate of the gross value of £40,202 of which £8,358 is net personalty.

Capt. Sir Cornelius Alfred Moloney, K.C.M.G. successively Governor of Lagos, British Honduras, the Windward Island and Trinidad and Tobago left unsettled estated of which the net personalty has been sworn at £2,409.

A BIG MAN ALWAYS LOOKS SMALL after he has been taken in to buy a substitute for SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC which has never been known to disappoint victims of Malaria and other fevers. One of its enthusiasts writes "It saved the lives of two patients seriously ill with Malarial Fever and had been given up by the Doctors as hopless cases." Of all Chemists.—MADON SONS and Co. Crawford Market, Bombay. Phone No. 706.

SCIENCE NOTES.

GLARING MOTOR LIGHTS DIMMED.

An ingenious glarere-ducer for headlights is an aluminium rack just behind the glass of the lamp. The plates are polished on the lower side and blackened on the upper, and are placed horizontally an eighth of an inch apart. At 400 or 500 feet away the light shining through appears undimmed, while on approaching it steadily diminishes, until it almost disappears at a few feet.

THAT REVOLVING SHIP AGAIN.

The revolving ship is one of those inventions which, although they are obviously impracticable, seem to have a fascination for the inventor which is rather difficult to explain. Several years ago there was built and tried in this country a boat of the revolving type which, if we remember rightly, reached a stage at which it was launched and an attempt was made unsuccessfully to propel it. According to a dispatch from London, a Paris inventor is now busy upon another of these craft, and judging from the meager descriptions available, the designer is following along the lines that were proved to be altogether impracticable fully a dozen years ago.

DEEP BORING.

A deep borring in Bermuda is furnishing interesting information concerning the geology of that island group. The boring was undertaken by the management of the Princess Hotel, Hamilton, in the vain hope of finding water "of volcanic origin," as as the present local supply is mainly rain water, caught from the roofs of houses and stored in cisterns, and is inadequate. A depth of over 1,400 feet has been reached. Samples of rock, etc., have been taken at various depths, and one set of these has been presented to the United States National Museum in Washington. Petrographic studies of the material are being made by Messrs. L. V. Pirsson and T. W. Vaughan, while Mr. J. A. Cushman is studying the foraminifera for a report on the paleontology.

A DUST WIND.

The Harmattan is a dry north to east wind that blows in winter on the upper Guinea coast in Africa. While it prevails the air is filled with fine dust. The characteristics of this wind are most easily explained on the supposition that it comes from the Sahara Desert, and is analogous to the "gibli" of Tripoli. However, the extensive burning of grass which goes on at the harmattan season might account for the remarkable dustiness of the wind. In order to help elucidate the origin of this wind, Capt. von Seemried, stationed in Togo, has recently collected specimens of harmattan dust with the aid of aspirators and filter-tubes. These were examined in Berlin and found to consist mainly of siliceous fragments of diatoms, indicating a desert origin. Vegetable ash was present, but evidently the burning grass merely intensifies the initial dustiness of the harmattan.

NATURAL HISTORY MANUALS FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Travellers with a taste for natural history who visit the Philippines will do well to equip themselves with some of the excellent manuals published by the Bureau of Science in Manila. These include "A Flora of Manila," which is practically a complete flora of the settled areas at low altitudes throughout the archipelago, containing descriptions of over 1,000 species, with artificial keys, selected native, Spanish and English names, and accounts of habitats, time of flowering, and range of all species considered ; "A Manual of Philippine Birds," containing descriptions of all known species of Philippine birds, with the usual keys for the benefit of the novice, native and English names, information as to range, and in many cases notes on nesting, migrations, and other habits ; also "A List of the Mammals of the Philippine Islands, exclusive of the Cetacea," and "A Check-list of Philippine Fishes."

HUMAN GEOGRAPHY AND INDUSTRY-PLANNING.

In a paper presented before the Birmingham meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, Mr. C. R. Enock maintained that the economic problems before the world at the present time call for the establishment and exercise of a comprehensive and constructive science, whose aim would be to evolve and teach the principles under which economic equilibrium in the life of communities may be attained. It was argued that the real science of living on the earth, or "human geography," the adaptation of natural resources and national potentialities to the life of the community, has never been formulated. The congestion of the population in towns, the desertion of the countryside, the high cost of living, low wages, unemployment, and so forth, are related phenomena, intimately connected with the conservation and development of natural resources. The axiom was advanced that the world is capable of supporting all its inhabitants in sufficiency, and its failure to do so is due to the non-emergence so far of an organizing science, whose deliberations would be aloof from egoistic or partisan influences. It was affirmed that the teaching and operations of such a science is necessary if social security is to be maintained and civil zation advanced; and it was suggested that to give effect thereto an institution should be established which would bear the same relation to the science of living as their correspon ing institutions do to physical, geographical, medical, and other sciences.

NEW SUN SPOT THEORY.

Prof. A. Orca, of the observatory of the University of Santa Clara, announces that he has discovered that the activity of the sun in phenomena known as sun spots is intimately related to the distance of comets. He says that during a period of 164 years to date there have been 238 comets (their returns included) that apparently have influenced the action of the sun, having their perihelia coincidentally with the minima of spot frequency.

A NEW COLOUR PHOTOGRAPHY.

For coloured photographic positives, Vancamps, of Paris, first makes a negative under a violet, a green, and an orange screen in turn. These three superposable negatives are in black and white, but a print with each is made on the inventor's new coloured gelatine paper—the negative from the violet being used with a yellow sheet, that from green with red, and that from orange with blue. Washing removes the colour not fixed by light, each positive has its one colour rightly distributed, and the three—thin and transparent—blend into a painting-like view on being superposed.

Health-giving Food for Persons Recovering from Malaria

Trade 'KEPLER' Mark
COD LIVER OIL WITH MALT EXTRACT
Increases Weight and Strength
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FINEST HIGHLAND MALT
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SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE : One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark :
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
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CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co. Sole Agents for Madras.—PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
DUNCOMYN & Co., Agents in Pondicherry.

"LUTON" HAT DYE

With a single bottle of "Luton" Hat Dye you may renovate your old straw hat and make it equal to new. Pump in all colours that will dry at once WITHOUT GLOSS OR POLISH. WILL RESIST RAIN, and gives all the effects of new goods, dyeing the straw without an objectionable varnished appearance. One of the most useful inventions of the day.
OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.
Owing to spurious imitations, be sure you ask for and see the name.
Manufacturers :—
WHITAKER & CO.,
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THE NEWEST IDEAS IN LIFE INSURANCE ARE EMBODIED IN THE PLANS OF THE NORWICH UNION MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE.
APPLY AT ONCE
For the New Prospectus of this Office which is the Most Replete Issue before the Insuring Public and contains the Newest and Most Popular Schemes of Insurance.
8 OPTION POLICIES HALF PREMIUM WHOLE LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES.
OLD AGE PENSIONS DEFERRED INSURANCE FOR CHILDREN
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STRONG RESERVES .... LARGE BONUSES .... LIBERAL CONDITIONS.
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EXTRACT FROM THE REVIEW :—
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Let us know and we will send you a few ideas as to how you can best invest it with
ABSOLUTE SECURITY
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FIVE CROWN PORT
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BUILD UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK, REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited ; PHILLIPS & Co.; KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

A Natural Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil spirits exist still. We call them "Disease Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches and pains, is the result.

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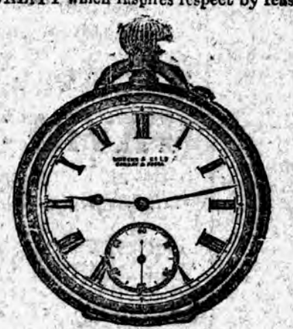

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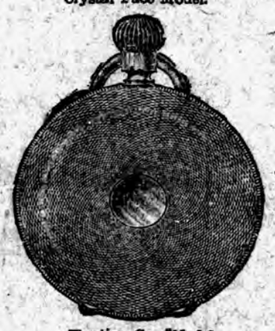

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